JUNE 22, 2022

Small Hydro Program Design Feedback & Evolved Design



Purpose

The purpose of this discussion is to inform the community on the evolved design of the Small Hydro Program by:

- Highlighting feedback from the hydroelectric community
- Presenting evolved design ideas
- Reviewing next steps



Refresher: Initial Design Concepts

Initial program design concepts were focused on the following areas:

- Capacity Payments
- Dispatchability
- Tranching
- Contract Length
- Investment



Key Themes from Discussions with Hydroelectric Community

Certainty

- Financial security for capital planning & financing
- Contract provides greater assurance than a program
- Interest in combined forward period and contract period providing an adequate planning horizon

Simplicity

- Preference to maintain status quo
- Straightforward contract and payment structure for ease of understanding and adoption
- Generalize typical investment requirements (avoid need to understand site by site requirements)

Site Limitations

 Limited control over water flow due to operating objectives outside the electricity system



IESO Response to Key Feedback Theme: Certainty

- Key objective of the program is to provide a reasonable revenue stream such that facilities can continue operations
 - This will be provided by total compensation, on average, comparable to Hydroelectric Contract Initiative (HCI) program
- Revenue certainty will be provided through:
 - Fixed capacity payment
 - Energy market risk mitigation
 - Adequate contract term length



IESO Response to Key Feedback Theme: Simplicity

- Simplicity, to the extent possible, will be incorporated
- There is a necessary level of complexity in any electricity supply agreement
- While simplicity is important, providing both a steady stream of revenue and a structure more reflective of system value is a higher priority for the program design
- Program will be generalized and simplified where possible and IESO will be responsive to inquiries



IESO Response to Key Feedback Theme: Site Limitations

- Most facilities have limited flexibility, some have ponding, some are dispatchable
- Program design accommodates a range of flexibility through energy payment structure
 - Resources with flexibility are able to capture higher energy market prices
 - Resources with limited flexibility continue to receive a steady revenue stream



Design Concept #1: Capacity Payments

Feedback	Takeaways	Evolved Design
 Preference to keep existing PPA structure Openness to a capacity payment + energy component Potential for capacity only payment to work if fixed revenue comparable to existing revenues with minimal risk Nameplate or installed capacity generally accepted approach over a UCAP approach to determining capacity Risk of capacity only payment leading to reduced participation in energy market 	 Conceptually no barriers to a capacity style contract, as long as revenue is fixed with minimal risk Reducing energy revenue risk should support overall acceptance of capacity payment 	 Capacity payment with guaranteed energy floor, plus a ceiling Capacity payment based on total expected revenue less energy payment Minimum reasonable capacity factor to be achieved for full capacity payment Under development: Energy floor / ceiling values, reference capacity factor



Design Concept #2: Dispatchability

Feedback	Takeaways	Evolved Design
 Majority of owners can not offer dispatchability Electricity production from these facilities should be considered as baseload energy A few facilities are capable of being dispatchable On-peak/Off-peak incentives viewed as a feasible structure 	- Dispatchability is not feasible at most sites	 Dispatchable resources able to benefit from higher energy market prices through contract structure For facilities that have the potential and interest in becoming dispatchable, the program will support the investment required to become dispatchable Under development: option to elevate ceiling for dispatchable facilities, revenue share above the ceiling or provide capacity payment adder



Design Concept #3: Tranching

Feedback	Takeaways	Evolved Design
 Many thought tranching could have merit, depending on what characteristics were used to group facilities Tranching may lead to unnecessary complexity < 1MW could be a tranche 	 Distinguishing features between groups of facilities under 10MW were not clear Lack of evidence for need or justification to tranche facilities 	 Possibility that no tranches are required Under development: recognizing there are economies of scale, considering adjustments to capacity payments depending on facility size



Design Concept #4: Contract Length

Feedback	Takeaways	Evolved Design
 For some facilities, a 10 year contract was adequate For most facilities, a minimum of 15 or 20 years was required for financing security and investment certainty Concerns around risk to program if contract is not signed until end of existing contract Some support for program review after Market Renewal Implementation (if there is enough data to conduct a meaningful review) Program review should not impact contracts in place 	 Early contracting option needs to be provided Contract longer than 10 years to be considered 	 Owners can terminate existing contract anytime and sign on to new contract within program Contract would end 20 years from program opening (i.e. May 2043) for all facilities, regardless of when they sign contract Program review will not impact contracts that have already been signed



Design Concept #5: Investment

Feedback	Takeaways	Evolved Design
 Interest in being able to apply for upgrades through the contract Concept of adders for Indigenous and Municipal Participation were generally well accepted Some interest in the addition of batteries expressed, but financial viability unknown and site development and integration plans non-existent or in very early stages 	 Facilities are at different stages of the capital asset management cycle Contract payments need to support a base level of reinvestment/sustaining capital Supporting battery investment through program is currently not justified 	 Upgrades enabled if feasible within payment structure, provided facility capacity does not exceed 10 MW (no funding beyond contract payment) Upgraded capacity incorporated into contract under existing terms Expansions currently not included in program, however report back to government will include recommendation to develop approach for expansions Adder for community ownership (including Conservation Authorities) Adder for indigenous ownership Under development: sliding scale or step scale for indigenous or community ownership



Summary of Evolved Design

- Payments: Fixed capacity payment + Energy market revenues
- Enhancements to payments being considered for dispatchability, indigenous and community ownership, economies of scale (exact mechanism to be discussed)
- Contract length up to twenty years if facility signs on at program opening
- Upgrades within payment structure enabled
- Expansions currently not enabled



Next Steps: Small Hydro Program Design

- Report back to Ministry by July 1, 2022
- After a directive is issued to the IESO to move forward with the program, next steps will be:
 - Detailed Design
 - Contract Development
- The detailed design and contract development will be done over several months in consultation with stakeholders



Appendix



Background: Small Hydro Program

	Existing facilities
	Installed capacities of 10MW and below
SCOPE	 Contracts with the IESO or OEFC expiring on or before December 31, 2030 (or have already expired)
	 Provide value for ratepayers and a reasonable revenue stream such that facilities can continue operating
"	By July 1, 2022, the IESO shall provide a report to the Ministry of Energy that contains:
RAB	• Final design, including term and price
DELIVERABLE	Timeline for re-contracting small hydroelectric facilities
DEL	Summary of feedback received during consultation and steps taken to address the feedback
BLE	
ELIGIBLE	Approximately 30 companies, representing around 50 facilities

