IMP_PRO_0033

PUBLIC



Market Manual 7: System Operations Part 7.2: Near-Term Assessments and Reports

Issue 41.0

This procedure describes the process by which the IESO undertakes short-term weekly and daily forecasts and assessments of expected system conditions on the IESO-controlled grid.

Disclaimer

The posting of documents on this website is done for the convenience of *market participants* and other interested visitors to the *IESO* website. Please be advised that, while the *IESO* attempts to have all posted documents conform to the original, changes can result from the original, including changes resulting from the programs used to format the documents for posting on the website as well as from the programs used by the viewer to download and read the documents. The *IESO* makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, that the documents on this website are exact reproductions of the original documents listed. In addition, the documents and information posted on this website are subject to change. The *IESO* may revise, withdraw or make final these materials at any time at its sole discretion without further notice. It is solely your responsibility to ensure that you are using up-to-date documents and information.

This *market manual* may contain a summary of a particular *market rule*. Where provided, the summary has been used because of the length of the *market rule* itself. The reader should be aware, however, that where a *market rule* is applicable, the obligation that needs to be met is as stated in the "Market Rules". To the extent of any discrepancy or inconsistency between the provisions of a particular *market rule* and the summary, the provision of the *market rule* shall govern.

Document ID	IMP_PRO_0033
Document Name	Part 7.2: Near-Term Assessments and Reports
Issue	Issue 41.0
Reason for Issue	Issue released for Baseline 39.1
Effective Date	June 6, 2018

Document Change History

Issue	Reason for Issue	Date	
For history pric	For history prior to 2011, refer to versions 26.0 and prior.		
For history pric	For history prior from 2012 through 2014, refer to versions 38.0 and prior.		
33.0	Issue released for Baseline 33.0	March 4, 2015	
34.0	Issue released for Baseline 34.0	September 9, 2015	
35.0	Issue released for Baseline 34.1	December 2, 2015	
36.0	Issue released for Baseline 35.0	March 2, 2016	
37.0	Issue released in advance of Baseline 36.0	June 21, 2016	
38.0	Issue released for Baseline 36.0	September 14, 2016	
39.0	Issue released for Baseline 37.1	June 7, 2017	
40.0	Issue released for Baseline 39.0	March 7, 2018	
41.0	Issue released for Baseline 39.1	June 6, 2018	

Related Documents

Document ID	Document Title
N/A	

Table of Contents

Tak	ole of	Contentsi
List	t of Fi	guresiii
List	t of Ta	ablesiii
Tak	ole of	Changesiv
Ma	rket N	<i>l</i> anuals1
1.	Intro 1.1 1.2	Deduction 2 Purpose 2 Roles and Responsibilities 2
	1.3	Contact Information 3
2.	Adeq 2.1	Juacy and Transmission Limits Reports4Market Participant Requirements to Submit Data42.1.1Data Submission Instructions4
	2.2	Producing and Publishing the Adequacy Report for Days 0 and 1 5
	2.3 2.4	Producing and Publishing the Adequacy Report for Days 2 to 34 5 Producing and Publishing the Ontario Zonal Demand Forecast Report
	2.5	Producing and Publishing the Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report
	2.6	Producing and Publishing the Transmission Facility Outage Limits Reports
3.	Advis	sory Notices7
4.	Surp	lus Baseload Generation8
	4.1	Baseload Generation
	4.2	SBG Reports
	4.3	Minimum Generation Alerts and Events9
	4.4	IESO Control Actions (Nuclear Manoeuvres Forecasted or Occurring)
5.	Cont	rol Action Operating Reserve13
	5.1	Derating CAOR

Appendix A: Report Screens 1	5
Appendix B: Method to Prepare Ontario Demand Forecast 1	9
Appendix C: Method to Assess Generation and Transmission Adequacy 2	20
Appendix D: Definitions of Terms in Adequacy Reports 2	22
Appendix E: Transmission Interfaces	28
Appendix F: Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements	35
References 3	38

List of Figures

Figure A-1: Adequacy Report	16
Figure A-2: Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report	17
Figure A-3: Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report	18

List of Tables

Table 1-1: Minimum Generation Status	10
Table E-1: Operating Security Limits	28
Table F-1: Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements	35



Table of Changes

Reference (Section)	Description of Change
Appendix D.1	Revised the description of Estimated Imports to reflect the use of extreme weather scenarios when assessing outage requests more than 10 days in the future.

Market Manuals

The *Market Manuals* consolidate the market procedures and associated forms, standards, and policies that define certain elements relating to the *operation* of the *IESO-administered markets*. Market procedures provide more detailed descriptions of the requirements for various activities than is specified in the "Market Rules". Where there is a discrepancy between the requirements in a document within a *market manual* and the *market rules*, the *Market Rules* shall prevail. Standards and policies appended to, or referenced in, these procedures provide a supporting framework.

The "System Operations Manual" is Series 7 of the *market manuals*, where this document forms "Part 7.2: Near-Term Assessments and Reports".

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The *market rules* describe long-term (18-month) forecasts and assessments as well as near-term (up to 34 days out) forecasts and assessments (C. 5, S.7.11 of the *market rules*). The *market rules* also require us to produce advisory notices, as required, to notify *market participants* of any additional information pertaining to market and system conditions.

We inform *market participants* of expected conditions on the *IESO-controlled grid* and in the *IESO-administered markets* in the near-term through a number of reports and advisories:

- Adequacy Reports for the period that is 0-34¹ days out,
- Ontario Zonal *Demand* Forecast Report for the period that is 0-34 days out,
- Transmission Facility Limits Reports for the period that is 0-34 days out,
- Advisory notices, published as required, and
- Surplus Baseload Generation (SBG) report for the period that is 1-10 days out.

This manual describes how we prepare and *publish* these reports.

The procedures for preparing and publishing the long-term forecasts and assessments are described in "Market Manual 2: Market Administration"².

1.2 Roles and Responsibilities

Responsibility for performing near-term *security* and *adequacy* assessments and publishing reports and advisories is shared among:

- All *market participants*, who are responsible for providing the *outage* information described in "Part 7.3: Outage Management",
- *Market participants* operating *energy*-limited resources, who are responsible to provide pre-schedule information of the daily *energy* availability of their *energy*-limited resources for the *Adequacy* Report, and to update this data for any material change,
- **Transmitters**, who are responsible for providing transmission rating change information as it occurs,
- Self-scheduling, Intermittent and Transitional Scheduling Generators, who are responsible for providing generation schedule information to the IESO as dispatch data,

¹ The current day is referred to as day 0.

² The relevant parts of "Market Manual 2: Market Administration" are:

^{• &}quot;Part 2.8: Reliability Assessments Information Requirements,", and

^{• &}quot;Part 2.11: 18-Month Outlook and Related Information Requirements".

- *Market participants,* who are responsible for submitting requests for *segregated mode of operation*, as described in <u>Market Manual 7.3: Outage Management</u>.
- The *IESO*, who is responsible for:
 - o Preparing the *demand* forecast,
 - Preparing the variable generation forecast,
 - Calculating the operating security limits for the IESO-controlled grid,
 - Performing the *security* and *adequacy* assessments for each hour and each day, as appropriate,
 - Publishing the Adequacy Report, the Ontario Zonal Demand Forecast Report, the Transmission Facility All-in-Service Limits Report, the Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report and the SBG Forecast Report, and
 - Notifying *market participants*, through advisory notices, of additional information not addressed through the *security* and *adequacy* assessments.

All published reports and advisory notices are available on the IESO website.

1.3 Contact Information

Changes to this *market manual* are managed via the <u>IESO Change Management process</u>. Stakeholders are encouraged to participate in the evolution of this *market manual* via this process.

To contact the *IESO*, you can email *IESO* Customer Relations at <u>customer.relations@ieso.ca</u> or use telephone or mail. Telephone numbers and the mailing address can be found on the IESO website (<u>http://www.ieso.ca/corporate-ieso/contact</u>). Customer Relations staff will respond as soon as possible.

2. Adequacy and Transmission Limits Reports

We regularly produce four near-term reports relating to the *security* and *adequacy* of the *IESO-controlled grid*:

- Adequacy Report
- Ontario Zonal Demand Forecast Report
- Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report
- Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report

The Adequacy Report covers days 0-34 and has hourly granularity. Reports published on day 0, as well as all reports published on day 1 after successful completion of the day-ahead commitment process, will include aggregated values of the capacity offered and *bid* by *market participants* for the *dispatch day* and the aggregated *pre-dispatch schedules*. Each day, we *publish* an Adequacy Report that includes a new day 34.

The Ontario Zonal *Demand* Forecast Report covers days 0-34 and has hourly granularity. The report is published daily and provides additional information on the *demand* forecast for the East and West systems.

The Transmission *Facility* All in Service Limits Report is published daily and provides *market participants* with information on available transfer capabilities under all-in-service conditions.

The Transmission *Facility Outage* Limits Report covers days 0-34 and provides *market participants* with information on available transfer capabilities under *outage* conditions.

2.1 Market Participant Requirements to Submit Data

We need inputs from you to produce the daily assessments (C. 5, S.7.1.5 of the *market rules*). Each Tuesday by 17:00 EST, *market participants* that operate *energy*-limited *generators* are required to provide us with a pre-schedule of these resources for the period beginning the following day and going out 34 days. The pre-schedule defines the total hourly and daily *energy* content of all aggregated *energy*-limited resources. You need to update the *energy*-limited resource pre-schedule for any changes to the information previously provided.

2.1.1 Data Submission Instructions

All *market participants* who operate *energy*-limited generation resources submit, via Online *IESO*:

- A forecast of the daily aggregated *energy* production of all resources for the days of week 4 (i.e., days 28 to 34), and
- An updated forecast of the daily aggregated *energy* production for all other days of the period.

2.2 Producing and Publishing the Adequacy Report for Days 0 and 1

Each day, we prepare and *publish Adequacy* Reports for the current day and the following day, with the following schedule (C. 7, S. 12.1. 1 of the *market rules*):

- Two times per hour, for the current day,
- By 05:30 EST, for tomorrow,
- By 09:00 EST, for tomorrow,
- After each successful run of the day-ahead commitment process, for tomorrow,
- Hourly after 15:00 EST, for tomorrow.

These reports are updated to provide *market participants* with any new information since the previous scheduled publication. This may include changes in *demand*, *generation capacity* and *variable generation* forecast.

2.3 Producing and Publishing the Adequacy Report for Days 2 to 34

Each day by 17:00 EST, we prepare and *publish Adequacy* Reports for 2 to 34 days beyond the current day (C. 5, S.7.1.1.2 of the *market rules*). Reports are published at approximately 09:00 and 15:30 EST, for each day in the assessment period.

These reports are updated to provide *market participants* with any new information since the previous scheduled publication. This may include changes in *demand*, *generation capacity* and *variable generation* forecast.

2.4 Producing and Publishing the Ontario Zonal Demand Forecast Report

Each day by 17:00 EST, we prepare and *publish* the Ontario Zonal *Demand* Forecast Report that spans the period from the current day to 34 days out. The report provides the Ontario total *demand* forecast, as well as the *demand* forecast for the East and West systems, with hourly granularity.

2.5 Producing and Publishing the Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report

Each day by 17:00 EST, we prepare and *publish* a Transmission *Facility* All in Service Limits Report to provide *market participants* with information on available transfer capabilities on major interfaces, assuming all critical elements are in service.

2.6 Producing and Publishing the Transmission Facility Outage Limits Reports

Each day, we prepare and *publish* Transmission *Facility Outage* Limits Reports to provide *market participants* with information on available transfer capabilities for internal interfaces and interties³, considering anticipated *outage* conditions.

Separate reports are published twice per hour for the day 0 to 2 period and twice per day for the day 3 to 34 period.

The publication of these reports will provide *market participants* with updates on available transfer capability since the previous scheduled publication.

³ The list of internal interfaces and interties is given in Appendix E.

3. Advisory Notices

Advisory notices allow us to present information to *market participants* that is not addressed through the *Adequacy* Report and the Transmission Limits Reports. Publication of advisory notices is exception-based, since advisory notices are intended to provide information on events that are not captured through the regularly scheduled publication of the reports noted above. For example, if we need to identify that an external jurisdiction has made a *reliability* declaration calling upon Ontario capacity for firm *energy* exports, this will be communicated via an advisory notice.

Changes in expected load, *generation* or *transmission capacity* will normally be captured through the regularly scheduled publications of the *Adequacy* Report and the Transmission *Facility Outage* Limits Report. A Major Change Advisory will be published in the event of any change that the *IESO* deems significant, for example during adverse system events causing loss of a substation or an entire interface.

Four types of advisory notices may be published (C. 7, S. 12.1.3 of the market rules):

- A **Major Change Advisory** if a major change in expected load, *generation*, or *transmission capacity* has occurred.
- A **System Advisory** if we expect over-generation, under-generation, or shortfalls in *operating reserve* or *contracted ancillary services*. The System Advisory includes the actions we intend to take if the market does not or cannot respond sufficiently to eliminate the problem.
- A **System** *Emergency* **Advisory** if we expect an *emergency operating state*, or a *high risk operating state*.⁴ Any such System *Emergency* Advisory includes the actions we intend to take if the market does not or cannot respond sufficiently to eliminate the problem.
- A Market Suspension Advisory or Market Resumption Notice if we are suspending or resuming *operation* of all or part of the *IESO-administered markets*.

Advisory notices are categorized as Normal and Emergency:

• A 'Normal' advisory notice is one that has been *published* with a System Advisory or Major Change Advisory.

An 'Emergency' advisory notice is one that has been *published* with a System Emergency Advisory (excluding advisories for a *high risk operating state*), a Market Suspension / Resumption Advisory, or any message to *market participants* requiring their immediate action.

⁴ High risk conditions that occur frequently as a result of weather conditions are reported through the Transmission *Facility Outage* Limits Report.

4. Surplus Baseload Generation

Surplus Baseload Generation (SBG) is a condition that occurs when baseload generation is expected to exceed Ontario *demand*. During SBG, the system is balanced via market mechanisms which may include *intertie* scheduling, dispatching hydroelectric generation, dispatching *variable generation*, and nuclear manoeuvring or shutdown. During SBG periods we expect that most, if not all, of Ontario's generation will be supplied by non-carbon sources.

4.1 Baseload Generation

Baseload generation is typically considered to be⁵ the sum of the expected generation of all available:

- Nuclear generators,
- Must-run hydroelectric generation,
- Self-scheduling generation facilities (including commissioning units),
- Intermittent generators,
- Variable generators (including wind and solar generators), and
- Other *generators* that typically *offer* their generation at a value lower than the highest offer for nuclear generation.

4.2 SBG Reports

The purpose of the SBG Report is to identify those times when the output of Ontario's baseload *generators* is expected to be greater than the forecast Ontario *demand*. This will allow *market participants* to assess the potential impact of SBG on their facilities.

Each day, we *publish* an SBG report on the *IESO* public website:

- The report spans the period from tomorrow to 10 days out.
- We calculate SBG by subtracting the forecast Ontario *demand* from the forecast baseload generation. Exports are not factored in the calculation.
- Our SBG reports will include the amount of exports we reasonably estimate will be scheduled during the highest SBG period for the day.
- We expect to *publish* this report each day by 17:00 EST.
- We use the forecast Ontario *demand* based upon forecast weather and the embedded *variable generation* forecast for facilities ≥ 5 MW.
- We use the centralized *variable generation* forecast for Ontario's *variable generators* for days 1 to 7.

⁵ Depending on the timeframe of assessment, there may be slightly different definitions of baseload generation. This definition is used in the operational timeframe.

• We will issue Minimum Generation Alerts as per the conditions set out in section 4.3: Minimum Generation Alerts and Events.

4.3 Minimum Generation Alerts and Events

Some Ontario nuclear *generators* have the ability to reduce their output. Typically, this is accomplished by having some steam bypass the turbine, reducing the electrical output of the *generator* while keeping reactor power constant. However, due to the characteristics of nuclear station design and operation, the reduction often must be accomplished in a single block, and held at that level for some amount of time before being reloaded in a single block.

Given the unique operating characteristics of nuclear generation, we provide advance notice where possible of potential reductions of the output of nuclear *generators* for surplus baseload management – both for the benefit of the nuclear *facility* operators and for other *market participants*.

We will *publish* advisory notices with Minimum Generation Alerts under the following conditions:

- If we forecast a nuclear manoeuvre of at least 50 MW for 4 or more contiguous hours for a day that is 3-4 days out, we will *publish* an advisory notice with a Minimum Generation Alert for each impacted day. The alert will identify the potential for a nuclear manoeuvre and will include a forecast of expected export quantities during the SBG event. We may issue advisory notices further out than 3-4 days for holiday weekends or as necessary.
- If we forecast a nuclear manoeuvre of at least 50 MW for 2 or more contiguous hours for a day that is 1-2 days out, we will *publish* an advisory notice with a Minimum Generation Alert for each impacted day.
- If *pre-dispatch* shows a nuclear maneuver of 50 MW or more, we will *publish* an advisory notice indicating a Minimum Generation Alert⁶.
- In real-time, if a nuclear manoeuvre is imminent or in progress, we will *publish* an advisory notice indicating a Minimum Generation Event.

Triggers that may exacerbate or lessen forecast SBG events include:

- Load is different (lighter or heavier) than forecast,
- *Forced outages* with forced or urgent Priority Code of dispatched generation or transmission facilities,
- Short notice changes of hourly export transactions (increase or decrease), and/or
- Intermittent generators, self-scheduling generation facilities and variable generators producing more or less than anticipated.

We will cancel a Minimum Generation Alert if conditions change such that we no longer expect nuclear manoeuvres. Table 1-1 provides a summary of the Minimum Generation conditions.

⁶ After the Day-Ahead Commitment Process completes, we will assess *pre-dispatch* results on an hourly basis. If we determine, with reasonable certainty, that a baseload generation manoeuvre exceeding 50 MW is likely for a future hour, we will issue a Minimum Generation Alert.

Timeframe	Forecast Condition	Minimum Generation Status
3-4 days out	A nuclear manoeuvre of at least 50 MW is forecasted for four or more contiguous hours.	
1-2 days out	A nuclear manoeuvre of at least 50 MW is forecasted for two or more contiguous hours.	Alert
Pre-dispatch	<i>Pre-dispatch</i> shows a nuclear manoeuvre of 50 MW or more.	
Real-Time	A nuclear generation manoeuvre is imminent or in progress	Event

4.4 IESO Control Actions (Nuclear Manoeuvres Forecasted or Occurring)

If the *IESO* determines during *pre-dispatch* that we are forecasting a nuclear manoeuvre in future hours, or if a nuclear manoeuvre is imminent in real-time operations, we will ensure the nuclear reductions are managed in a manner that respects the characteristics of the nuclear *generation facility* while simultaneously satisfying our requirement to balance the power system.

The following actions are executed in the *pre-dispatch* timeframe:

If	Then
The Control Room Operator (CRO) determines that the use of average <i>demand</i> forecasting will mitigate nuclear generation manoeuvres	We will use the average <i>demand</i> forecast instead of the peak demand forecast for any or all of the IESO Ramp Hours ⁷ .
The two hour out <i>pre-dispatch</i> identifies nuclear units are being dispatched down by more than 50 MW	We may issue an advisory notice opening the mandatory window for <i>bids</i> and <i>offers</i> . We may expand the Net Interchange Scheduling Limit (NISL) to 1000 MW and issue an advisory notice indicating the NISL expansion. Note: We will only take these actions if they are likely to provide assistance in managing the SBG event.

⁷ IESO Ramp Hours are defined as any hour in which the peak demand forecast exceeds the average demand forecast by at least 300 MW.

If	Then
One hour out, the <i>pre-dispatch</i> <i>schedule</i> identifies nuclear units are being dispatched down by more than 50 MW	We will curtail import transactions (including inadvertent payback) equal to the total MW reduction amount. Imports that are cut for this purpose will be tagged with ADQh. ⁸ Note: All imports will be cut economically on a reasonable effort
	basis.
• The <i>dispatch</i> of a nuclear unit is not for the full amount of its	We may manually adjust its schedule, requiring other <i>generators</i> (including variable) to respond in its place.
manoeuverable capability, orThe nuclear unit cannot operationally respond to the	Note: The manual adjustment may be to maintain the nuclear unit at its current output or to over- <i>dispatch</i> the nuclear unit for the full amount of its maneuverable capability.
instruction	Manual adjustments to <i>generator</i> schedules are for the hour-at- hand and the next hour only. If adjustments were to extend further into the future, it is likely that <i>pre-dispatch</i> would schedule actions interfering with our management of the SBG event. For example, a constrained-off nuclear unit may result in pre-dispatch scheduling fewer export transactions in future hours.
	<i>Response</i> from other <i>generators</i> will result from (?) an automatic <i>dispatch</i> from the Dispatch Scheduling and Optimization (DSO) tool.
Prior to the last run of <i>pre-dispatch</i> for the <i>dispatch</i> hour, the <i>pre-</i> <i>dispatch schedule</i> indicates that	Approximately two hours before the dispatch hour, we will curtail linked wheel-through transactions to satisfy the total MW reduction amount required to avoid nuclear unit shutdown.
nuclear units are being shut down	Note: We will issue an advisory notice stating that the IESO may curtail transactions for reliability during HEXX - HEXX.
	Note: Such curtailments are tagged TLRe. All linked wheel- through transaction curtailments will be made pro-rata on a reasonable effort basis.
All flexible responses from baseload	We may need to implement nuclear unit shutdowns.
generation are exhausted	Note: We will issue an advisory notice stating that a shutdown is in progress.

⁸ADQh is the code applied to transactions curtailed for *IESO Adequacy* (Surplus or Deficiency) Actions. These transactions are not eligible for CMSC and are exempt from real time failure charges.

In the event we determine that the nuclear units are being dispatched down in real-time, we may take one or more of the following control actions, which may be performed in any order:

If	Then
Nuclear units are being dispatched down by more than	We may curtail import transactions (including inadvertent payback) equal to the total MW reduction amount.
50 MW (possibly as a result of export failures)	Note: Imports cut for this purpose will be tagged with ADQh. All imports will be cut economically on a reasonable effort basis.
• The <i>dispatch</i> of a nuclear unit is not for the full	We may manually adjust its schedule, requiring other <i>generators</i> (including variable) to respond in its place.
amount of its maneuverable capability, or	Note: The manual adjustment may be to maintain the nuclear unit at its current output, or to over- <i>dispatch</i> the nuclear unit for the full amount of its managementable canability.
The nuclear unit cannot operationally respond to the instruction	the full amount of its maneuverable capability. Manual adjustments to <i>generator</i> schedules are for the hour-at- hand and the next hour only. If adjustments were to extend further into the future, it is likely that <i>pre-dispatch</i> would schedule actions interfering with our management of the SBG event. For example, a constrained-off nuclear unit may result in pre-dispatch scheduling fewer export transactions in future hours. <i>Response</i> from other <i>generators</i> will be an automatic <i>dispatch</i>
All flexible <i>responses</i> from	from the DSO tool. We may need to implement nuclear unit shutdowns.
baseload generation are exhausted	Note: We will issue an advisory notice stating that a shutdown is in progress.

5. Control Action Operating Reserve

Control Action Operating Reserve (CAOR) *offers* represent the *IESO*'s ability to use the following control actions to meet *operating reserve* requirements:

- 3% and 5% voltage reductions
- Disregarding the 30-minute *operating reserve* requirement (for up to four hours)

The use of the control actions to meet the operating reserve requirement is permitted under NPCC Regional Reliability Reference Directory #5.

RICHVIEW-230.G_3VR (to represent voltage reductions)	 400 MW for 10-minute operating reserve at \$30.10/MW, and 400 MW for 30-minute operating reserve at \$30/MW
RICHVIEW-230.G_5VR (to represent disregarding the 30-minute operating reserve requirement)	 400 MW for 30-minute operating reserve: 200 MW at \$75/MW, and 200 MW at \$100/MW

Two fictitious (i.e., dummy) generators supply standing offers to the operating reserve market:

CAOR is only scheduled in the real-time *dispatch algorithm*, and is not considered by the day-ahead commitment and pre-dispatch sequences.

5.1 Derating CAOR

When Ontario *demand* is sufficiently low, CAOR capacity backed by voltage reductions is required to be derated. This is because the MW relief associated with voltage reductions is proportional to system demand. These derates are applied in the day-ahead timeframe and may be updated in real-time as demand changes.

In the day-ahead timeframe, the IESO will:

- Derate the RICHVIEW-230.G_3VR resource for the next day real-time scheduling. Derates will be based on the expected MW relief, achievable within 10 minutes, from implementing a 5% voltage reduction⁹.
- Issue an advisory notice for the next day indicating that we have derated the RICHVIEW-230.G_3VR resource.

In **real-time**, the IESO will:

- Monitor Ontario *demand* changes from the day-ahead forecast. Any change to Ontario *demand* that results in a change in demand reduction expected from a voltage reduction greater than 50 MW will trigger an update to the CAOR resource quantity.
- Issue an advisory notice if we modify the derate to the RICHVIEW-230.G_3VR resource, and include the start time and maximum MW amount of the derate.

⁹ We assume that 85% of total voltage reduction capacity can be achieved within 10 minutes of a contingency.

Appendix A: Report Screens

This appendix contains samples of the Adequacy Report, Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report, and the Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report (Days 0 to 2).

Adequacy Report

Greated at Jan 18, 2017 23:48:14 For Jan 18, 2017

														He	ur											
	Onterio		1	2	3	4	5	•	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	18	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
forecast Sup	ply								_																	
Capacity			36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	36248	362
tnergy (MW	r)		78528	78213	78188	78027	78135	78186	78594	78822	79718	79718	79716	79583	79513	79464	79094	79313	79851	80667	80577	80302	79863	796 4 5	78870	787
		Ca pacity	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	1301.0	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	13010	1301.0	13010	13
	Nuclear	Outeges	22.90	2250	22.90	2250	22.90	2250	22 90	2250	22 90	22.90	2250	22.90	2256	22,96	2415	22.96	2256	22.96	2256	22.96	2256	2256	2256	2
		Offered	11655	11655	11635	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	11655	116.95	11655	11655	11655	11695	11655	11655	11655	11
		5 che duled	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10765	10610	10995	10750	10750	10750	10750	10750	10750	10750	10750	10
		Ca pacity	9944	9914	9944	9914	9944	9914	9944	9914	9944	9944	9914	9944	9914	9944	9944	9944	9914	9944	9914	9944	9914	9914	9944	9
		Outeges	1408	1411	1411	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1408	1403	1403	1408	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1403	1273	1273	1
	Ges	Offered	2951	2954	2995	2992	2992	2997	2998	2998	2998	2998	2995	2995	2992	2989	2989	2991	2991	2991	2995	2998	2998	3001	2998	:
		5 che duled	438	407	407	407	548	652	974	796	796	796	796	796	21	521	740	880	1193	1099	1007	990	796	796	411	
		Ca pacity	8544	8544	8544	8944	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8544	8
		Outages	939	959	939	959	939	959	939	821	963	1051	1051	1051	1051	1051	1051	872	872	872	950	950	950	950	950	
	Hydro	Forecasted (MWhr)	3931	3625	3600	3430	3538	3581	3940	4208	51.08	51.08	5101	4968	4904	4865	4654	4714	5252	6068	5978	5703	5264	4906	4131	-
		Offered	60	6313	6319	6315	6322	6317	6310	6296	6474	6466	6456	6439	6448	6451	6442	6572	6369	6631	6629	6630	6630	6343	6269	6
		5 che duled	2704	3087	3451	3470	3530	4195	4564	5104	5265	220	5191	5070	4833	4792	4713	5078	5295	5502	5571	3610	5201	4654	44 SZ	-
		Ca pacity	3980	3980	3980	3980	3980	3960	3980	3980	3980	3980	3980	3980	3960	3980	3980	3980	3960	3980	3960	3980	3980	3980	3980	
		Outages	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	-42020	
nternel	Wind	f ore casted	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	46000	4
a sou re es		5 che duled	1326	1259	1239	1263	1189	1180	11 13	1019	1050	1015	950	943	918	886	887	833	887	853	951	1062	1341	1468	1510	
		Capacity	280	-	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	_
		Outages	-97.20	-9720	-9720	-9720	-97.20	-9720	-97.20	-9720	-9720	-97.20	-9720	-9720	-9720	-9720	-9720	-97.20	-9720	-9720	-9720	-97.20	-9720	-9720	-9720	4
	Solar	r ore cented	10000		10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	10000	1
		5 che duled	0								7	23	26		46	39	33	15			0			0		-
		Capacity	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	490	40	490	490	490	490	490	490	-
		Outages	295		295	295	295	287	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	277	
	Sicfuel	Offered	15		15	15	15	23	33	33		33	33		33		33	238	719	238	238	238	238	73.8	238	-
		5 che duled	15		-	15	15	23	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	63	141	183	183	208	213	198	34	-
		Capacity	598		598	398	598	30	598	30	598	598	98	598	398	598	398	598	30	598	398	598	30	38	598	-
		Outages			330	200			330		330	- 200			350	330	200	330		330				200		-
	Other	Offered/rerecested	0				-							-			-	0	- 1		0	-				-
		Scheduled			-			- 1					1	-	-	-	-		- 1	-	-		1	-	-	-
		Outages	-451.90	-45182	-451.82	-45190	-45190	-45198	-45207	-45343	-45204	-45117	-45117	-45117	-45112	-45112	-44956	-45287	-45287	-45287	-45210	-45210	-45210	-45338	45338	-4
	Total	Offered/forecasted	76973	76936	76883	76977	76994	76991	76996	76987	77160	77151	77138	77142	77128	771.78	77119	77496	77453	77515	77517	77521	7791	77737	77160	7
	Total	Scheduled	15268	15483	19877	15920	16043	16815	17450	17717	17916	17881	17760	17655	17116	16881	17000	17618	18268	18347	18463	18636	18302	17887	17207	16
		S che duied Offere d					_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_			_		_	_			_	_	_	-
	Manitoba	Ottered Scheduled	275		275	275	275	275 145	275	275 134	275	275	Z75	275	275 32	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	
			49		127				173		0	-	-			-		-		72	-	0	-	0		
	Minneaota	Offered	210	_	130	210	210	210	190	210	210	190	80	80	150	80	150	150	150	160	80	150	150	80	80	-
		5 che duled	7	105	55	112	111	50	15		0	0	- 1	- 0	0	0	0	0	- 1	1	0	0		- 0	-	-
	Michigan	Offered	120		120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	121	121	120	120	120	120	121	-
		5 che duled	0		0	- 0		- 1	0		0	•	- 9	- 0	0	0	0	٥	121	121	85	- 0		- 0	1	-
Importa	New York	Offered	0	•	0	0	0	- 0	0	300	300	300	•	0	0	0	0	0	- 9	0	0	0	- 9	0	0	
		5 che duled	0	•	0	0	- 0	9	0	- 0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	- 9	0	0	0		0	0	-
	Quebec	Offered	1324		1294	1284	1284	1963	1587	1688	1639	1639	1795	1734	1742	1734	1942	1734	1734	1834	1734	1834	1734	1734	1733	-
		5 che duled	1245	736	549	250	290	270	621	1539	1208	1509	1614	1733	1741	1733	1741	1733	1733	1733	1733	1733	1733	1588	1464	1
		Offered	1929	1899	1819	1889	1889	2168	21.72	2993	2544	2494	2.270	22.09	2287	22.09	2387	22.79	2.280	2390	2209	2379	2.279	2209	22.09	:
	Total	5 che duled	1301	910	731	411	410	465	809	1673	1208	1509	1614	1733	1773	1733	1741	1733	1863	1927	1818	1733	1733	1588	1546	-
		E atima ta d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Capacity Importa	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	
So tile d Capa	city		800		800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	
Regulation			100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	100	100	
			80538	80529	80529	80538	80538	80545	805 55	80691	80551	80465	80465	80465	80459	80450	80294	80625	80625	80625	80548	80548	80548	80685	80685	8

																										1
ore cast Dem	and .																									
	Forecast Onter	io Dem and	14510	13991	13684	13609	13751	14858	166	17391	17449	17401	17438	17454	17391	17357	17399	17718	18689	19072	18981	18775	17904	17235	16244	15223
	Peak Demand		14728	14167	13681	13967	13898	14858	166	17391	17449	17415	17442	17449	17413	17366	17522	17995	18689	19072	18994	18858	18115	17644	16817	15823
	Average Dema	nd	14510	13991	13684	13609	13751	14369	19673	17201	17449	17401	17498	17454	17391	17357	17399	17718	18374	19067	18931	18775	17904	17235	16244	15223
	Wind Embedded	forecast	92	82	90	87	89	88	79	70	72	64	64	54	56	99	65	π	70	70	88	94	- 114	127	133	129
	Soler Embedde	d Forecast	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	1	36	54	110	148	169	149	115	99	16	1	0	0	٥	0	0	0
Onterio		Capacity	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	S12	512	512	512	512	512	512
Demand	Disps tchable	Sid /Forecasted	251	251	251	251	157	157	157	157	157	158	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	117	117	117
	Loed	Scheduled ON	-251	-251	-251	-251	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-158	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-157	-117	-117	-117
		Scheduled OFF	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0
	Hourly	sid	16	16	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	16
	Demand	5 che duled	-16	-16	- 16	-16	-16	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-13	-13	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-15	-16
	Response	Curtailed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	C	0	0	0	C	0	0	0
	Manitoba	sid	510	510	525	305	305	290	290	262	398	403	403	512	369	400	307	400	403	403	360	483	442	412	414	412
	Manicooa	Scheduled	-206	-289	-304	-304	-304	-289	-289	-261	-82	-96	-165	-165	-197	-84	٥	-39	C	-116	0	-27	-125	-108	-193	-108
	Minne ante	sid	128	143	143	128	63	99	90	63	65	105	124	128	128	128	66	128	85	66	66	66	66	110	148	148
	Minne soca	Scheduled	-45	-78	-70	-48	-48	-99	-90	-63	-65	-99	- 101	-108	-105	-63	-31	-63	-20	0	-53	-65	-65	-89	-83	-130
	Michigan	sid	1470	1570	1720	1725	1605	1909	1355	1265	1225	1280	1310	1360	1405	1411	1290	1560	1460	1335	1322	1210	1349	1395	1635	1960
	Michigan	5 che duled	- 10 20	-1220	-1450	-1450	-1450	-1150	-900	-950	-905	-950	-950	-1014	-675	-675	-690	-906	-740	-590	-600	-709	-1170	-1320	-1385	-1450
Exporta	New York	sid	1140	1168	1180	1163	1130	1056	936	1106	1083	1160	1002	1012	972	920	840	1195	1193	1423	1385	1208	1083	1108	1121	1138
	New Tork	5 che duled	-700	-700	-700	-700	-700	-646	-476	-996	-573	-700	-700	-700	-461	-405	-603	-504	-553	-452	-990	-700	-673	-700	-695	-688
	Quebec	sid	882	882	960	960	960	960	852	804	804	866	865	804	847	804	804	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	882	960
	Que bec	5 che duled	-192	-192	-460	-270	-270	-270	-192	-114	-114	-175	-175	-114	-157	-114	-114	-192	-152	-114	-192	-192	-192	-192	-192	-270
		sid	4130	4273	4528	4281	4063	3910	3553	3500	3575	3814	3704	3816	3921	3663	3307	4165	4023	4109	4015	3844	3768	3907	4200	4618
	Total	Scheduled	-2163	-2479	-2994	-2772	-272	-2454	-1947	-1984	-1739	-2020	-2091	-2096	-1995	-1342	-1438	-1704	-1465	-1272	-1485	- 1693	-2225	-2409	-2548	-2646
		Capacity Exports	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	589	389	589	389	589	589	589	589	589
	Total Operating Requirement	Reserve	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418	1418
Generation	Minimum 10-M	inute O R	945	945	945	945	945	943	945	943	945	945	945	945	945	945	945	945	943	945	945	945	943	945	945	945
Reserve Hold beck	Minimum 10-M	inute Spin OR	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237	237
	Load Forecast	Uncertainty	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	A dditio nel Cont	ingency Allowance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Require	ment		16517	15998	19691	15616	15758	16865	18369	19398	19456	19408	19445	19461	19398	19862	19404	19725	20696	21079	20938	20782	1991 1	19242	18251	17230
Cepacity Exce	aas /Shortfall		64021	64531	64838	64923	64780	63681	62186	61.293	61095	61057	61020	61005	61061	61088	60890	60900	39930	59547	99610	S9766	60637	61443	62434	63485
thergy txces	s/Shortfs II (M W	hr)	64018	64222	64504	61419	64384	63329	62192	61431	62269	62317	62278	62130	62122	62107	61695	61595	61163	61596	61646	61527	61959	62410	62626	63519
Offered Cape	city Excess/Sho	r tife II	62973	63517	63970	64147	63729	63055	61539	60937	61008	60974	60720	60636	60755	60724	60738	60493	39797	59586	39486	59795	60438	60515	61265	62149
Resources No	t Sched uled		61921	61720	61373	61323	61114	60347	\$9717	39436	59415	59142	39549	59658	60183	60416	60289	60009	99356	59338	99226	\$9057	99390	394 81	60084	60578
Imports Not 5	Scheduled		628	989	1088	1478	1479	1703	1363	920	1341	975	656	476	514	476	646	546	417	463	391	646	546	621	663	1026

Figure A-1: Adequacy Report

Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report (Days 0 to 34)

Created at Jul 07, 2016 00:22:27 Limits Occuring between Jul 07, 2016 and Aug 10, 2016

Internal Transmission Pacifities Interface	Date/Time Issued 2016-06-20 16:11	Start Date/Time 2016-01-01 00:00	End Date/Time 2016-12-31 23:59	Operating Limit 3000	Comments
Buchanan Longwood Input [BLIP]	2016-06-20 16:11	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	90	All In Service
Dryden Area Inflow [DAI]				~	All In Service or 601 O/S
Wawa MadKa y Flow East-230 [WMFE-230]	2016-06-20 16:14	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	590	All In Service
Fort Frances Area Inflow [FAI]	2016-06-21 09:54	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	235	Al In Service
Flow Into Ottawa [FI0]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	2900	Al In Service
Flow into Dobbin [FID]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	390	Al In Service
Negative Buchanan Longwood Input [NBLIP]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	1800	All In Service
Flow East To Toronto (FETT)	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	5000	All In Service
Plow Away FromBruce Complex and Wind [FABCW]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	7500	Al In Service
Wawa MadKay Flow East-230 [WMFE-230]	2016-06-20 16:14	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	600	All In Service (does not include underlying 115k/ circuit)
Transfer East of Kenora [TEK]	2016-06-20 16:22	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	385	Al In Service
Transfer East of Mississagi [MissE]	2016-06-23 13:38	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	600	All In Service or 601 O/S
Flow South [FS]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	2100	All In Service
P502X	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	1585	All In Service
Flow North [FN]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	1500	All In Service
Claireville North [CLAN]	2016-06-20 13:41	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	2000	All In Service
Transfer West of Mississagi [MissW]	2016-06-23 13:38	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	600	All In Service or 601 O/S
P33C Chats Falls Inflow	2016-06-20 15:56	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	290	All In Service
X1P Flow Into Dobbin	2016-06-20 15:56	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	220	All In Service
Ma dawaska Generation	2016-06-20 16:17	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	400	All In Service
Kenora Area Outflow (KAO)	2016-06-20 16:19	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	123	All In Service
Transfer East of Mackenzie [TEM]	2016-06-20 16:07	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	450	All In Service or 601 O/S
East-West Transfer Eest [EWTE]	2016-06-20 16:07	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	325	All In Service or 601 O/S
East-West Transfer West [EWTW]	2016-06-20 16:07	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	350	All In Service or 601 O/S
Intertie Transmission Facilities Interface	Date/Time Issued	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Operating Limit	Commente
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer North [MPFN]	-				
	2010-00-20 10:14	2010-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59	80	Al In Service or 601 O/S
	2016-06-20 16:14	2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59		All In Service or 601 O/S All In Service or 601 O/S
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South (MPFS)	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	80 130 55	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [MPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115kV) Import Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauharnois 230 W Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115W) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115W) Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115W) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115W) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 KV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipava (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhamois 230 KV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Midvigan Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhamois 230 KV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Midhigan Export Summer Ontario-Midhigan Import Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhamois 230 kV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 1500 275	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Mantoba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West [OMTW]	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhamois 230 kV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Import Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 1500 275	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115W) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpawa (115W) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115W) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpava (115W) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 790	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115W) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpawa (115W) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Midhigan Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 790 190	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Reauhannois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Import Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mantoba Transfer Kest (OMTK) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTK) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTK) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTK) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTK) Ontario-Quebec Resultarnois 230 W Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W Import Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 790 190 240	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpavia (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Methigan Export Summer Ontario-Methigan Export Summer Ontario-Methigan Export Summer Ontario-Methigan Export Summer Ontario-Methidae Transfer Kest (OMTKE) Ontario-Methidae Transfer West (OMTKE) Ontario-Methidae Transfer West (OMTKE) Ontario-Methidae Transfer West (OMTKE) Ontario-Viebec Beauhannois 230 W Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Medaren 230 W Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Medaren 230 W Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Medaren 230 W Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 275 790 190 240 1230	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpavia (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Mantoba Transfer East (OMTKE) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer East (OMTKE) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer East (OMTKE) Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 KV Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 KV Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outarousis 230KV Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outarousis 230KV Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 790 190 240 1230	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Resultarnois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpavia (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Besultarnois 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outacousis 230W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outacousis 230W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 790 190 240 1230 1230 0	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Resultarnois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipawa (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Michigan Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Besultarnois 230 W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outacousis 230W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outacousis 230W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outacousis 230W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 790 190 240 1230 1230 0 290	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPFS] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Resultarinois 230 W/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehitoba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehitoba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehitoba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehitoba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Quebec Resultanois 230 W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Nationa 230 W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Outarouis 230W/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Dutarouis 230W/ Suport Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 W/ Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 08:19	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 275 790 190 240 1230 0 290 140	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPF5] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 K/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehidae Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehidae Transfer Kest [OMTE] Ontario-Mehidae Transfer West [OMTW] Ontario-Mehidae Transfer West [OMTW] Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Nationalis 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 0	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 275 790 190 240 1230 1230 0 290 140 0	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPF5] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115K/) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 K/ Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kpawa (115K/) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehitaba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehitaba Transfer East [OMTE] Ontario-Mehitaba Transfer Kest [OMTW] Ontario-Quebec Beauhannois 230 K/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Nationalis 230 K/ Import Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 K/ Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter or Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter or Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter or Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 K/ Export Winter	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-23 08:19 2016-06-23 0	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 790 190 240 1230 0 290 140 0 120	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [NPF5] Quebec Rapide-Ontario (115KV) Import Summer Ontario-Quebec Resultarnois 230 W Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Kipavia (115KV) Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-New York Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mehtigan Export Summer Ontario-Mantoba Transfer East (OMTE) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTE) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTE) Ontario-Mantoba Transfer West (OMTW) Ontario-Quebec Beauthannois 230 W Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Madaren 230 W Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Cutaousis 230W Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Paugan 230 W Export Winter or Summer Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 KV Export Winter Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 KV Export Summer Ontario-Quebec Quyon 230 KV Export Summer	2016-06-20 16:14 2016-06-23 07:57 2016-06-23 08:10 2016-06-23 08:22 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-23 07:53 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 16:30 2016-06-20 08:19 2016-06-23 0	2016-01-01 00:00 2016-01-01 00:00	2016-12-31 23:59 2016-12-31 23:59	130 55 470 85 1450 1300 1500 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275	Al In Service or 601 O/S Al In Service Al In Service

Figure A-2: Transmission Facility All in Service Limits Report

Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report (Days 0 to 2)

Created at Jul 07, 2016 14:07:06 Limits Occuring between Jul 07, 2016 and Jul 09, 2016

Internal Transmission Facilities Interface	Date/Time Issued	Start Date/Time	End Date /T Ime	Operating Limit	Comments		
Wawa MacKay Flow East-230 [WMFE-230]	2016-06-21 07:17	2016-06-06 08:00	2016-07-21 16:00	400	Wawa AL23 Breaker or Wawa L21L25 Breaker O/S		
Flow into Dabbin (FID)	2016-06-20 17:03	2016-05-18 06:00	2016-08-08 07:00	300	Q6S O/S		
Flow Into Ottawa [FIO]	2016-06-21 07:12	2016-01-11 07:00	2016-07-15 11:30	2750	Hawthorne T3L523 O/S		
Wawa MacKay Flow East-230 [WMFE-230]	2016-06-21 07:15	2016-04-07 16:00	2016-12-31 17:00	515	Sault #3 Radial		
Transfer East of Kenora [TEK]	2016-06-28 07:41	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-07 17:00	180	K24F/Fort Frances K-Bus/Fort Frances T1 O/S		
Kenora Area Outflow [KAO]	2016-06-28 07:41	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-07 17:00	120	K24F/Fort Frances K-Bus/Fort Frances T1 O/S		
Fort Frances Area Inflow [FAI]	2016-06-28 07:41	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-07 17:00	100	K24F/Fort Frances K-Bus/Fort Frances T1 O/S		
Claireville North (CLAN)	2016-06-28 08:45	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-08 18:00	1000	E510V + 882V and/or Brownhill L80L82 and/or M808 O/S		
Flow South [FS]	2016-06-28 08:46	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-08 18:00	1870	E510V 0/S		
P502X	2016-06-28 08:46	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-08 18:00	1385	E510V 0/S		
Claireville South [CLAS]	2016-06-28 08:46	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-08 18:00	1200	E510V + B82V and/or Brownhill L80L82 and/or M80B O/S		
Flow Into Ottawa [FIO]	2016-07-05 09:13	2016-07-08 13:00	2016-07-08 18:00	2400	Hawthorne T3L523 + B5D O/S		
		-					
Intertie Transmission Facilities Interface	Date/Time Issued	Start Date/Time	End Date/Time	Operating Limit	Comments		
Ontario-Quebec Outaouais 230kV Import Summer	2016-07-05 16:30	2016-07-07 11:00	2016-07-07 22:00	600	System Conditions		
Ontario-New York Export Summer	2016-06-29 14:06	2016-07-06 09:00	2016-07-08 19:00	1150	NY High Loads		
Ontario-Manitoba Transfer East [OMTE]	2016-06-20 17:29	2016-05-18 11:57	2016-10-31 23:59	200	Manitoba Hydro Temporary Operating Instruction		
Ontario-Manitoba Transfer West [OMTW]	2016-06-20 17:29	2016-05-18 11:57	2016-10-31 23:59	200	Manitoba Hydro Temporary Operating Instruction		
Ontario-Quebec Beauharnois 230 kV Import Summer	2016-06-20 17:34	2015-05-30 06:00	2017-12-31 23:59	650	Beauharnois T2 (230-2) o/s		
Ontario-Quebec Beauharnois 230 KV Export Summer	2016-06-20 17:27	2016-05-02 08:00	2016-09-01 17:00	300	Beauharnois T2 + T4 o/s		
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer North [MPFN]	2016-06-28 07:41	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-07 17:00	65	K24F/Fort Frances K-Bus/Fort Frances T10/S		
Ontario-Quebec Beauharnois 230 kV Import Summer	2016-06-20 17:27	2016-05-02 08:00	2016-09-01 17:00	390	Beauharnois T2 + T4 o/s		
Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South [MPFS]	2016-06-28 07:41	2016-07-04 06:00	2016-07-07 17:00	10	K24F/Fort Frances K-Bus/Fort Frances T10/S		
Ontario-Quebec Beauharnois 230 KV Import Summer	2016-07-05 16:23	2016-07-07 11:00	2016-07-07 22:00	200	System Conditions		

Figure A-3: Transmission Facility Outage Limits Report

- End of Section -

Issue 41.0 – June 6, 2018

Appendix B: Method to Prepare Ontario Demand Forecast

In accordance with C.5, S 7.1.3 of the *market rules*, this appendix describes the method used to prepare the hourly Ontario *demand* forecasts used as an input to the near-term *adequacy* assessments and presented in the:

- Adequacy Report, and
- Ontario Zonal *Demand* Forecast Report.
- To prepare near-term hourly Ontario *demand* forecasts (i.e. from current day, including *pre-dispatch*, out to 34 days), the *IESO* uses a load forecast tool¹⁰. The tool uses models consisting of linear regressions and/or neural network analysis to produce the forecasts.

B.1 Input Drivers for Demand Forecasting

The following items are used as input drivers by the *demand* forecasting tool:

- Weather parameters
 - o Dry-Bulb Temperature
 - Wet-Bulb Temperature
 - Dew-Point Temperature
 - Wind Speed
 - o Wind Direction
 - o Illumination
 - o Cloud Cover
- Historical *Demand* Data
- Embedded Solar Generation Data
 - o Historical
 - o Forecast

¹⁰ At the discretion of the *IESO*, we may manually adjust the Ontario *demand* forecasts provided by the load forecast tool to account for conditions such as, but not limited to, actual weather that differs from forecast weather.

Appendix C: Method to Assess Generation and Transmission Adequacy

When assessing generation adequacy, the IESO will compare forecasted demand to available resource capacity and energy, including available generation external to Ontario. The IESO will use the following adequacy criteria for normal operating states:

- 1. For the *dispatch day* and two days following the *dispatch day* daily assessment, an acceptable level of *adequacy* is achieved if:
 - Available resources, based on installed capacity, estimated imports and outage information, exceed forecasted primary demand by at least the Operating Reserve requirement, and
 - Available resources, based on energy production of energy-limited resources, installed capacity of non-energy-limited resources, energy forecast from centralized forecasting of renewable resources, estimated imports and outage information, exceed forecasted primary demand in MWh.

If there are inadequate resources in the short-term, the *IESO* shall take necessary actions such as:

- Publishing information necessary to allow the market to react to adequacy concerns,
- Activating *reliability must-run contracts* to address *local area adequacy* only (i.e. not permitted to address lack of overall system generation *adequacy*),
- Rejection, revoking, and recalling *outages*, and
- Issuing system advisory notices with the expected actions to be taken (e.g. voltage reductions, public appeals, load shedding).
- 2. For the balance of daily and weekly assessment out to the end of week 4 following the *dispatch week*, an acceptable level of *adequacy* is achieved if:
 - Available resources, based on installed capacity, estimated imports and *outage* information, exceed forecasted primary *demand* by at least the *Generation Reserve Holdback*¹¹, and
 - Available resources, based on *energy* production of *energy*-limited resources, installed capacity of non-*energy*-limited resources, *energy* forecast of renewable resources, estimated imports and *outage* information, exceed forecasted primary *demand* in MWh.
- 3. For the 18 month assessments, an acceptable level of adequacy is achieved if forecast available resources exceed forecasted demand by an amount such that the Loss of Load Expectation (LOLE) is less than 0.1 days per year, consistent with NPCC requirements.

¹¹Generation Reserve Holdback is an amount of generating capacity that is needed to be held in reserve. See Appendix F for details.

When assessing transmission *adequacy*, the *IESO* shall compare forecast transmission flows with the applicable *System Operating Limits* under a range of load conditions and *generator* and transmission *facility* availability conditions. Transmission is adequate if forecast loads can be supplied without exceeding applicable *System Operating Limits*, and acceptable system voltages can be maintained.

Appendix D: Definitions of Terms in Adequacy Reports

This appendix defines the terms used and presented in the *Adequacy* Report. In addition to the terms in this appendix, all reports published on day 0 and reports published on day 1 after successful completion of the day-ahead commitment process, will include aggregated values of the capacity offered and *bid* by *market participants* and the aggregated *pre-dispatch schedules* for the *dispatch day*.

D.1 Forecast Supply

The *IESO* will forecast the following elements of supply:

• **Energy (MWhr)** – the amount of *energy* available from generation sources in Ontario plus imports from other *control areas*¹². This quantity is calculated from the relationship:

[generating capacity in-service (MW)] * 1 hr

- [capacity unavailable due to outages (MW)¹³} * 1 hr
- [capacity of energy-limited resources (MW)] * 1 hr
- [capacity of variable generation resources (MW)] * 1 hr
- + energy (forecast) of variable generation resources (MWhr)
- + energy-limited resource energy for the hour (MWhr)
- + [imports from other control areas (MW)] * 1 hr

The Adequacy Report includes energy quantities for each hour.

- **Capacity (MW)** the net amount of *generation capacity* in-service in Ontario. This number may be revised lower if a material quantity of capacity is bottled. The *Adequacy* Report includes capacity quantities for each hour.
- Intermittent generator schedules (MWhr/hr) market participants provide dispatch data for intermittent generators that represent the forecast energy output for these facilities. For the days of the Adequacy Report in which intermittent generator schedules are not available, the IESO will use an estimate of these schedules in the adequacy assessment.
- Self-scheduling generator schedules (MWhr/hr) market participants provide dispatch data for self-scheduling generators including transitional scheduling generators that represent the forecast energy output for these facilities. For the days of the Adequacy Report in which self-scheduling generator schedules are not available, the IESO will use an estimate of these schedules in the adequacy assessment.
- **Energy-limited energy (MWhr)** the *IESO publishes* the aggregate forecast amount of *energy* available from *energy*-limited *facilities*. An *energy*-limited *facility* is a generation

¹² An estimated value of imports is used prior to the initial *pre-dispatch* run on day 1.

¹³ Excludes *outages* to *energy*-limited resources and *variable generation* resources.

resource that is unable to supply *energy* equal to the capacity for each of the hours of the day (e.g. a hydro-electric *facility* with limited water in the forebay that does not allow it to produce *energy* at its rated output for each of 24 hours in the day). *Market participants* use Online *IESO* to provide the *IESO* with an *energy*-limited forecast of hourly granularity (i.e. the total forecast daily quantity of *energy* available) for all relevant *facilities*. The *IESO publishes* the aggregate hourly energy profile of *market participant* forecasts for each day of the *Adequacy* Report.

- **Energy-limited capacity (MW)** the *IESO publishes* the nominal capacity of those *facilities* that are *energy*-limited. On any day, the list of *facilities* that may be *energy*-limited may change. To place the *energy*-limited *energy* quantity in context, the nominal capacity of these *facilities* are provided to the *IESO* by the *market participants*, and the *IESO publishes* these quantities in the assessment reports. The *Adequacy* Report includes *energy*-limited capacity quantities for each hour.
- Variable Generation energy (MWh) the IESO publishes the aggregate variable generation forecast amount of energy available from variable generation whose owners/operators are registered market participants. Variable generation means all wind and solar photovoltaic resources with an installed capacity of ≥ 5 MW, or all wind and solar photovoltaic resources that are directly connected to the IESO-controlled grid. For days 0 and 1 of the Adequacy Report, the IESO uses and publishes the aggregated hourly quantities of forecast wind and solar generation produced by a forecasting entity¹⁴. For days 2 to 7, the IESO publishes the lesser of the forecast provided by the forecasting entity and a forecast produced by the IESO using a set of seasonal capacity factors.¹⁵ For days 8 to 34, the IESO publishes a forecast of wind and solar generation, using seasonal capacity factors.
- Variable generation capacity (MW) the IESO publishes the nominal capacity of variable generation whose owners/operators are registered market participants. On any day, the list of variable generation may change. The Adequacy Report includes the aggregated quantities of wind generation capacity and solar generation capacity, for each hour.
- Estimated imports (MW) the *IESO* will include an amount in its *adequacy* assessments to account for potential imports from other *control areas*, as follows:
 - For day 0 and 1, a value of zero will be used,
 - For **days 2 to 10**, an estimate of up to 700 MW *imports* will be used, along with the forecasted Ontario *demand* for this period,
 - **Beyond day 10**, an estimate of up to 2,000 MW¹⁶ *imports* will be used, along with the forecasted extreme weather Ontario *demand* firm scenario.

These estimated import MW amounts are based on *IESO* experience with interchange transactions and are the MW amounts reasonably assumed to be available from the

¹⁴ At the discretion of the *IESO*, we may manually adjust the *variable generation* forecast provided by the *forecasting entity* to account for conditions such as, but not limited to, actual weather that differs from forecast weather.

¹⁵ Due to increased forecast uncertainty for wind quantities below 500 MW for days 2 to 7, the forecasts provided by the *forecasting entity* will be reduced by 10% to reduce the likelihood of over-forecasting.

¹⁶ The use of up to 2,000 MW *imports* and forecasted extreme weather Ontario *demand* will apply to the assessment of outages ending **on or after May 1, 2019**.

*interconnections*¹⁷. More conservative numbers will be used where available *interconnection* information indicates that less than 700 or 2,000 MW¹⁸ *imports* would be available. The total amount attributed to potential interchange assistance will be reviewed on a periodic basis. This quantity will be provided for each hour of each day of the *Adequacy* Report period.

For outages planned for days 2 to 10, the *IESO* may increase *imports* above 700 MW to reflect outage replacement energy *imports*. The amount in excess of 700 MW may be an aggregate of *generators* arranging for replacement *energy*.

- **Capacity Imports (MW)** the *IESO publishes* the quantity of capacity imports that can be relied upon from other *control areas*. This quantity is included in capacity excess (shortfall) calculations for all days in the near-term assessment period.
- **Outages (MW)** the IESO publishes the quantity of generation facility MWs, by fuel type, that are unavailable due to outage or derating. This quantity will be provided for each hour of each day of the Adequacy Report.
- Bottled Capacity (MW) the *IESO* will include, in its *adequacy* assessments, an amount to account for the estimated quantity of bottled *generation capacity*. This amount will be the sum of all regional *generation capacity* in excess of regional *demand* that cannot be transferred to other internal areas as a result of transmission limitations.
- **Regulation** the *market rules* require the *IESO* to determine the quantity of *regulation* capacity needed for each hour of the following day. As a minimum the requirements shall be ± 100 MW, with a ramp rate of 50 MW/minute (C.5, S. 4.4.2 of the *market rules*). For the purpose of the near-term *adequacy* assessments for days 2 to 34, the *IESO* will consider the *regulation* requirement and rate to be the minimum requirements specified in the *market rules*. Due to operability needs the IESO may determine the need to schedule more than the minimum regulation requirement. The *IESO* will identify the *regulation* amount scheduled day-ahead, and *publish* this amount in the adequacy assessments for days 0 and 1.
- Adjusted Capacity in the Adequacy Reports: For all days of the Adequacy Report, an adjustment is made to the available *dispatchable* capacity/generation i.e. the "Total *Outages*" value is increased by 2% of available dispatchable generation. This adjustment is applied to compensate for the *outage* reporting deadband of the greater of 2% or 10 MW, and to better represent available capacity and reduce discrepancies between the forecast in the Adequacy Report and *pre-dispatch*. The adjustment factor of 2% may be varied by the *IESO* from time to time if considered appropriate for the above purposes.

D.2 Forecast Demand

The IESO will forecast the following components of demand in the Adequacy Report:

• Ontario Demand (MW) – the IESO will forecast the Ontario demand (non-dispatchable load + dispatchable load + losses) and provide the total of these three quantities for each hour of each day of the Adequacy Report. The dispatchable load component of Ontario

¹⁷ For more details, see the <u>Methodology to Perform Long Term Assessments</u> document available at the <u>18-</u> <u>month Outlook page</u> of the IESO website.

¹⁸ The use of up to 2,000 MW *imports* and forecasted extreme weather Ontario *demand* will apply to the assessment of outages ending **on or after May 1, 2019**.

demand is the *dispatchable load* that is expected to be supplied. The "Forecast Ontario Demand" quantity in the Adequacy Report for day 0 (current day) and day 1 (tomorrow) represents the forecast used in pre-dispatch scheduling, and is the average *demand* forecast in all hours, with the exception of the *IESO* Ramp Hours¹⁹, in which it is the peak *demand* forecast.

- **Dispatchable load (MW)** the *IESO* will forecast the amount of *dispatchable load* that is expected to be available to be dispatched off. This information is presented for each hour of the *Adequacy* Reports for days 2 to 34, and the Adequacy Reports for day 1 published prior to the day-ahead commitment process. *Dispatchable load* forecasts are included in capacity excess (shortfall) calculations.
- **Capacity Exports (MW)** the *IESO publishes* the quantity of capacity exports that the *IESO* is obligated to provide to other *control areas*. This quantity is included in capacity excess (shortfall) calculations for all days in the near-term assessment period.
- Generation Reserve Holdback (MW) the IESO will forecast the Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements - operating reserve, load forecast uncertainty (LFU) and additional contingency allowance (ACA) - in accordance with the principles listed in Appendix F: Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements.
- Minimum 10-minute operating reserve requirement (MW) the *IESO* will forecast its 10minute operating reserve in accordance with *NPCC* Directory 5: Reserve. This information is presented for each hour of each day of the *Adequacy* Report. Minimum 10-minute operating reserve requirements are not included in excess (shortfall) calculations.
- Minimum 10-minute Spinning operating reserve Requirement (MW) the *IESO* will forecast its 10-minute spinning operating reserve in accordance with NERC Reliability Standard BAL-002-1 (Disturbance Control Performance) and NPCC Directory 5: Reserve. This information is presented for each hour of each day of the Adequacy Report. Minimum 10-minute spinning operating reserve requirements are not included in excess (shortfall) calculations.

D.3 Total Supply and Total Requirement

The *IESO* will include in the *Adequacy* Reports:

- Total supply, quantified by calculating and presenting the total forecasted amount of available resources, and
- Total requirement, quantified by calculating and presenting the total forecasted amount of *demand*.

The Total Supply (MW) for each hour is calculated from the following formulation:

generating capacity in-service (MW) – capacity unavailable due to *outages* (MW) – bottled capacity (MW) + estimated imports (MW) + capacity imports (MW)

The Total Requirement (MW) for each hour is calculated from the following formulation:

¹⁹ *IESO* Ramp Hours are defined as any hour in which the peak demand forecast exceeds the average demand forecast by at least 300 MW.

total hourly Ontario *demand* forecast (MW) + generation reserve holdback (MW) + capacity exports (MW) – *dispatchable load* (MW)

D.4 Energy and Capacity Excess (Shortfall)

The IESO will include in the Adequacy Reports:

- *Energy adequacy*, quantified by calculating and presenting the *energy* excess (or shortfall when there is insufficient *energy*), and
- Capacity *adequacy*, quantified by calculating and presenting the capacity excess (or shortfall when there is insufficient capacity).

The *Energy* Excess (MWhr) for each hour is calculated from the following formulation:

[generating capacity in-service (MW) + estimated imports (MW) + *dispatchable load*] * 1 hr

- [total hourly Ontario demand forecast (MW) + capacity unavailable due to outages (MW) + capacity of energy-limited resources (MW) + capacity of variable generation resources (MW)] * 1 hr

+ *energy*-limited resource *energy* for the hour (MWhr)

+ energy (forecast) of variable generation resources (MWhr)

IF (*energy* excess < 0), then there is a shortfall of *energy*.

The Capacity Excess (MW) for each hour is calculated from the following formulation:

[generating capacity in-service (MW) + estimated imports (MW) + capacity imports (MW) + *dispatchable load*]

- [total hourly Ontario *demand* forecast (MW) + capacity unavailable due to *outages* (MW) + generation reserve holdback (MW) + capacity exports (MW)]

IF (capacity excess < 0), then there is a shortfall of capacity.

The Adequacy Reports for day 0, and day 1 reports published after successful completion of the dayahead commitment process, also include offered capacity excess (or shortfall when there is insufficient offered capacity). The Offered Capacity Excess (MW) for each hour is calculated from the following formulation:

[total internal generation offered/forecasted (MW/MWhr) + total offered imports (MW) – linked wheels + *dispatchable load bid*]

- [total peak hourly Ontario demand forecast (MW) + generation reserve holdback (MW)]

IF (offered capacity excess < 0), then there is a shortfall of offered capacity.

D.5 Over-Generation and Under-Generation

Over-Generation

An over-generation situation is deemed to occur when the amount of dispatched generation exceeds the Ontario *demand* and net interchange. This would likely occur in real-time *operation* in low *demand* periods when one or more *generators dispatch* more generation than the *dispatch instructions* issued by the *IESO* and are unable to respond to *IESO*'s subsequent *dispatch instructions* for immediate corrective actions. In the event of an actual, imminent or expected over-generation

situation, the *IESO* will issue a Minimum Generation Alert / Event via an advisory notice, including the remedial actions that the *IESO* intends to take. The subsequent publication of the *Adequacy* Report will indicate the amounts of over-generation.

Under-Generation

An under-generation situation is expected to occur when a potential *energy* and capacity shortfall (see Appendix D.4) is identified in the *adequacy* assessment process for the day 2 to 34 period. In the event of an expected under-generation situation, the *IESO* will issue an advisory notice, including the remedial actions that the *IESO* intends to take. The expected amounts of under-generation will be included in the *Adequacy* Reports.

Maximum Generation Alert

If the *IESO* determines that there will be potential difficulty meeting *energy* and/or *operating reserve* requirements due to lack of *market participant offers*, the *IESO* will issue a Maximum Generation (MaxGen) Alert via an advisory notice, requesting *market participants* to consider placing additional *offers* into the electricity market.

Appendix E: Transmission Interfaces

The Transmission Limits report provides deviations in transmission limits for major internal interfaces and all *intertie* interfaces (C.5, S. 7.4.4 of the *market rules*). These are the interfaces on which flows must be restricted below the limit specified to ensure reliable *operation* of the *IESO-controlled grid*.

The following is a list of internal interfaces and external interfaces for which the *IESO* will *publish* limits for all elements in-service and *outage* conditions (C.5, S. 7.4.4.1.2, 7.4.4.1.3 of the *market rules*). These interfaces are consistent with those included in long-term forecast publications (C.5 S. 7.4.2 of the *market rules*). The Maximum Interface Limits posted are representative of Available Transfer Capability (ATC) values. At any time, the actual maximum interface limits may deviate from these values. The table below provides the basis for interface reporting; additional interfaces may be included in the actual reports.

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
	Internal Interfac	es
ТЕК	Transfer East of Kenora	Voltage violation
тwк	Transfer West into Kenora	Voltage violation
MMW	Mackenzie Moose Lake Flow West	No limit under normal conditions; voltage violation under outage or high risk conditions
LFE	Lakehead Flow East	No limit under normal conditions; voltage violation under outage or high risk conditions
EWTE	East-West Transfer East	Voltage violation
EWTW	East-West Transfer West	Voltage violation
ТЕМ	Transfer East of Mackenzie	Voltage violation
TWM	Transfer West into Mackenzie	No limit under normal conditions; voltage violation/transient limit under <i>outage</i> or high risk conditions
WMFE-230-115	Wawa-MacKay Flow East on the 230 kV and 115 kV system	Voltage stability limit

Table E-1: Operating Security Limits

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
WMFE-230	Wawa-MacKay Flow East on the 230 kV system	Voltage violation
MissE	Transfer East of Mississaugi	Voltage violation
MissW	Transfer West into Mississaugi	Voltage violation
D501P+H9K(South)	Flow South on Circuits D501P plus H9K	No limit with G/R available, limit reduced to zero with D501P out of service
D501P+H9K(North)	Flow North on Circuits D501P plus H9K	No limit with L/R available, limit reduced to zero with D501P out of service
P502X+D3K(South)	Flow South on Circuits P502X plus D3K	No limit with G/R available, limit reduced to zero with P502X out of service
P502X+A8K+A9K (North)	Flow North on Circuits P502X plus A8K & A9K	No limit with L/R available, limit reduced to zero with P502X out of service or for high risk conditions over P502X
FS	Flow South (on Circuits X503E, X504E and D5H)	Stability limit
FN	Flow North (on Circuits X503E, X504E and D5H)	Voltage decline limit
P502X (South)	Flow South on Circuit P502X	Stability limit
Canyon 115kV Output	Canyon 115kV Output	Normal system configuration / Configuration with Otter Rapids connected to 115 kV system
FABCW	Flow Away From Bruce Complex and Wind output in Bruce area.	Voltage decline and stability limit
BLIP	Buchanan Longwood Input	Transient stability limit
NBLIP	Negative Buchanan Longwood Input	Voltage decline and stability limit
FETT	Flow East To Toronto	Voltage stability limit
CLAN	Claireville North	
FIO	Flow Into Ottawa	Voltage Stability Limit

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
FID	Flow into Dobbin	These limits are to control post-contingency voltage decline at Dobbin area. The limits can be improved based on the amount of L/R armed.
X1P Flow Into Dobbin	X1P Flow Into Dobbin	This limit is to ensure angular stability of Mountain Chute and Chenaux generators.
115 kV Dobbin Area Load	115 kV Dobbin Area Load	**** No interface limit under normal conditions
Chats Falls Area Generation	Chats Falls GS 230 kV Area Generation	
P33C Inflow	P33C Chats Falls Inflow	P33C Chats Falls Inflow is limited to 310 MW when Chelsea generation is greater than 105 MW
P33C Inflow Plus Arnprior	P33C Chats Falls Inflow Plus Arnprior Generation	**** No interface limit under normal conditions
Madawaska Generation	Madawaska 115 kV Generation	This limit is based on Chats Falls G2 & G3 I/S and connected to C7BM or 230 kV system. The limit can be improved up to 400 MW with maximum G/R armed.
Beauharnois Delivery	Beauharnois Delivery	Beauharnois delivery is constrained by transient stability. The limit can be improved up to 800 MW with maximum G/R armed.
MacLaren D5A Import	D5A Import From Maclaren	D5A import limit is constrained by transient stability. The All I/S limit is 250 MW.
MacLaren D5A Export	D5A Export To Maclaren	The Export Limit of 200 MW is not a security based limit, but is the agreed maximum amount of load that MacLaren may connect.
Beauharnois D5A Transfer	D5A Transfer	**** No interface limit under normal conditions
TEC	Transfer East From Cherrywood	**** No interface limit under normal conditions

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
	External Interfac	es
OMTE	Ontario-Manitoba Transfer East	Thermal limit
ОМТЖ	Ontario-Manitoba Transfer West	Thermal limit
MPFN	Ontario-Minnesota Transfer North	Thermal limit
MPFS	Ontario-Minnesota Transfer South	Thermal limit
Ontario to Michigan Winter	Total line flow on B3N, L4D, L51D and J5D from Ontario to Michigan	This limit is based on winter thermal rating at 10 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
Michigan to Ontario Winter	Total line flow on B3N, L4D, L51D and J5D from Michigan to Ontario	This limit is based on winter thermal rating at 10 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
Ontario to Michigan Summer	Total line flow on B3N, L4D, L51D and J5D from Ontario to Michigan	This limit is based on summer thermal rating at 35 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
Michigan to Ontario Summer	Total line flow on B3N, L4D, L51D and J5D from Michigan to Ontario	This limit is based on summer thermal rating at 35 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
NY-ONT Stability Limit	New York to Ontario Stability Limit	
Ontario Niagara to New York Winter	Total line flow on PA301, PA302, PA27, BP76, L33P, and L34P from Ontario to New York	This limit is based on winter thermal rating at 10 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
New York to Ontario Niagara Winter	Total line flow on PA301, PA302, PA27, BP76, L33P and L34P from New York to Ontario	This limit is based on winter thermal rating at 10 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
Ontario Niagara to New York Summer	Total line flow on PA301, PA302, PA27, BP76, L33P, and L34P from Ontario to New York	This limit is based on summer thermal rating at 35 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
New York to Ontario Niagara Summer	Total line flow on PA301, PA302, PA27, BP76, L33P, and L34P from New York to Ontario	This limit is based on summer thermal rating at 35 degree C with 0-4 km/hr wind. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie lines.
Ontario to Quebec Beauharnois 230 kV Winter	Line flow on B31L from Ontario to Quebec Beauharnois (radial connection)	Thermal limit of B31L may be more restrictive.
Ontario to Quebec Beauharnois 230 kV Summer	Line flow on B31L from Ontario to Quebec Beauharnois (radial connection)	This limit is based on summer thermal rating at 30 degrees C. Ambient conditions will determine the applicable thermal limit of the tie line to a maximum of 470 MW.
Quebec Beauharnois 230 kV to Ontario Winter or Summer	Total Line flow on B5D and B31L from Quebec Beauharnois to Ontario (radial connection)	This limit is the same as the interface limit for Beauharnois Delivery. Thermal limits of B5D and B31L may be more restrictive
Ontario to Quebec Maclaren - 230 kV - Winter or Summer	Line flow on D5A from Ontario to Maclaren	This limit is the same as the interface limit for D5A Export to Maclaren. Thermal limit of D5A may be more restrictive.
Quebec Maclaren to Ontario – 230 kV - Winter or Summer	Line flow on D5A from Maclaren to Ontario	This limit is the same as the interface limit for D5A Import from Maclaren. Thermal limit of D5A may be more restrictive.
Ontario to Quebec Masson - 115 kV - Winter or Summer	Line flow on H9A from Ontario to Masson	Concurrent <i>operation</i> of D5A with Maclaren and H9A with Masson is not permitted
Quebec Masson to Ontario - 115 kV - Winter or Summer	Line flow on H9A from Masson to Ontario	Concurrent <i>operation</i> of D5A with Maclaren and H9A with Masson is not permitted. Thermal limit of H9A may be more restricted

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
Ontario to Quebec Outaouais – 230kV – Winter or Summer	Line flow on A41T and A42T from Ontario to Outaouais	 Limit is the minimum of 1 or 2 below: 1. 1250 MW with two convertors in service or 625 MW with one convertor in service 2. FIO limit – (Ottawa area load and losses) + (Generation in the Ottawa Zone)
Quebec Outaouais to Ontario – 230kV – Winter or Summer	Line flow on A41T and A42T from Outaouais to Ontario	 Limit is the minimum of 1 or 2 below: 1. 1250 MW with two convertors in service or 625 MW with one convertor in service 2. FIO limit – (Ottawa area load and losses) + (Generation in the Ottawa Zone)
Ontario to Quebec Paugan 230 kV Winter or Summer	Line flow on P33C from Ontario to Paugan	
Quebec Paugan to Ontario - 230 kV Winter or Summer	Line flow on P33C from Paugan to Ontario	P33C Chats Falls Inflow is limited to 310 MW when Chelsea generation is greater than 105 MW
Ontario to Quebec Quyon 230 kV Winter	Line flow on Q4C from Ontario to Quyon	
Quebec Quyon to Ontario 230 kV Winter	Line flow on Q4C from Quyon to Ontario	
Ontario to Quebec Quyon 230 kV Summer	Line flow on Q4C from Ontario to Quyon	
Quebec Quyon to Ontario 230 kV Summer	Line flow on Q4C from Quyon to Ontario	
Ontario to Quebec Bryson 115 kV Winter or Summer	Line flow on X2Y from Ontario to Bryson	
Quebec Bryson to Ontario - 115 kV Winter or Summer	Line flow on X2Y from Bryson to Ontario	
Quebec Rapide to Ontario (115kV) Import	Line flow on D4Z from Rapide-Des-Isles to Dymond	

Interface	Description of Interface	Notes
Ontario to Quebec Kipawa (115kV) Export	Line flow on H4Z from Holden to Kipawa	

* Note 1: Interface Limit may be lower than the maximum limit indicated due to dependencies on other interface flows or factors such as the number of generating units on-line, amount of generation rejection armed, amount of load rejection armed, voltage levels, etc.

* Note 2: Limits based on thermal restrictions for pre-contingency flow or post-contingency flow are monitored online and are not included in the above list. Thermal limitations indicated above for external interfaces are estimated values based on specified assumptions.

Appendix F: Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements

Generation Reserve Holdback (GRH) is an amount of generating capacity that is needed to be held in reserve, to cover for uncertainty in load forecasting, generation availability, and for the effects of special protection schemes and the commissioning of large *generation units*, so that load may be supplied with an acceptable level of *reliability*. The distribution of the Generation Reserve Holdback throughout a year is based upon a method of levelizing the risk of unsupplied load for the peak hour of each week in a year. The probability of failure of units currently in *operation* increases as time progresses but tends to level off after about one month. The GRH that is required to levelize the risk due to generating unit unreliability will, therefore, increase up to a limit as time advances from the present. On occasion, some special protection schemes, and the commissioning of large generating units, can give rise to the potential for unusually high generation contingencies. When these are taken into account, significant GRH variations from week-to-week can result, especially in the near-term.

Therefore, GRH is comprised of the combination of requirements for *operating reserve* (OR), Load Forecast Uncertainty (LFU) and Additional Contingency Allowance (ACA) and is dependent on the day in the assessment period.

Type of Report		Time Period (beginning from present)	Generation Reserve Holdback (MW)
Adequacy Report	(a)	Days 0-2, where day 0 is the current day.	<i>Operating reserve</i> requirement consisting of 30-minute and 10-minute <i>operating reserve</i> requirements.
	(b)	Balance of the first two weeks (3-14 days out)	GRH = operating reserve + LFU + ACA That is, GRH equals the operating reserve Requirement (operating reserve) plus the Load Forecast Uncertainty (LFU) plus the Additional Contingency Allowance (ACA) In this period, the ACA consists of the next largest half contingency beyond the operating reserve requirement. For the Winter Period (December, January and February) a further amount equal to half of the next largest contingency will be added.
	(c)	Covers a total of 11-17 days from day 15 out to the end of Week 4 ²⁰ .	Linear interpolation between (b) and (d), except for the Winter Period when it is the same as (d).

Table F-1: Generation Reserve Holdback Requirements

²⁰ A week runs Monday – Sunday. The current week is defined as Week 0.

Type of Report		Time Period (beginning from present)	Generation Reserve Holdback (MW)
Period beyond the days of the Adequacy Report	(d)	Week 5 (this quantity is not included in the <i>Adequacy</i> Report, but is used to aid in the interpolation for the period from day 15 out to the end of Week 4.	The Week 5 Required Reserve is calculated and <i>published</i> in the Resources <i>Adequacy</i> Assessment Table, located in the "18- Month Outlook" as posted on the <i>IESO</i> website.

- **Total** *operating reserve* (operating reserve) forecast is comprised of the addition of the 30minute *operating reserve* requirement and the 10-minute *operating reserve* requirement.
- Load Forecast Uncertainty (LFU) The process of creating a realistic operational *energy* plan includes taking into account uncertainty in the major forecast components, including Ontario *demand*. Sensitivity to extreme weather conditions subjects the power system to large swings in load, particularly during the summer and winter peak periods. Only weather-related uncertainties are considered. Load Forecast Uncertainty (LFU) is included to reflect this sensitivity in the *adequacy* assessment reports.

LFU is a statistical measure of deviations from the actual Ontario *demand* and can be considered as a target bandwidth for the forecasted error. It follows a normal distribution and is obtained from historical data. One standard deviation of error distribution becomes the factor used to determine LFU. The LFU is determined for both day 3 and for days further out.

In the near-term, the *demand* forecast is derived using a load forecasting tool (for more information on preparing the *demand* forecast, see Appendix B). From day 0 to 10 days out, the current weather forecast is used as the basis for characterizing the forecast day. Beyond 10 days, normal (actual past) weather is used as the basis for characterizing the forecast day.

From day 0 (current day) to 2 days out, there is less uncertainty in the weather forecast, therefore the LFU allowance is not included in this period. From 3 days out and beyond, the weather forecast contains more uncertainty, therefore LFU allowance is included to reflect the uncertainty. As the number of days out increases, uncertainty in the weather forecasted increases.

For 3 days out to day 6, the LFU is a statistical measure of the error variability over the 3 to 6 day period. This data set consists of a calculated error (difference) between the forecasted and actual Ontario *demand* is evaluated to determine one standard deviation for each month. This deviation represents the uncertainty of 6 days out. As the days out decreases, the uncertainties in the forecasted weather decrease. Therefore, the LFU decreases.

For 7 days out and beyond, the LFU is a statistical measure of past monthly Ontario *demand* peaks and monthly *energy* usage. This data set consists of 30 years of recorded actual (normal) weather, Ontario *demand* peaks and *energy* usage. To use this data, the assumption is made that the weather in the future will be similar to the weather in the past. Again, this data is evaluated to determine a standard deviation for each month using the Ontario *demand* peaks. This deviation represents the uncertainty for 7 days out and beyond.

• Additional Contingency Allowance (ACA) is the forecast for *demand* to allow for contingencies. The GRH requirements may be increased for special considerations in near-

term planning, such as uncertainties in return-to-service dates, known problems of operating units, hydraulic flexibility, levels and types of transactions and prevailing weather conditions. Therefore, operability studies considering generation contingencies may also be required to ensure *energy adequacy*.

The Generation Reserve Holdback (GRH) component of the *Demand* Forecast for any given hour or day plays an important role in the decision-making process of the *IESO* and ultimately, for *market participants*. For example, the forecast accuracy of the capacity of *operating reserve* plus the *demand* required to fulfill uncertainties and contingencies in the *operation* of the *IESO*-administered grid impacts directly on requests for *outages* by *market participants*. A consistently adequate supply of generation to meet capacity and *energy* requirements will be maintained in the near-term.

References

Document ID	Document Title	
<u>MDP_RUL_0002</u>	Market Rules for the Ontario Electricity Market	
<u>MDP_PRO_0024</u>	Market Manual 2.8: Reliability Assessments Information Requirements	
IMP_PRO_0024	Market Manual 2.11: 18-Month Outlook and Related Information Requirements	
<u>IMP_PRO_0035</u>	Market Manual 7.3: Outage Management	
MDP_PRO_0014	Market Manual 1.1: Participant Authorization, Maintenance and Exit	
	NERC Reliability Standard BAL-002-1: Disturbance Control Performance	
	NPCC Directory 5: Reserve	

- End of Document -