

Market Manual 4: Market Operations

Part 4.2: Submission of Dispatch Data in the Real-Time Energy and Operating Reserve Markets

Issue 52.0

This procedure provides guidance to Market Participants on the submission of dispatch data in the Real-Time Energy and Operating Reserve Markets.

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This market manual may contain a summary of a particular market rule. Where provided, the summary has been used because of the length of the market rule itself. The reader should be aware, however, that where a market rule is applicable, the obligation that needs to be met is as stated in the "Market Rules". To the extent of any discrepancy or inconsistency between the provisions of a particular market rule and the summary, the provision of the market rule shall govern.

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Reference (Paragraph and Section)	Description of Change
Section 1.1	Updated dispatch data definition to include capacity based demand response (CBDR) and hourly demand response (HDR) resources
Section 1.3.1	Added information related to HDR resources
Section 1.3.3	Added paragraph related to dispatch data submissions from demand response market participants (DRMPs)
Section 1.3.4	 Added instruction for the submission of ramp values for HDR resources Added paragraph related to demand response energy bids
Section 1.3.6	Changed "Capacity Based Demand Response Offers" subsection title to "Capacity Based Demand Response Bids"
Section 1.4	Added information related to HDR resources
Sections 3.1 and 3.2	Added HDR resources information to procedural steps
Appendix C	Added information related to HDR resources

Market Manuals

The *market manuals* consolidate the market procedures and associated forms, standards, and policies that define certain elements relating to the operation of the *IESO-administered markets*. Market procedures provide more detailed descriptions of the requirements for various activities than is specified in the "Market Rules". Where there is a discrepancy between the requirements in a document within a *market manual* and the "Market Rules", the "Market Rules" shall prevail. Standards and policies appended to, or referenced in, these procedures provide a supporting framework.

Market Procedures

The "Market Operations Manual" is Volume 4 of the *market manuals*, where this document forms "Part 4.2: Submission of dispatch Data in the Real-Time Energy and Operating Reserve Markets".

A list of the other component parts of the "Market Operations Manual" is provided in "Part 4.0: Market Operations Overview", in Section 2, "About This Manual".

Structure of Market Procedures

Each market procedure is composed of the following sections:

- 1. the "Introduction", which contains general information about the procedure, including an overview, a description of the purpose and scope of the procedure, and information about the roles and responsibilities of the parties involved in the procedure;
- 2. the "**Procedural Work Flow**", which contains a graphical representation of the steps and flow of information within the procedure;
- 3. the "Procedural Steps", which contains a table that describes each step and provides other details related to each step; and
- 4. the "Appendices", which may include such items as forms, standards, policies, and agreements.

Conventions

The *market manual* standard conventions are as defined in the "Market Manual Overview" document.

- End of Section -

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document provides *market participants* with the information necessary for submitting *dispatch data* in the real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets. The submission of *dispatch data* for a *registered facility*, other than a *boundary entity*, is the responsibility of the *market participant* who is registered with the *IESO* as the *registered market participant* for a specific *facility*. All references within this document to a *market participant*, in the context of submitting *dispatch data* for a *registered facility*, other than a *boundary entity*, should be taken to mean the *registered market participant*. (Refer to "Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance & Exit, Part 1.2: Facility Registration, Maintenance & De-registration" for more information on this process.)

Market participants may also submit dispatch data for boundary entity resources where they have previously registered the capability to import and/or export energy (and/or import operating reserve) through a boundary entity, as part of the participant authorization process. (Refer to "Market Manual 1.1: Participant Authorization, Maintenance & Exit "for more information on this process.)

Dispatch data consists of:

- offers to provide energy and operating reserve by a dispatchable generation facility, a capacity based demand response (CBDR) resource, or a boundary entity;
- bids to take energy and offers to provide operating reserve by a market participant having a dispatchable load facility, or a boundary entity;
- bids to reduce energy withdrawals by a market participant having an hourly demand response (HDR) resource;
- self-schedules for the provision of *energy* by self-scheduling *generation facilities*, and transitional scheduling *generators*;
- forecasts for the energy expected to be provided by intermittent generators; and
- installed capacity net outages and derates to be provided by variable generators.

This *market manual* also provides a procedure for changing *dispatch data*, and describes the steps followed by the *IESO* for processing *dispatch data* and changes and its subsequent publication of the System Status Report and *pre-dispatch schedule* (and notification to scheduled *market participants*).

1.2 Scope

This market manual is intended to provide market participants with a summary of the steps and interfaces between market participants, the IESO, and other parties for submitting dispatch data in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets. The procedural work flows and steps described in this document serve as a roadmap for market participants and the IESO, and reflect the requirements set out in the market rules and applicable IESO policies and standards.

The procedure does not apply when the *IESO-administered markets* are suspended. See Market Manual 4.5: Market Suspension and Resumption for more information on the processes to be followed in this situation.

The overview information in Section 1.3, below, is provided for context purposes only, highlighting the main actions that comprise the procedure as set out in Section 2.

Transmission system information to be provided by *transmitters* ("Market Rules", Chapter 7, Section 3.4.2 and Section 3.9), is not included as part of this *market manual*.

1.3 Overview of the Real-Time Energy and Operating Reserve Markets

The real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets are electricity markets administrated by the *IESO*, which, for purposes of submitting and revising *dispatch data*, operate in advance of and up to the *dispatch hour*. Based on this *dispatch data*, the *IESO* determines *dispatch instructions* for each registered *facility* and *boundary entity* as the primary means of coordinating the operation of the *physical markets* during the *dispatch hour*. The *IESO* continues to perform administrative tasks relative to these markets, such as the *settlements* functions, after the *dispatch hour*.

Dispatch data in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets consists of offers to
provide energy and/or operating reserve, bids for the withdrawal of energy (dispatchable
loads), bids to reduce energy withdrawals (HDRs and CBDR), self-schedules and forecasts
for the provision of energy.

Dispatch data for the real-time energy and operating reserve markets is submitted separately, but follows the same procedure and is therefore discussed together for purposes of this document.

Each applicable market participant may submit dispatch data for its registered facilities for any or all hours of a dispatch day subject to the limitations set out in this manual.

1.3.1 Offers and Bids for Energy and Offers for Operating Reserve in the Real-Time Energy Markets

There are four types of *market participants* who may submit *offers* and *bids* for *energy* or, in addition, *offers* for *operating reserve* in the real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets (Ch.7, Sections 3.4.1.1 and 3.4.1.2 of the *market rules*):

- **generators** having dispatchable generation facilities, who submit offers to provide energy or, in addition, operating reserve for registered facilities;
- market participants with dispatchable loads <u>submitting</u> bids to take energy or, in addition, offers to provide operating reserve for registered facilities;
- market participants with HDR resources submitting bids to reduce energy withdrawals;
 and
- market participants with a boundary entity capability who submit bids and offers to import energy to, export energy from, and/or, in addition, import operating reserve to, the Ontario market.

Additionally, the *IESO* may include voltage reductions and reductions in the *thirty-minute operating* reserve requirements within allowable reliability standards as standing offers in the operating reserve markets subject to the following conditions:

- the *IESO* shall introduce such standing *offers* in increasing quantities (Ch.5, s. 4.5.6A.1 of the *market rules*);
- the prices and quantities of the standing *offers* shall be determined by the *IESO Board* (Ch.5, s. 4.5.6A.2 of the *market rules*);
- the *IESO Board* may specify the circumstances under which any one or more of the quantities may either be withdrawn or not introduced, and the manner in which any such withdrawal will be effected (Ch.5, s. 4.5.6A.3 of the *market rules*); and
- the prices and quantities of the standing *offers* set by the *IESO Board* shall be monitored by the *IESO* to assess their impacts and so that any changes to the prices and quantities would be recommended to the *IESO Board* as necessary (Ch.5, s. 4.5.6A.5 of the market rules).

Market participants may submit initial offers to supply energy and operating reserve, bids to reduce energy withdrawals, or bids to take energy, for any or all dispatch hours of a dispatch day. Dispatch data is submitted using the web-based market participant interface. See the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for detailed information as to how to operate this interface. In the event that the Market Participant Interface is unavailable, the IESO will follow a contingency plan for the submission of dispatch data (see Appendix D) (Ch.7, s. 3.2.1 of the market rules).

A market participant may submit only one offer to supply energy, or one bid to take energy or to reduce energy withdrawals, with respect to a given registered facility for any dispatch hour. If more than one offer or bid is submitted for a given registered facility in a given dispatch hour, only the latest valid and accepted offer or bid will be considered (Ch.7, s. 3.5.1 of the market rules).

A market participant must provide dispatch data to the IESO for all registered facilities for which dispatch data is required even if that market participant has all sales or purchases of energy covered by a physical bilateral contract (Ch.7, s. 3.3.1 and 3.3.12 of the market rules).

There are three classes of operating reserve that may be offered: 10-minute synchronized operating reserve, 10-minute non-synchronized operating reserve, and 30-minute operating reserve. Each offer to provide operating reserve must be accompanied by a corresponding energy offer or energy bid that covers the same megawatt (MW) range (Ch.7, s. 3.6.3 of the market rules). The classes of operating reserve for which a market participant can submit dispatch data with respect to a specific registered facility, other than a boundary entity, are established during the market entry process. See "Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance & Exit, Part 1.2: Facility Registration, Maintenance & De-registration". Boundary entities are registered through the Participant Authorization process (see "Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance and Exit, Part 1.1 Participant Registration, Maintenance and Exit") and are allowed to submit dispatch data for export/import of energy and import of non-synchronized operating reserve.

If the dispatch data provided for a registered facility for a given trading day of a trading week will not change from trading week to trading week, the registered market participant for that registered facility may submit standing dispatch data (i.e. standing offers and standing bids) for that registered facility (Ch.7, s. 3.3.9 of the market rules). Standing dispatch data must be submitted prior to 06.00 EST on the pre-dispatch day and include the offer or bid for each dispatch hour of each dispatch day being submitted.

Standing *dispatch data* will remain in effect until the day after the expiration date specified in the standing *dispatch data*, unless withdrawn earlier by the *market participant* or revised by the *market participant* (Ch.7, s. 3.3.9.2 of the *market rules*):

- as standing dispatch data prior to 06:00 EST on the pre-dispatch day; or
- through the process of submitting daily *dispatch data* described in this procedure.

Generators having generation facilities operable in segregated mode of operation are responsible for submitting requests for segregation and for making revisions, as required, to dispatch data within the specified timeframe (see "Market Rules", Appendix 7.7 and Section 1.3.6 of this manual).

1.3.2 Energy Schedules and Forecasts

There are four types of *market participants* who must submit *energy* schedules or *energy* forecasts in the real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets (Ch.7, s. 3.4.1 of the *market rules*):

- generators having self-scheduling generation facilities must submit dispatch data indicating the amount of energy to be provided by each self-scheduling generation facility in each dispatch hour;
- generators having intermittent generators must submit a forecast of the amount of energy that they expect to be injected in each dispatch hour;
- **generators** having variable generation must submit dispatch data indicating the total installed capacity net any derates or outages in each dispatch hour; and
- **generators** having transitional scheduling generators must submit dispatch data indicating the amount of energy to be provided by each transitional scheduling generator in each dispatch hour.

These energy schedules and forecasts are submitted through the schedule template in Appendix B.

1.3.3 Timing of the Real-Time Energy and Operating Reserve Markets

Dispatch data may be submitted, without restriction, from 06:00 EST on the pre-dispatch day until two hours prior to the dispatch hour for which the submitted data applies (Ch.7, s. 3.3.1 and 3.3.3 of the market rules). Market participants may also submit standing dispatch data instructions to the IESO where these instructions will not change from trading week to trading week (Ch.7, s. 3.3.9 of the market rules). The IESO will apply these instructions, for the duration specified by the market participant, without further instructions being required from the market participant.

Standing *dispatch data* for specified *dispatch hours* of a *dispatch day* may be submitted at any time in advance of 06:00 EST on the pre-*dispatch day*. However, standing *dispatch data* submitted in advance will not be processed by the *IESO* until 06:00 EST on the pre-*dispatch day* (the day prior to the *dispatch day* to which the data applies). Revisions to initial *dispatch data* may be made without restriction until two hours prior to the start of the *dispatch hour* for which the *dispatch data* applies (Ch.7, s. 3.3.9.2 of the *market rules*).

The process for submitting *dispatch data* and unrestricted changes is given in Section 2.1. The timing of events is as set out below:

1. *Market participants* submit standing *dispatch data* without restriction in advance of the *dispatch* day.

- 2. At 06:00 EST on the *pre-dispatch* day, the *IESO* begins processing *dispatch* data for the *dispatch* day. At this time all valid *bids* and *offers* for the *dispatch* day (including valid standing *offers* and *bids* received prior to 06:00 EST on the *pre-dispatch* day) will be considered. *Market participants* may continue submitting *dispatch* data for use in the *dayahead commitment process* (*DACP*) until 10:00 EST (Ch.7, s. 3.3A of the market rules).
- 3. After 10:00 EST, the *IESO* will begin the *DACP*. Refer to Market Manual 9: Day-Ahead Commitment Process, Part 9.2, Submitting Operational and Market Data for DACP, for more information on restrictions that apply to the submission of *dispatch data* during *DACP* (10:00 EST to 14:00 EST).
- 4. After 14:00 EST, market participants may continue to submit dispatch data and revisions for any dispatch hour or hours in the dispatch day subject to the restrictions set out in this manual, until two hours prior to the dispatch hour for which the dispatch data or revision is being submitted (Ch.7, s. 3.3.3 of the market rules).
- 5. After 15:00 EST the *IESO* will begin the initial *pre-dispatch* process, which will be completed by 16:00 EST. All *dispatch data* that has been received and validated at this time will be used in the *pre-dispatch* process.
- 6. As revisions to the *dispatch data* are made, subsequent publications and releases of the *pre-dispatch* schedule will be necessary to reflect their impact on the *pre-dispatch* results. Following each hour in which such revisions occur, the *IESO* will again initiate the *pre-dispatch* process as necessary and provide any applicable notification and publication when appropriate based on material changes. This process will continue, with the *IESO* making subsequent publications and release of the pre-dispatch schedule, as revisions require (Ch.7, s. 3.5.1 of the *market rules*). (Refer to Appendix E for further information on the process for pre-dispatch schedule production and publication.)
- 7. Following the initial publication and release of the *pre-dispatch* schedule, and then as appropriate on subsequent publications and releases based on material changes, the *IESO* will publish the associated projected *market prices* for *energy* and each class of *operating reserve* and the associated projected *market schedule* (Ch.7, s. 5.4 of the *market rules*). The *IESO* must release the *pre-dispatch* schedule for each individual *registered facility* only to the market participant who submitted the information for that facility (Ch.7, s. 5.5 of the market rules). (Refer to Appendix E for further information on the process for *pre-dispatch* production and publication.)

Market participants may make changes to their dispatch data if the following conditions are met (Ch.7, s. 3.3 of the market rules).

8. From two hours prior to the *dispatch* hour until 60 minutes prior to commencement of the *dispatch* hour: a change to *bids* and *offers* relating to a *boundary entity* may be accepted by the *IESO* if the conditions of the *market rules* are met and if the change complies with the

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¹ The IESO intends to run pre-dispatch hourly to set the interchange schedules for interchange and the intention is to publish the results of each pre-dispatch run.

- *IESO Short Notice Change Criteria* (see Appendix C)². Market mechanisms are to be used as much as possible to solve problems with the *pre-dispatch* schedule.
- 9. From two hours prior to the *dispatch* hour, until 10 minutes prior to the commencement of the *dispatch* hour: a change to *dispatch data* relating to a *registered facility*, other than a *boundary entity*, may be accepted by the *IESO* if the conditions of the *market rules* are met and the change complies with the *IESO* Short Notice Change Criteria (see Appendix C).
- 10. Market mechanisms are to be used as much as possible to solve problems with the *pre-dispatch* schedule.

The IESO may reject any dispatch data or revision to dispatch data submitted by a market participant, or may direct a market participant to submit or resubmit a revision to the quantity element of its dispatch data, or both, if system security or local area reliability considerations require such an action (Ch.7, s. 3.3.10, 3.3.12 and 3.3.13 of the market rules). Market participants should consult the System Status Report (SSR) for any applicable advisories, warnings and problems.

A market participant must submit revised dispatch data to the IESO as soon as practical for any of its registered facilities if, for any dispatch hour in the current pre-dispatch schedule, the quantity of any physical service scheduled for that registered facility differs from the quantity the market participant expects to be delivered or withdrawn by more than the greater of 2% of the dispatch instruction or 10 MW³ (Ch.7, s. 3.3.8 of the market rules). Dispatch data revisions are not required for:

- the current hour;
- the next hour when it is less than 10 minutes to the start of the hour; and
- an hour when it is reasonably expected that the *dispatch data* deviation will be eliminated mid-hour because the limitation will end.

However, in such cases, the *market participant* is required to notify the *IESO* of such *dispatch data* deviation (see Market Manual 4.3: Real Time Scheduling of the Physical Markets, sections 1.8.1 and 1.8.5).

If the quantity of *demand response* that can be delivered by an *HDR* resource differs from the submitted *demand response energy bid* by 5 MW for any *dispatch hour*, the *demand response market participant (DRMP)* must submit revised *dispatch data* to the *IESO* as soon as practical. The *DRMP* must also notify the *IESO* via telephone as soon as practical of such *dispatch data* revisions when the *IESO* has issued an activation notice to the *DRMP* for that *HDR* resource.

Generation Units with Start-Up Delays

The current optimization algorithm for *pre-dispatch* does not take into account the inherent start-up delays of fossil *generation units* and may schedule these units without consideration to the time required to prepare and synchronize to the *IESO-controlled grid*.

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² The 60 minute cut-off reflects the fact that the interchange schedule is set by the last pre-dispatch schedule run for the hour before the dispatch hour.

³ In some situations (e.g. when an *Emergency Operating State* is anticipated), the *IESO* may request that the *market participants* submit *dispatch data* that is more accurate than allowed by these criteria.

If such *generation units* are scheduled by *pre-dispatch* within a timeframe that does not accommodate their start-up delay, *market participants* are obligated to withdraw the *dispatch data* for these units for the hours in which they are not able to synchronize to the *IESO-controlled grid*.

- If, for the foregoing reasons, market participants seek to withdraw dispatch data, the IESO will authorize a withdrawal of dispatch data:
 - o in the mandatory window, if the units have a start-up delay of less than 2 hours; and
 - o if such withdrawal does not pose a risk in relation to the *reliability* or *security* of the *electricity system*.

For generation units with a start-up delay of more than 2 hours, market participants should withdraw dispatch data not less than 2 hours prior to the dispatch hour. The IESO will authorize withdrawal of dispatch data in the mandatory windows only if the withdrawal complies with the IESO Short Notice Change Criteria (see Appendix C).

Replacement Energy Offers Program

The Replacement Energy Offers program (Ch. 7, Sec. 3.3.4B & 3.3.4C of the *market rules*) allows registered market participants whose hydroelectric generation facility, combined cycle generation facility, enhanced combined cycle facility or cogeneration facility experiences a forced outage to submit revised dispatch data for a related generation facility, with respect to any dispatch hour up until 10 minutes prior to the beginning of that dispatch hour. If the revised dispatch data is submitted less than 10 minutes prior to the beginning of that dispatch hour, the revised dispatch data will apply to the subsequent dispatch hour.

Related *generation facilities* are *generation facilities* that, in the case of a hydroelectric *generation facility*, can utilize the water of the *generation facility* experiencing the *forced outage* without delay. In the case of combined cycle *facilities*, *enhanced combined cycle facilities* or *cogeneration facilities*, related *generation facilities* are *generation facilities* that can make up the loss in steam production to the steam turbine unit that would otherwise have been produced by the gas turbine unit experiencing the *forced outage*.

The submission of the revised *dispatch data* must take place no later than one hour after the *generation facility* experiences the *forced outage* and is limited to a maximum of the MW amount that had been offered by the generation facility experiencing the *forced outage*.

The registered *market participant* must notify the *IESO* via telephone to report the *outage* (as per the *outage* process), and make a verbal request to participate in the *Replacement Energy Offers* program. The *market participant* must then indicate which *generation facility* is expected to be unavailable, the affected MW amount and which *generation facility* will replace the unavailable MW. Where the related *generation facility* is not synchronized the *market participant* must notify the *IESO* of its intention to synchronize the related *generation facility*.

Note: The Replacement Energy Offers program is not available for day-ahead production cost guarantees (DA-PCGs). It is available for real-time generation cost guarantees (RT-GCGs), as long as the replacement unit can meet the eligibility requirements of the original unit.

In the interim period, before the *dispatch data* is processed by the market tools, the *IESO* shall accept the replacement energy from the r elated *generation facility* for the facility that has been forced out, provided there is no adverse impact on the reliability of the *IESO-controlled grid*.

The related *generation facility* that is specified for replacement energy must have the same *metered* market participant as the *generation facility* experiencing the forced outage. In addition, both *generation facilities* must have the same *registered market participant*.

1.3.4 The Structure of Dispatch Data

Energy Offers and Bids

Each energy offer and energy bid for real time must contain at least 2 and may contain up to 20 price-quantity pairs for each dispatch hour. Price is to be expressed in dollars and whole cents per megawatt-hour (MWh), and the quantity in megawatts (MW) per hour.

For generation facilities that have registered forbidden regions with the IESO, price-quantity pairs for each dispatch hour must respect these regions, such that the submitted price quantity pairs must include a quantity equal to each of the lower and upper limits of each forbidden region within the offer range. Dispatch data submissions that do not respect such information will be rejected by the IESO for the affected generation facility and for the affected dispatch hour(s) (Ch. 7, S2.2.6A of the market rules). Should a market participant wish to operate a facility below its registered minimum loading point (PMIN) an outage slip is to be submitted to derate the facility to the output desired 2 hours prior to the derate. This is to be done in conjunction with and at the same time as submission of offers to economically schedule the facility to this desired output. Operating reserve is unavailable when a generation facility operates below its minimum loading point.

Note: The *outage* start and end times corresponds to the period of time the *market participant* wishes the *facility* to operate below PMIN.

In the case of *generation facilities* participating in the Real-Time Generation Cost Guarantee (RT-GCG) program (also known as Spare Generation On Line or SGOL), the *offer price* in the *price-quantity pairs* corresponding to the *minimum loading point* for all hours of the *minimum generation block run-time* must be the same until after the IESO has constrained on the generation facility.

Offers reflecting flexible nuclear generation are to be submitted when the nuclear generator determines, at its own discretion, that the unit has such capability under normal operations without requiring a unit shutdown and while respecting safety, equipment, environmental and regulatory restrictions. For nuclear generation facilities, the offer price in the price-quantity pair corresponding to flexible nuclear generation, when available, must be no less than -\$5/MWh.

Offers in respect of variable generation are to be submitted in the following manner:

The offer price in the price-quantity pair corresponding to Solar and Wind resources (excluding the last 10% of the available capacity of a wind facility) must be no less than -\$10/MWh.

The offer price in the price-quantity pair corresponding to the last 10% of the available capacity of a wind facility must be no less than -\$15/MWh.

The IESO will attempt to provide market participants with flexibility for all IESO-approved planned testing, provided:

- There are no reliability concerns; and
- The scope of the test (including the scope of any potential changes to the test plan) has been identified by the market participant at the time of the original submission.

Normally, dispatchable generators are expected to *offer* at an appropriate price to be scheduled for the full capability of the test unit, and to use *outage* requests to derate the test unit to the required test output levels.

To ensure full capability for the test, the offer price in the price-quantity pair corresponding to solar and wind resources during an IESO-approved planned test may be less than -\$15/MWh for the duration of the test.

The quantity in the case of a registered facility other than a boundary entity, must be expressed in MW (or MWh/hour) to one decimal place and not be less than 0.0 MW (or 0.0 MWh/hour). In the case of a registered facility that is a boundary entity, quantities must be expressed in whole MW (or MWh/hour) and not be less than 0 MW (or 0 MWh/hour). The quantity in the first price-quantity pair within each bid must be set at 0.0 MW or 0 MW as applicable (Ch.7, s. 3.5.3 of the market rules).

Prices may be negative with such negative prices meaning (Ch.7, s. 3.5.4 of the market rules):

- in an *energy offer*, that the registered *market participant* is willing to pay up to that price for each MWh of *energy* it injects rather than reduce its output (Ch.7, s. 3.5.4.1 of the *market rules*); and
- in an *energy bid,* that the registered *market participant* is willing to take or dispose of excess *energy,* but only if paid at least that price for each excess MWh taken or disposed of (Ch.7, s. 3.5.4.2 of the *market rules*).

Each energy offer or energy bid for a registered facility, other than a boundary entity, may contain up to five sets of ramp quantity and ramp up/ramp down values for each dispatch hour. Each energy offer or energy bid for a boundary entity does not have to specify a ramp rate. The ramp quantity in each set must specify the maximum MW quantity at which the corresponding ramp rate values apply. The ramp quantities must be expressed in megawatts (MW) to one decimal place and must be greater than 0.0 MW. The ramp up and ramp down values must be expressed in MW/minute and must be greater than 0.0 MW/minute. The laminations corresponding to such sets may be different from those of the price-quantity pairs contained in the energy bid or energy offer (Ch.7, s. 3.5.5 of the market rules).

Participants, who are registered for Compliance Aggregation, have further requirements with respect to their offered ramp rates. These requirements are discussed in Market Manual 4.3, Section 1.12.

DRMPs must submit ramp up and ramp down values for each *HDR* resource that is equal to the *demand response capacity* of the *HDR* resource. For example, an *HDR* resource with a *demand response capacity* of 10 MW would submit ramp up and ramp down values of 10 MW/minute.

The largest quantity in any *energy offer* or *energy bid* for any *dispatch hour* must be at least 1 MWh but must not exceed the lesser of (Ch.7, s. 3.5.6 of the *market rules*):

- the maximum output of energy in an hour indicated in the registration information for the relevant registered facility;
- the maximum quantity of energy that can be supplied (for an energy offer), reduced (for a
 bid to reduce energy withdrawals) or taken (for an energy bid) in that dispatch hour by the
 registered facility, as estimated by the registered market participant for that registered
 facility; or

- the maximum allowed injection (for an energy offer) or withdrawal (for an energy bid) in that dispatch hour through the relevant connection point, as limited by the lesser of:
 - the capacity of any radial line connecting the registered facility to the connection point;
 - the maximum injection or withdrawal as specified in the *connection agreement* applicable to the *registered facility*; or
 - o the maximum injection or withdrawal permitted by the relevant *transmitter*.

A registered market participant offering energy may submit dispatch data for a specified registered facility specifying a maximum amount of energy that can be scheduled by the IESO for that registered facility over a dispatch day (referred to as the Daily Energy Limit or DEL). Such a limit shall be used in the day-ahead commitment process and the pre-dispatch schedule and only for the purpose of providing information that the registered market participant may use as a basis to revise its energy offers in subsequent submissions (Ch.7, s. 3.5.7 of the market rules).

The submission of the DEL by the *market participant* is voluntary. If a *market participant* does not wish to submit a DEL, leave the field blank and the tool will assume an infinite amount of energy available for scheduling. If a *market participant* chooses to submit a DEL, it must accurately reflect the capability of the facility for the given day. If the value input is no longer accurate, the *market participant* must revise the DEL, as soon as practical, to an accurate value or remove it. Once input, the only way a *market participant* can remove the value is by deleting the existing value, leaving the DEL blank. A value of 0 does not remove the DEL and will result in inaccurate data. A value of 0 indicates that the *generation facility* has no *energy* that can be scheduled.

Every submission of dispatch data with respect to a generation facility (including a self-scheduling generation facility, an intermittent generator or a transitional scheduling generator) or a boundary entity shall specify a market price of energy, in \$/MWh, at and below which the IESO may instruct the facility to reduce its energy output to zero. Such price may be zero or negative but may not be less than negative MMCP (Ch.7, s. 3.4.4 of the market rules).

Every submission of dispatch data with respect to a dispatchable load facility or a boundary entity shall specify a market price of energy, in \$/MWh, at and above which the IESO may instruct the facility to reduce its energy withdrawals to zero. Such price shall not be greater than MMCP (Ch.7, s. 3.4.5 of the market rules).

Every submission of *dispatch data* with respect to a *bid* to reduce *energy* withdrawals shall specify a *market price* of *energy*, in \$/MWh, at and above which the *IESO* may instruct the *facility* to reduce its *energy* withdrawals by the total offered quantity. Such price shall not be greater than *MMCP*. (Ch.7, s. 3.4.5 of the *market rules*)

A demand response energy bid is a bid greater than the demand response bid price threshold and less than the MMCP. The demand response bid price threshold is \$100/MWh. A DRMP wanting to meet its demand response capacity obligation must submit a demand response energy bid equal to the demand response capacity obligation for either a(n):

- dispatchable load;
- HDR resource; or
- combination of both,

for all hours of the availability window of the *commitment period* (as specified in Market Manual 12: Demand Response Auction).

A registered market participant may, for any one or more of its registered facilities that is a dispatchable load facility, identify all or a portion of the consumption at such registered facilities as non-dispatchable load by submitting dispatch data for the non-dispatchable portion at the maximum market clearing price (MMCP) (Ch.7, s. 3.3.18 of the market rules). A dispatchable load that needs to change its load status, in whole, may also identify its consumption as non-dispatchable by removing all bids for the hours in which it wishes to be considered non-dispatchable. If the dispatchable load cannot assume this process without changes to its current tools or processes, it may continue to identify its whole consumption as non-dispatchable by bidding its consumption at the maximum market clearing price (MMCP).

If dispatch data changes are required during the mandatory window to effect a change to or from dispatchable status by removing bids, the dispatchable load is required to contact the IESO to indicate the reason for its load status change. The dispatchable load will automatically be dispatched to 0 MW in the first interval (Interval 1) of the first hour that does not have dispatch data. The dispatchable load is required to ignore this 0 MW dispatch instruction to confirm its intention to becoming non-dispatchable. The IESO will consider the load as non-dispatchable until new bids are submitted, resulting in a new dispatch instruction (see also Appendix C.2.2 "Mandatory Window Submission").

The quantity in any dispatch hour, for a bid from a dispatchable load that expects to be withdrawing energy for only part of that dispatch hour, shall reflect its average value at normal production, when up and its operating reserve offer shall reflect its minimum dispatchable consumption during the dispatch hour, or zero if bidding its entire energy bid at MMCP.

A *dispatchable load is* expected to follow the *dispatch* instructions associated with *the dispatchable* portion of the *bid.* See Market Manual 4.3: Real-Time Scheduling of the Physical Markets for more details.

When a *market participant* whose *generation facility* is expected to undergo a test⁴ submits *dispatch data* for any hour of the test, the *market participant* must offer an amount that equals the expected hourly average *energy* delivery of that *generating facility*. Where the test is instantly recallable, these *generation facilities* are allowed to participate in the *operating reserve market*. This is acceptable as long as the *market participant* ensures that the sum between the maximum *energy* expected to be produced during the hour and the *operating reserve* offered during the hour does not exceed the maximum amount that the unit can produce that hour.

See Appendix B for content requirements of dispatch data.

OR Offers

A registered market participant may not submit, for any registered facility, more than one offer to provide each class of operating reserve in any dispatch hour (Ch.7, s. 3.6.1 of the market rules). Additionally, if a registered facility determines that it will be operating below its reserve loading point for the entire dispatch hour, it shall not submit offers to provide operating reserve for the dispatch hour, and if it already has submitted any such offers, it shall revise its dispatch data by withdrawing them. (Ch.7, s. 3.3.8 and Appendix 7.3 section 1.1.4 of the market rules).

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⁴ For more on *dispatch data* submission for *generator* tests with immediate recall, refer to "Market Manual 7.3: Outage Management", Section 1.3.14.1.

An offer to provide operating reserve must contain at least 2 and may contain up to five price-quantity pairs for each class of operating reserve for each dispatch hour. The quantity in each price-quantity pair in the case of a registered facility other than a boundary entity shall be expressed in MW to one decimal place and shall not be less than 0.0 MW, and, in the case of a registered facility that is a boundary entity, must be expressed in whole MW and must not be less than 0 MW. The price in each price-quantity pair shall be expressed in \$ and whole cents/MW and shall be not more than the Maximum Operating Reserve Price (MORP) and not less than 0.00 \$/MW. The quantity in the first price-quantity pair within each offer must be set at 0.0 MW or 0 MW (or 0.0 MWh/hour or 0 MWh/hour) as applicable (Ch.7, s. 3.6.2 of the market rules).

Each offer to provide operating reserve shall be accompanied by a corresponding energy offer or energy bid that covers the same MW range (Ch.7, s. 3.6.3 of the market rules).

See Appendix B for content requirements of dispatch data.

Energy Schedules and Forecasts

A registered market participant must submit the following dispatch data for each self-scheduling generation facility, transitional scheduling generator, and intermittent generator that it has registered with the IESO detailing (Ch.7, ss. 3.7, 3.8, and 3.8A of the market rules) either:

- the amount of energy (in MWh) that it reasonably expects to be provided by the selfscheduling generation facility and the transitional scheduling generator for each dispatch hour; or
- o its best forecast of the amount of *energy* (in MWh) that the *intermittent generator* will inject in each *dispatch hour*; or
- o the total installed capacity of the *variable generation*, net any derates or *outages* that have been submitted through the outage process; and
- o the price for energy (in \$/MWh) below which it reasonably expects to reduce the energy output of the *self-scheduling generation facility, intermittent generator*, or *transitional scheduling generator* to zero⁵ (Ch.7, s. 3.4.4A of the market rules).

See Appendix B for content requirements of dispatch data.

Standing Dispatch Data

In addition to the items noted above for *energy offers* and *bids* and *operating reserve offers*, standing *dispatch data* submitted to the *IESO* may specify an expiration date. This is the last date the standing *dispatch data* will be processed by the *IESO*, unless earlier withdrawn or revised by the *registered market participant*. This standing *dispatch data* will be processed at 06:00 EST on the expiration date and will be available to the market for another day, the next day (Ch.7, s. 3.3.9 of the *market rules*).

See Appendix B for content requirements of dispatch data.

⁵ This price may not be less than negative MMCP. A price must be provided; otherwise *dispatch data* will be rejected.

1.3.5 Dispatch Data for Importing and Exporting Energy and Importing Operating Reserve

Dispatch data submitted for the purposes of trading between the IESO-administered real-time energy and operating reserve markets and other jurisdictions shall broadly follow the same process as that used to submit dispatch data for the real-time energy and operating reserve markets within Ontario. A market participant can offer (import) energy into the Ontario market and bid (export) energy from the Ontario market. However, a market participant can only offer (import) operating reserve into the Ontario market – it cannot bid (export) operating reserve out of the Ontario market. Market participants can export energy to the United States only if they have a valid National Energy Board export authorization (Ch.7, s. 2.2.7 of the market rules).

Market participants wishing to import energy and/or operating reserve into, or export energy from, the Ontario market must register the capability to so with the IESO as part of the participant authorization process. The IESO records this capability once the market participant is authorized and will validate any bids or offers received from a market participant against this initial registration information (or any subsequent updates). See "Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance & Exit, Part 1.1: Participant Authorization, Maintenance & Exit" for more information on the process of registering a boundary entity capability (Ch.7, s. 2.2.7 of the market rules).

Boundary Entity Resources

With all import/export *interchange schedules*, data submissions with respect to imports or exports must be associated with one of the *boundary entity* resources that have been established in the *IESO*'s market systems for this purpose. This is in contrast to intra-Ontario trading, which uses resources created as part of the Market entry process.

The IESO has established a list of boundary entity resources for which dispatch data can be submitted to facilitate import and export interchange schedules. The number of resources created reflects the maximum expected number of interchange schedules that any one participant would initiate between Ontario and the control area the boundary entity resource represents. Each boundary entity resource allows at least 2 and up to 20 price-quantity pairs for bids and offers for energy and at least 2 and up to 5 price-quantity pairs for operating reserve.

For each bid or offer, the market participant must specify the tie point and (boundary entity) resource for the interchange schedule. Both operation considerations (such as the radial nature of the Quebec interties) and commercial considerations (including the appropriate treatment of taxes) mean that the resources created at specific representations are intended to support specific interchange schedule types between Ontario and other control areas. Appendix F lists the available boundary entity resources that should be used when submitting bids and offers for intertie interchange schedules. Energy imports should use boundary entity resources identified as "Source", while energy exports should use boundary entity resources identified as "Sink". Operating reserve imports may use boundary entities identified as either "Source" or "Sink", depending on whether the associated energy interchange schedule is an import or an export.

The *boundary entity* resources detailed in Appendix F are available to all *market participants* who have registered the capability to import or export *energy* and import *operating reserve*. Each of these *market participants* can associate a *bid* or *offer* to import or export *energy* and *operating*

⁶ For more information please visit the National Energy Board web page at <u>www.neb-one.gc.ca</u>.

reserve against any of these boundary entity resources. For example, different market participants who wished to export energy to Michigan could choose to use the same MI.LUDINGTON.SINK.1 boundary entity resource and specify the Michigan tie point. Similarly, different market participants who wished to import energy into Ontario may choose to use the same boundary entity resource (e.g. NY.ROSETON.SOURCE.2 for imports from New York). The market participant name associated with the dispatch data will uniquely identify intertie interchange schedules that use the same boundary entity resource.

Due to scheduling restrictions⁷ imposed by the *IESO*, market participants scheduling imports on the Beauharnois interface are required to use only the boundary entity resources PQ.BEAUHARNOIS.SOURCE.01-10.

Ramp Rates

Market participants do not need to specify ramp rates for any of their bid or offer associated with a boundary entity resource.

e-Tagging

An e-Tag ID⁸ must be submitted with each *bid* or *offer* and the e-Tag must be submitted through the e-tagging system in accordance with *NERC* reliability standards (Appendix.7.1, s. 1.2.11 of the *market rules*). Operation in segregated mode with Hydro Quebec also requires submission of e-Tags in accordance with *IESO* requirements.

Appendix G comprises some Ontario specific requirements for e-Tags.

*e-Tag*s must be submitted at least 30 minutes⁹ prior to *dispatch hour*¹⁰. However, *market participants* are encouraged to submit e-Tags as soon as possible after submitting their *bid* or *offer* to support the validation processes described below.

Early submission will provide the *IESO* with the greatest opportunity to validate *bids* and *offers* and notify *market participants* of the outcome. *Market participants* cannot revise the resource to which a *bid* or *offer* has been associated to reflect a e-Tag replacement within the 2 hour window prior to dispatch without *IESO* approval. Refer to Market Manual 4.3: Real-Time Scheduling of the Physical Markets for more information on the e-Tag submission process.

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⁷ The restrictions are a result of operating circuits B31L and B5D in the "bi-directional" mode, which means that the *IESO* will simultaneously schedule segregated mode of operation exports on B31L and imports on B5D.

⁸ The Transaction ID is not the tag itself rather the unique ID # that will be used when an e-Tag is submitted through the e-Tag system.

⁹Market Participants are responsible for submitting or adjusting impacted *e-Tag*s early enough for the tags to be in the IDC database by 35 minutes prior to the *dispatch hour* when a Transmission Loading Relief (TLR) procedure has been activated.

¹⁰ NERC reliability standard INT-001 for *interchange schedules* requires that tags be submitted at least 20 minutes prior to the start of the *interchange schedule* for *interchange schedules* that are less than or equal to 1 hour in duration. However, to ensure effective *interchange schedule* coordination between *control areas* and minimize the number of failed *interchange schedules*, *the IESO* has adopted a more stringent requirement of 30-minutes.

Normally, registered market participants submitting dispatch data associated with a boundary entity are required to submit all offers or bids by 2 hours prior to the dispatch hour through their **Market Participant Interface**.

Market participants, however, may make short notice changes, if necessary, to the dispatch data e-Tag ID, as specified in Appendix C.2.3, provided they verbally phone the change into the IESO to enable its manual entry to the market systems.

Furthermore, *market participants* are required to submit the e-Tag(s) corresponding to the above *dispatch data* (same e-Tag ID) and scheduled MW quantity¹¹ (*dispatch* instruction) to the e-Tag system at least 30 minutes prior to the *dispatch* hour. The above is based on the *pre-dispatch* schedule short report being available to *market participants* 45 minutes prior to the *dispatch* hour. Should the pre-dispatch short report fail or run late, the *IESO* will allow comparable latitude with the IESO's 30-minute e-Tag submission timeline. However, in such situations the *IESO* encourages the *market participants* to submit the e-Tag 30 minutes prior to the *dispatch* hour based on the *interchange schedule* expectation, then making necessary changes as may be required.

With respect to *interchange schedules* with NYISO and notwithstanding the obligation in footnote 12, *market participants* shall not update their e-Tag MW schedule according to the *IESO predispatch schedule* short report. To ensure that any required e-Tag MW schedule changes are not rejected by the NYISO, the sink *control area* will make these adjustments on behalf of *market participants*.

Missing or late *e-Tag*s not required for *reliability* reasons will be treated as a breach of the *market* rules and the *interchange schedule(s)* will be treated as failed. The *IESO* will notify the *market* participant by **automated e-mail** with the following reason: missing *e-Tag*. If an *e-Tag* is:

- submitted late,
- has incorrect data (MW quantity does not match dispatch instruction), or
- has yet to be submitted after 30 minutes prior to the dispatch hour,

but,

• is required by the IESO, due to internal reliability reasons,

the interchange schedule may be approved on a best effort basis. 13

Where required for reliability reasons:

• in the case of a missing or late *e-Tag* (no *e-Tag* corresponding to the *dispatch data* (*e-Tag* ID) or no *e-Tag* submitted by 30 minutes prior to the *dispatch hour*), the *IESO* will notify the *market participant* of the required change by **telephone** identifying that the *market*

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¹¹ The obligation to adjust the scheduled MW quantity on the e-Tag, to ensure it corresponds to the dispatch instruction, lies with the market participants. Failure to do so will be deemed a breach of the market rules.

¹² Should the *market participants* e-mail system become unavailable for any reason, they must notify the *IESO* as soon as possible. Once notified, the *IESO* will revert to notifying the *market participant* of e-Tag adjustments by telephone.

¹³ Although the *interchange schedule* may be approved for *reliability* reasons after 30 minutes prior to the *dispatch hour*, it is still deemed a breach of the *market rules* and no CMSC payments will apply.

- participant must identify the correct e-Tag, submit or enter the corrections into the e-Tag system to ensure the *interchange schedule* will flow ¹⁴ and notify the *IESO* when complete;
- in the case of a missing *e-Tag* ID, the *IESO* will, provided it is identified by the *market* participant, link the correct *e-Tag*, in the market tools; and
- in the case of incorrect e-Tag data (MW quantity does not match dispatch instruction, or the interchange schedule is curtailed), the IESO will adjust the e-Tag to coincide with the dispatch instruction or the curtailed interchange schedule, as the case may be, and, except for MW quantity mismatches, notify the market participant of the change by automated email and the reason as being one of the following (in such cases no CMSC payments will apply):
 - o external curtailment (e.g. external control area TLR);
 - o internal curtailment; or
 - scheduling disagreement, and
 - o in the case of the MW quantity mismatches, notifications for e-Tag MW quantity adjustments made by the IESO to match the dispatch instruction are automatically issued via the e-Tag system with the following reason: IESO Market Results.

If, however, the *e-Tag* data and *dispatch instruction* agree and the *interchange schedule* is constrained down due to *reliability* reasons within the *IESO-controlled grid*, the *IESO* will enter the adjusted MW quantity into the e-Tag system on behalf of the *market participant*. The *IESO* will notify the *market participant* of the adjusted amount by automated e-mail with the following reason: internal curtailment.

CMSC payments will apply.

- If the market participant is unable to flow the interchange schedule as adjusted by the IESO, then a further change to the interchange schedule may be considered by the IESO. If this is not feasible, then the interchange schedule will be deemed to have failed. CMSC payments will apply.
- Also, if the interchange schedule is denied by another control area as a result of the
 change due to the IESO reliability concerns, then the interchange schedule will be recorded
 as having failed, but CMSC payments will apply. However, if failed by another control area
 for other reasons such as a TLR, then CMSC will not apply. The IESO will notify the market
 participant of the change by automated e-mail with one of the following reasons for the
 change, as appropriate:
 - o internal curtailment; or
 - o external curtailment (e.g., external control area TLR).

Wheeling Through Interchange Schedules

In the case of wheeling through *interchange schedules, market participants* having *boundary entities* must submit:

• an interchange offer (for the import into the Ontario market); and

¹⁴ If the e-Tag is denied by another *control area* the *interchange schedule* will be removed and no CMSC payments will apply.

an interchange bid (for the export out of the Ontario market).

Normally, wheeling interchange schedules will be handled as two separate interchange schedules, the same as any import and export. In this case, the dispatch data for the interchange offer must be accompanied by the unique e-Tag ID for the import, where Ontario would be designated in the e-Tag as the sink control area. The dispatch data for the interchange bid must be accompanied by a separate e-Tag ID for the export, where Ontario would be designated in the e-Tag as the source control area. This implies that, when the IESO-controlled grid is generation deficient, the export may not be scheduled or may be manually curtailed as a means to balance the load and generation within Ontario. Market participants may consider that scheduling of the import portion of the wheeling through interchange schedule while curtailing the export portion as an inappropriate redirection of energy from its intended customer, but still an acceptable risk for the potential savings/profits offered by the spot market.

Risk adverse market participants, however, have the option to protect their wheeling through interchange schedule by:

- bidding the export portion at +MMCP;
- offering the import portion between -\$50 and -MMCP; and
- as an additional protective measure, they can also submit the same e-Tag ID with the
 dispatch data for both the import offer and the export bid to indicate that the two
 interchange schedules are linked and part of the same wheeling through interchange
 schedule.

The *IESO* will consider that an import and an export are linked *interchange schedules* of the same wheeling through *interchange schedule* if: the export is bid at +*MMCP*; the import is offered between -\$50 and -*MMCP*; and the associated *e-Tag* IDs submitted by *market participants* along with their *dispatch data* have been edited to follow this formatting convention:

for the import: WI_SourceCA...SinkCA;
 for the export: WX_SourceCA...SinkCA,

where:

- "SourceCA...SinkCA" is the unique e-Tag ID obtained from the e-Tag system for the
 wheeling interchange schedule; for wheeling through interchange schedules treated in this
 manner, Ontario would not be listed as a source CA or as the sink CA in the e-Tag ID, but
 would be included in the e-Tag as part of the transmission path;
- WI is a delimiter indicating that the *interchange schedule* is the import leg of a wheel; the
 delimiter is added by the *market participant* to the e-Tag ID submitted to the *IESO* as
 dispatch data for the import; and
- WX is a delimiter indicating that the *interchange schedule* is the export leg of a wheel; the
 delimiter is added by the *market participant* to the e-Tag ID submitted to the *IESO* as
 dispatch data for the export.

Appendix G shows a tagging example (Example 1) of a linked wheel through transaction.

Notes regarding *linked wheel* through *interchange schedules*:

• to receive this treatment, the *market participant* <u>must</u> offer the import between -\$50 and -MMCP and bid the export at +MMCP; and

• the IESO's scheduling algorithm does not consider the separate submissions of dispatch data for the import leg offer and the export leg bid of the wheel through interchange schedule to be linked; therefore, the scheduling algorithm may prepare schedules for these two interchange schedules with different quantities (it is the market participant's responsibility to revise the common e-Tag to the lowest quantity of the import/export interchange schedules).

By doing so, *market participants* indicate that they are willing to have both *interchange schedules* curtailed at the same time when the *IESO-controlled grid* is generation deficient (Ch.7, s. 3.5.8 of the *market rules*).

However, for a linked wheel through *interchange schedule* involving the Hydro Quebec TransEnergie (HQT) *control area*, the *e-Tag* must identify HQT as being the SOURCE, the SINK or intermediate *control area*; otherwise, the *IESO* will deny the *e-Tag*.

Appendix G has a tagging example (Example 2) of a linked wheel through transaction involving Hydro Quebec TransEnergie *control area*.

Validation

Bids and offers to import or export energy will be validated by the IESO to ensure that:

- bids and offers are submitted in accordance with the intentions declared during the boundary entity registration process (or any subsequent updates);
- the market participant has the necessary licenses and authorizations;
- the e-Tag source/sink corresponds with the boundary entity resource, as set out in Appendix F;
- the e-Tag is consistent with the tie point identified in the dispatch data submission;
- the e-Tag IDs submitted for linked wheeling through interchange schedules are correctly formatted;
- the market participant has navigated successfully intermediary markets as well as the Ontario markets; and
- there are no external or internal transmission constraints or other mitigating limitations.

The *IESO* expects to undertake this validation between 1 and 2 hours prior to the *dispatch hour* but will seek to undertake validation on a best effort basis prior to the start of the two-hour window. This may prevent a *market participant* from resubmitting their *bid* or *offer*, depending on the nature of the change that is required to address the validation failure ¹⁹. The results of all validation will be provided to *market participants* in the form of a revised *pre-dispatch schedule*. However, the *IESO* will also seek to notify *market participants* directly of validation failures on a best effort basis.

The manual nature of much of this validation process means that it is important that all *bids* and *offers* to import or export *energy*, or import *operating reserve*, conform to the relationships set out

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¹⁹ For instance the, *NERC* reliability standard INT-001 for *interchange schedules* requires that *e-Tags* be submitted at least 20 minutes prior to the start of the *interchange schedule* for *interchange schedules* that are less than or equal to 1 hour in duration. However, to ensure effective *interchange schedule* coordination between *control areas* and minimize the number of failed *interchange schedules*, *the IESO* has adopted a more stringent requirement of 30-minutes.

in Appendix F. In addition, *market participants* should ensure that they have the appropriate e-Tags within the required timeframe.

1.3.6 Dispatch Data for Capacity Based Demand Response (CBDR) Reducing Energy Withdrawals

All capitalized terms not defined in this section can be found in the "Glossary of Terms for Capacity Based Demand Response" on the IESO website.

Market participants wishing to reduce energy withdrawals under the **CBDR** program must register the capability to do so with the *IESO*. Market participants will follow the participant authorization process to become a *DRMP*. Once registered as a *DRMP*, the IESO will register a Demand Response Account with demand reducing capacity through the registration process for the *CBDR* program. The *IESO* will include the capacity from Demand Response Accounts when submitting *offers* into the Ontario energy market for *CBDR* resources, as defined in Appendix H. See "Market Manual 1.2: Facility Registration, Maintenance, and De-registration" for more information on the process of registering for the *CBDR* program.

Capacity Based Demand Response Offers

The *IESO* has created a set of *CBDR* resources for which it will submit *dispatch data* to represent aggregated capacity from Demand Response Accounts by settlement area(s). *Offers* reflecting capacity registered under *CBDR* shall be submitted for each *CBDR* resource, as defined in Appendix H.1, in the following manner:

- The IESO, as the registered market participant for all CBDR resources, will submit the offers,
- The offer price in the *price-quantity* pair corresponding to load curtailment will be set to the active price trigger established by the IESO,
- The offer quantity in the *price-quantity* pair will be based on the total monthly contracted MW of the aggregated Demand Response Accounts in each resource net any Planned Non-Performance Events submitted to the IESO, as defined in Appendix H.2.

If a Demand Response Account loses a contributor, the *demand response market participant* must email notification of the contributor loss to CBDR@ieso.ca as soon as possible so that the offer quantity will reflect the available demand response (DR) curtailment.

Standby Notices

The IESO issues Standby Notices¹⁵ via email in advance of activating CBDR Accounts. The notifications are intended to instruct the *demand response market participants* to be prepared to curtail their demand reducing capacity of the notified Demand Response Account in the case it is activated.

The *IESO* will issue a Fixed Standby Notice to all *demand response market participants* with Demand Response Accounts within a *CBDR* resource when that resource has a non-zero *pre-dispatch schedule* for at least four (4) consecutive hours during the Hours of Availability. When required, Fixed Standby Notices will be issued between 15:00 and 17:00 EST in the day-ahead, or 01:00 and 07:00 EST in the current day.

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¹⁵ "Standby notice" means "standby notification" in the context of CBDR only.

The IESO will issue an Open Standby Notices to all Demand Response Accounts if:

- Resources have a non-zero pre-dispatch schedule for at least four (4) consecutive hours
 during the Hours of Availability and additional hours or MWs, above contracted values, are
 requested;
- It is expected that CBDR resources will be required for reliability purposes to avoid entering an emergency operating state or high-risk operating state, or to facilitate the return of the IESO-controlled grid to a normal operating state; or
- There are operating problems (such as equipment overloads, voltage decline, or instability)
 on a local or regional part of the integrated power system during non-emergency and nonhigh-risk conditions and, in the opinion of the IESO, other available corrective actions may
 not be appropriate or sufficient.

When required, Open Standby Notices will be issued between 15:00 and 17:00 EST in the day-ahead, or 01:00 and 07:00 EST in the current day.

If no Standby Notices have been issued during the timelines specified, the *IESO* will remove the offers for *CBDR* resources from consideration in the *pre-dispatch* runs for the remainder of the current day.

In addition to the Standby Notices issued to *demand response market participants*, notification decisions will be communicated to the marketplace through a System Status Report (SSR). SSRs can be found at http://reports.ieso.ca/public/SSR/.

Confirmation

Following a Standby Notice, if a *demand response market participant* cannot curtail the load at the notified Demand Response Account by the requested DR curtailment amount, that *demand response market participants* must email a confirmation of their reduced capability to CBDR@ieso.ca using the confirmation form found at.http://www.ieso.ca/Documents/marketOps/mo FORM36 CBDR-ConfirmationSubmissionForm.xlsx.

Confirmations are due by 18:00 EST for day ahead Standby Notices and 08:00 EST for current day Standby Notices. The IESO deems that notified Demand Response Accounts are available for their full DR curtailment amount if no confirmation is received by the confirmation deadline.

Following an Open Standby Notice, demand response market participants may also confirm that they can provide either:

- A DR curtailment amount that is above what they have been contracted for; and/or
- A DR curtailment duration above the contracted four hours.

The *IESO* will process submitted Confirmations *and* incorporate any increases or reductions into the *energy* offers of associated *CBDR* resources.

Activation Notices

The *IESO* issues Activation Notices via email at least 2.5 hours in advance of an Activation Period. The notices are intended to instruct the *demand response market participant* to provide their DR curtailment at the requested Demand Response Account by the confirmed DR curtailment amount. The *IESO* will only issue an Activation Notice to *demand response market participants* with Demand Response Accounts that have received a Standby Notice for the current day.

The *IESO* will assess each potential Activation Period every hour until no later than 2.5 hours prior to the start of the potential Activation Period. This assessment will be conducted until an Activation Notice is issued (or the activation timelines can no longer be met), at which time the *offers* for the *CBDR* resource will be removed from the Ontario *energy* market for the ineligible Activation Period.

The *IESO* will issue an Activation Notice for an Activation Period to all of the Demand Response Accounts within a *CBDR* resource when that resource has a non-zero *pre-dispatch schedule* for at least four consecutive hours during the Hours of Availability.

DR Curtailment

Once a *Demand Response* Account has received an activation notice, it is expected to curtail for the four hours stated in the Activation Notice, by the confirmed DR curtailment quantity. The DR curtailment provided by the Demand Response Account must meet the obligations defined in the Project's Measurement & Verification Plan, as described in Market Manual 5.5, and must not be applied to any other demand reduction program or service.

The *demand response market participant* must be available and consuming *energy* in order to provide an activated DR curtailment. The *IESO* shall validate whether the Demand Response Account was available and consuming an adequate amount of *energy* by performing a "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" test.

The "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" test looks at the consumption of the Demand Response Account during either the four-hour period prior to DR curtailment, or the four-hour period prior to receiving an Activation Notice, as elected by the *demand response market participants* during registration of the Demand Response Account. The Demand Response Account is considered "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" if the test period capacity calculation, described below, is less than 80% of the Monthly Contracted MW.

Demand Response Contributor Type	Test Period Capacity Calculation
Interruptible Loads and/or Non Sub-Metered Generators	Average consumption over the test period
Sub-Metered Generators	Nameplate Capacity minus the average Generator Output

If a Demand Response Account is composed of a combination of Interruptible Loads and/or Non Sub-Metered Generators and Sub-Metered Generators, then the "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" test will use the sum of the test period capacity calculations.

If the Demand Response Account is composed of a *dispatchable load* with *bids* submitted into the Ontario *energy* market in all hours of the four-hour test period, then that account will be excused from meeting the "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" requirement (as long as the *bids* are for at least the monthly contracted MW amounts, and are priced below +MMCP).

If a demand response market participant has submitted a Planned Non-Performance Event for a Demand Response Account on the activation day, then that Demand Response Account shall be excused from meeting the "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" requirement.

In the event of a DR Forced Outage (including a DR Forced Outage caused by a *force majeure event*) during the "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" test period, the following will apply:

Demand Response Account type	Forced Outage Recovery	Not Fully Available for Curtailment test
demand response direct participant	does not recover before the test period ends	Exempt. Day treated as a Single Day Planned Non-Performance Event
	recovers before the test period ends	Performed over the Intervals during the four hour test period that were not affected by the Forced Outage, or on another four hour period accepted by the IESO on the same day
demand response aggregator	Any	No exemption. Performed during the four test period.

If the Demand Response Account is deemed "Not Fully Available for Curtailment" and unable to meet their curtailment obligation,, then penalties may apply. A *demand response market* participant may reduce the applied penalty by notifying the *IESO* via email (CBDR@ieso.ca) prior to DR curtailment that it will be not fully available for curtailment. See "Market Manual 5: Settlements, Part 5.5: Physical Markets Settlement Statements" for more information on the applicable penalties.

Performance Exemptions

A *DRMP* in *CBDR* is required to reply to Standby Notices and comply with Activation Notices, unless any of the following conditions applies:

- DR curtailment would cause the loss of life or injury, cause equipment damage, or cause a violation of any applicable law.
- After providing a DR curtailment in the previous three (3) consecutive business days, a
 Demand Response Account is automatically issued a performance exception for the next
 business day. If the DRMP elects to have the Demand Response Account available for
 curtailment on the next business day, then by 18:00 EST on the third consecutive day, the
 DRMP may confirm that it will be participating on the next business day via email
 (CBDR@ieso.ca). If no confirmation is received, the IESO will deem the Demand Response
 Account unavailable, without consequence, on the next business day.
- The *DRMP* has notified the *IESO* that it will be experiencing a Planned Non-Performance Event for that Demand Response Account during the activation period.
- The Demand Response Account has been activated for the Maximum Activation Hours and the *DRMP* does not wish to participate beyond those hours.

1.3.7 Requests for Segregated Mode of Operation

Generators may submit requests to operate their generation facilities in a segregated mode of operation on the pre-dispatch day and no later than 2 hours prior to the start of the first dispatch hour, unless otherwise agreed by the IESO (Appendix.7.7, s. 1.3 of the market rules). Generators that wish to have their generation facilities scheduled in a segregated mode of operation in the day-ahead commitment process (DACP) must submit their request by 09:00 in order to be included in the first run of DACP. The IESO must assess the SMO request by 10:00. The IESO will assess SMO requests received after 09:00 and before 10:00 on a best effort basis. Knowing that SMO can be

recalled at any time for *reliability, market participants* are required to have *offers* in the Ontario Market prior to 10:00 for any SMO generation.

A request for segregation shall include, but not be limited to:

- the start time of the segregated mode of operation;
- the expiry time (duration) of the segregated mode of operation;
- a list of the registered *generation facilities* that are intended to operate in the *segregated* mode of operation; and
- an hourly schedule.

Market participants must submit *e-Tags* for the *interchange schedules* in segregated mode with Hydro Quebec.

A market participant that intends for a registered facility to operate in a segregated mode of operation shall continue to provide dispatch data and an outage request ¹⁶ for that registered facility for each dispatch hour during which a registered facility will or is intended to operate in segregated mode of operation.

When submitting requests for *segregated mode of operation*, *market participants* will use the *outage* process described in "Market Manual 7, Part 7.3". Along with submitting an *outage* request for the facilities that are intended to operate in *segregated mode*, *market participants* are required to notify the *IESO* by phone of the request submitted.

The IESO shall make a decision regarding the Request For Segregation and notify the relevant generator of such decision as soon as practicable but no later than such time that allows the transmitter a minimum of 90 minutes (or such lesser time as agreed to by the transmitter) to switch any applicable equipment or facilities required to permit implementation of the segregated mode of operation (Appendix.7.7, s. 1.3.4 of the market rules). If the IESO approves the request, it shall:

- direct the relevant *transmitter* on the switching of applicable equipment to permit the intended operation of the segregated *generation* at the start time;
- direct the relevant *transmitter* on the switching of applicable equipment to cease the segregated mode of operation and reconnect the segregated transmission and *generation facilities* to the IESO-controlled grid at the expiry time; and
- coordinate and confirm with the applicable *control area* operator the switching to be effected by the transmitter and the names of the registered facilities that will operate in a *segregated mode of operation*.

The IESO may at any time revoke its approval to operate a registered facility in a segregated mode of operation (Appendix.7.7, s. 1.3.6 of the market rules). In this case, the IESO shall notify the relevant generator and revoke any direction issued to affect the segregated mode of operation for the relevant registered facility.

The IESO may at any time terminate the operation of a registered facility in a segregated mode of operation (Appendix.7.7, s. 1.3.6 of the market rules). In this case, the IESO shall:

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¹⁶ The submission of the *outage* request will fulfill the obligations with respect to the submission of *dispatch data* as set out in the *market rules*, chapter 7 Appendix 7.7.

- notify the relevant generator;
- direct the relevant *transmitter* on the switching of applicable equipment or facilities required to cease implementation of the *segregated mode of operation*; and
- coordinate and confirm with the applicable control area operator the switching to be
 effected by the transmitter and the names of the registered facilities that will cease to
 operate in a segregated mode of operation.

Segregated Mode of Operation Inadvertent Accounting

The *IESO* will calculate and confirm inadvertent accumulation with neighbouring *control areas* at the end of each *dispatch day*. All reconciliations will include adjustments due to differences in time zones.

Where the interconnection, for which the inadvertent accumulation applies, is comprised of one or more interties capable of operating in a *segregated mode of operation (SMO)*, the *IESO* will:

confirm the segregated mode of operation schedules with the appropriate market
participant(s) and compare these schedules with the corresponding interchange
schedule(s) for purposes of determining the export transmission service charges and
inadvertent amounts;

Note: Where discrepancies occur, the *segregated mode of operation* schedules agreed to by telephone will prevail.

- determine and distinguish on an hourly granularity the inadvertent accumulation in both the segregated mode of operation and non- segregated mode of operation in relation to individual intertie SMO inadvertent accumulation;
- differentiate the "on" and "off" peak inadvertent accumulation in accordance with the NERC definition of "on" and "off" peak in relation to individual intertie SMO inadvertent accumulation;
- keep an ongoing daily record of the total non-SMO and SMO inadvertent accumulation;
- on a daily basis, provide applicable market participants individual intertie segregated mode of operation inadvertent accumulation data regarding hourly, peak, off peak, and daily totals;
- manage total inadvertent accumulation with the neighbouring control areas, and, regarding the segregated mode of operation inadvertent accumulation component, the IESO will make every reasonable attempt to schedule inadvertent accumulation payback during periods that are mutually acceptable to the market participant and the IESO as follows:
 - in the case where a market participant owes inadvertent and, where reasonable, proposals, by the market participants, to reduce accumulated inadvertent have been made to, but not accepted by, the applicable neighbouring control area, the IESO will not require the market participant to pay back the inadvertent accumulation until the arrangements are acceptable to the IESO and the market participant, but, where reasonable proposals have not been made, and no mutually acceptable arrangement can be determined, the IESO may direct the market participant to payback SMO inadvertent accumulation based on the requirements of the IESO and neighbouring control area; or

o in the case where a *market participant* is owed inadvertent, the *IESO* will, upon request of the *market participant* or when deemed necessary by the *IESO*, arrange inadvertent payback to the *market participant* at a mutually acceptable time; however, where reasonable proposals to reduce accumulated inadvertent have been made to but are not accepted by the *market participant*, the *IESO* may direct the *market participant* to receive *SMO* inadvertent accumulation based on the requirements of the *IESO* and the neighbouring *control area*, but, where reasonable proposals have not been made by the applicable neighbouring *control area*, and no mutually acceptable arrangement can be determined, the *IESO* will not require the *market participant* to receive *SMO* inadvertent accumulation based on the requirements of the *IESO* and the neighbouring *control area*; and

 where the control area to control area monthly inadvertent reconciliation indicates, the IESO will allocate any inadvertent accumulation adjustment (positive or negative) on a pro-rata basis to the current inadvertent accumulation accounts of all parties:

To pay back segregated mode of operation inadvertent accumulation, the market participant shall:

- make and continue making reasonable proposals to pay back segregated mode of operation inadvertent accumulation until such inadvertent account is paid; and
- pay back *segregated mode of operation* inadvertent accumulation in accordance with this process.

1.3.8 Publication of Pre-dispatch Schedules

The *IESO* must determine, *publish* and release *pre-dispatch schedules* in order to provide itself and *market participants* with advance information and projections necessary to plan the physical operation of the *electricity system*. The *IESO* must determine an initial *pre-dispatch schedule* for the 24 *dispatch hours* of each *dispatch day* no later than 16:00 EST on the pre-*dispatch day* (Ch.7, s. 5.5 of the *market rules*). Valid *dispatch data* provided by *market participants* are used to help determine the *pre-dispatch schedule*. Appendix E provides further background information on the process that the *IESO* undertakes to develop and *publish* the *pre-dispatch schedule*.

The schedules and forecasts provided by *self-scheduling generation facilities*, *transitional scheduling generators*, and *intermittent generators*, are used by the *IESO* to develop its own forecast of intermittent generation and self-scheduled generation to be used in the pre-dispatch process. For *variable generation*, the *IESO* uses forecasts provided by a *forecasting entity* ¹⁷. The pre-dispatch process then optimizes the *energy* and *operating reserve* recognizing projected constraints on the *IESO-controlled grid* and interties. The output includes the prices and cleared quantities of *energy* and each class of *operating reserve* for individual *facilities* and in aggregate.

Following each pre-dispatch run, the *IESO* assesses the *security* and *adequacy* of the results. The two considerations that impact the assessment of pre-dispatch *security* and *adequacy* are listed below.

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¹⁷ At the discretion of the *IESO*, we may manually adjust the *variable generation* forecast provided by the *forecasting entity* to account for conditions such as, but not limited to, actual weather that differs from forecast weather.

- the pre-dispatch output is not the first assessment of security and adequacy; assessments
 will have been made a number of times for a dispatch hour or day before the first predispatch runs are prepared such that, consequently, the assessments for pre-dispatch
 benefit from the information gathered in previous assessments. In particular, the IESO will
 focus upon the Security and Adequacy Assessments of the 14- and 28-day forecasts and
 the System Status Report (SSR).
- Since bids and offers can be changed without limits up to 2 hours prior to the dispatch hour, pre-dispatch schedules will be more stable as the dispatch hour approaches. Predispatch schedules for 5+ hours out may be totally different from the final schedule for these hours.

Once these assessments are complete, the *IESO* evaluates to find the best integrated solution based on the results of these assessments. Where *security* & *adequacy* concerns are identified, the *IESO* will undertake remedial action that may include (but is not restricted to) the following (Ch.7, s. 3.3.12 of the *market rules*):

- sending out System Advisories in the SSR requesting *offers/bids* to relieve local area inadequacies (MW, MVAR); these requests should provide cold units sufficient lead-time to start if necessary (e.g., 12 hours before the dispatch hour for thermal units); and/or
- sending out directives requesting offers/bids to relieve local area inadequacies (MW or MVAR); directives would be targeted specifically to relevant generators/loads in the areas expected to experience local area inadequacies (Ch.7, s. 3.3.13 of the market rules), and they would instruct market participants (to the full extent of the market rules) to submit offers/bids (this would occur at the discretion of the IESO, but probably within 12 hours of the dispatch hour).

1.4 Roles and Responsibilities

Responsibility for submitting *dispatch data* in the real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets is shared among:

- **generators** having dispatchable generation facilities that are responsible for:
 - o submitting offers for energy and operating reserve for registered facilities in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets in the required timeframe; and
 - o making revisions to data as required within the required timeframe;
- **generators** having self-scheduled generation facilities or transitional scheduling generators that are responsible for:
 - o submitting self-schedules of energy to be provided to the market; and
 - making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- **generators** having intermittent generators that are responsible for:
 - o submitting a forecast of energy to be provided to the market; and
 - o making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- **generators** having variable generation that are responsible for:
 - submitting the total installed capacity net any derates or outages to the variable generation facility; and

- making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- market participants having dispatchable loads that are responsible for:
 - o submitting bids for energy and offers for operating reserve for registered facilities in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets in the required timeframe; and
 - o making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- market participants having hourly demand response (HDR) resources that are responsible for:
 - submitting bids to reduce energy withdrawals for registered facilities in the realtime energy market in the required timeframe; and
 - o making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- market participants having the capability to import or export energy (and import operating reserve) through a boundary entity and who are responsible for:
 - submitting bids and offers for energy and offers for operating reserve for the boundary entity in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets in the required timeframe; and
 - o making changes to data as required within the required timeframe;
- **generators** having registered generation facilities operable in a segregated mode of operation and who are responsible for:
 - o submitting requests for segregation in the required timeframe;
 - submitting outage requests as indicated in "Market Manual 7, Part 7.3" and notifying IESO of such requests; and
 - o making revisions to dispatch data as required within the required timeframe;
- the *IESO* which is responsible for:
 - o receiving and processing *dispatch data*, including requests for segregation;
 - notifying market participants of invalid data and rejection of data within the required timeframe;
 - running the pre-dispatch process;
 - determining market clearing prices as well as energy and operating reserve schedules;
 - o making decisions regarding requests for segregation;
 - notifying market participants of their own individual schedules for energy and operating reserve and of decisions regarding requests for segregation;
 - o coordinating and confirming with the applicable *control area operator* and directing the relevant *transmitter* on the switching of the segregated *generation facilities*, and
 - o publishing the results of each pre-dispatch run.

1.5 Contact Information

As part of the participant authorization and registration process, *applicants* are able to identify a range of contacts within their organization that address specific areas of market operations. For the submission of *dispatch data* in the real time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets this contact will

most likely be the Real Time Markets Manager Market Contact Type as indicated in the IESO Registration Solution in the *market participant* Contacts screens. If a *market participant* has not identified a specific contact, the *IESO* will seek to contact the Main Contact in the IESO Registration Solution that is established during the participant authorization process. The *IESO* will seek to contact these individuals for activities within this procedure, unless alternative arrangements have been established between the *IESO* and the *market participant*. For more information on the IESO Registration Solution and the Participant Authorization Process see "Market Entry, Maintenance and Exit, Part 1.1 – Participant Authorization, Maintenance & Exit".

If you wish to contact us, you can email *IESO* Customer Relations at <u>customer.relations@ieso.ca</u> or contact us by telephone or mail. Our telephone numbers and mailing address can be found on the *IESO* website (http://www.ieso.ca/Pages/Contact-Us.aspx). Customer Relations staff will respond as soon as possible.

2. Procedural Work Flow MDP_PRO_0027

2. Procedural Work Flow

The diagrams in this section represent the flow of work and information related to the submission of dispatch data in the real-time energy and operating reserve markets between the IESO, the market participant involved in the procedure, and any other parties.

The steps illustrated in the following diagrams are described in detail in Section 3.

Legend Description Oval An event that triggers task or that completes task. Trigger events and completion events are numbered sequentially within procedure (01 to 99) Task Box Shows reference number party responsible for performing task (if "other party"), and task name or brief summary of task. Reference number (e.g., 1A.02) indicates procedure number within current market manual (1), subprocedure identifier (if applicable) (A), and task number (02) Solid Horizontal Shows information flow between the IESO and external parties Line Solid Vertical Line Shows linkage between tasks **Broken Line** Links trigger events and completion events to preceding or succeeding task

Table 2-1: Legend for Procedural Work Flow Diagrams

2.1 Submitting Dispatch Data and Revisions Until Two Hours Prior to the Dispatch Hour

Dispatch data and revisions may be submitted by registered market participants at any time up to one week in advance of any given dispatch day and with no restrictions up to two hours prior to the dispatch hour for which the data applies. (The process for accepting dispatch data revisions within two hours of the dispatch hour is given in Section 2.2.) Such data, however, will not be processed by the IESO until 06:00 EST on the pre-dispatch day, the day prior to the dispatch day for which the submitted dispatch data applies. Dispatch data submitted prior to 06:00 EST on the pre-dispatch day should be submitted as standing data.

The steps shown in Figure 2–1 are described in detail in Section 3.1, Table 3-1.

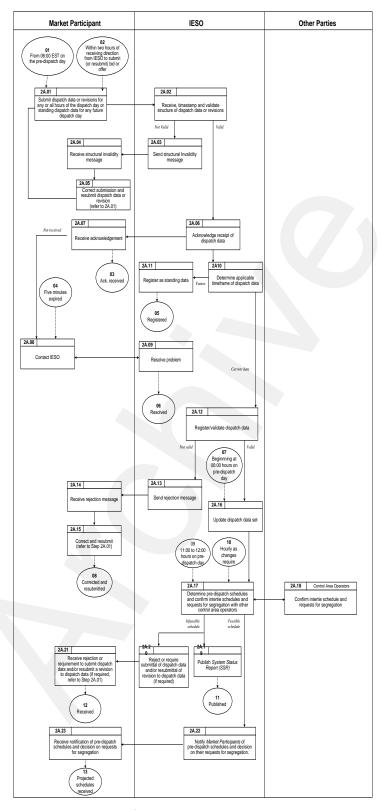


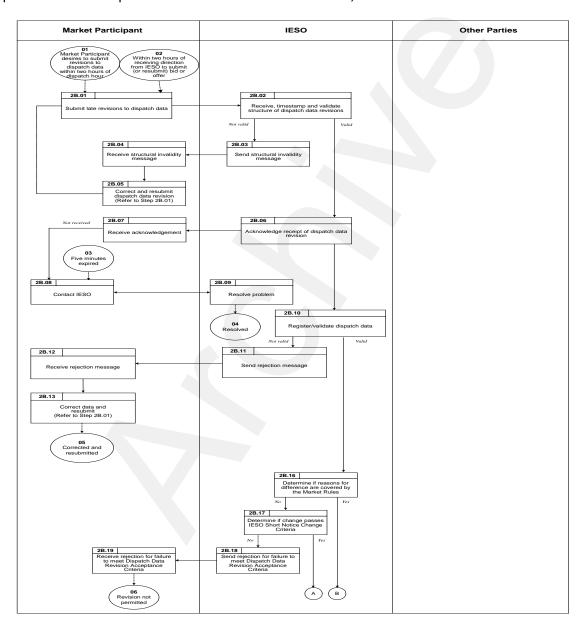
Figure 2-1: Work Flow for Submitting Dispatch Data and Revisions until Two Hours Prior to the Dispatch Hour

2. Procedural Work Flow MDP_PRO_0027

2.2 Submitting Dispatch Data Revisions Within Two Hours of the Dispatch Hour

Initial and revised *dispatch data* may be submitted without restriction until two hours prior to the *dispatch hour*, following the process illustrated in Section 2.1. *Dispatch data* revisions may be submitted within two hours of the *dispatch hour*, but are subject to certain restrictions, as illustrated in Section 2.2.1, *'Dispatch data* Revision Acceptance Criteria'.

Figure 2–2 illustrates the process for accepting dispatch data revisions within two hours of the dispatch hour. The steps are described in detail in Section 3.2, Table 3-2.



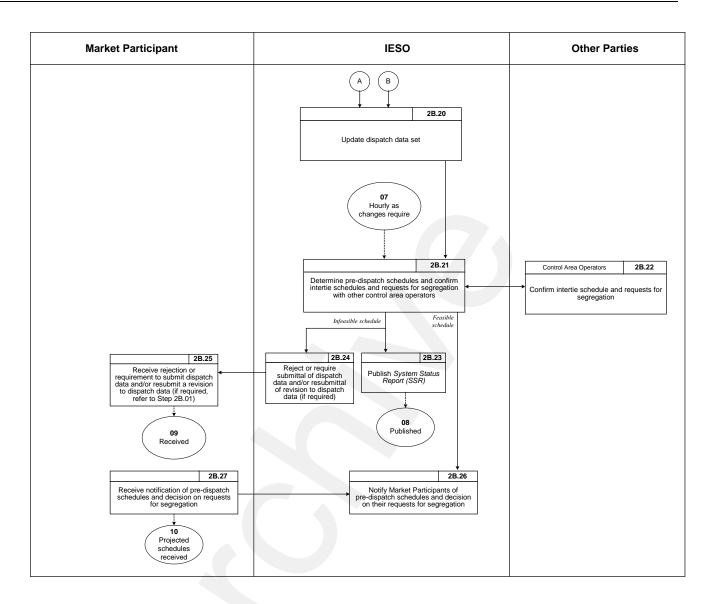


Figure 2-2: Work Flow for Submitting Dispatch Data Revisions Within Two Hours of the Dispatch Hour

2.2.1 Dispatch Data Revision Acceptance Criteria

Within two hours of the *dispatch hour, dispatch data* revisions may be submitted with certain restrictions. Figure 2–3 shows the criteria that must be met in order for such revisions to be accepted.

2. Procedural Work Flow MDP_PRO_0027

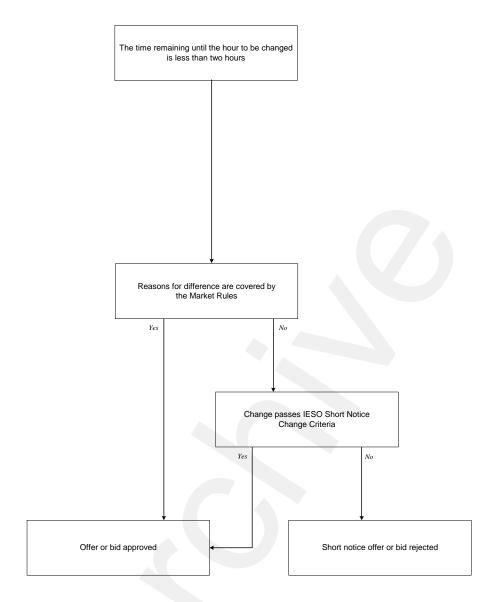


Figure 2-3: Work Flow for Dispatch Data Revision Acceptance Criteria

3. Procedural Steps

This section contains detail on the tasks (steps) that comprise the submission of *dispatch data* and revisions with or without restriction in the real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets. The tables contain seven columns, as follows:

Ref

The numerical reference to the task.

Task Name

The task name as identified in Section 2.

Task Detail

Detail about the task.

When

A list of all the events that can trigger commencement of the task.

Resulting Information

A list of the information flows that may or must result from the task.

Method

The format and method for each information flow are specified.

Completion Events

A list of all the circumstances in which the task should be deemed finished.

3.1 Submitting Dispatch Data and Revisions Until Two Hours Prior to the Dispatch Hour

Market participants may submit dispatch data for any of their registered facilities for any or all hours of the dispatch day. Market participants who desire not to offer or bid for energy or to offer operating reserve in any dispatch hour or hours may choose to either submit an offer or bid of zero or not submit any offers or bids for such hours.

Dispatch data and revisions may be submitted at any time up to one week in advance of the predispatch day. (Market participants may make changes within two hours of the dispatch hour by following the steps given in Section 3.2 below.) Steps shown in the following table are illustrated in Section 2.1, Figure 2-1. 3. Procedural Steps

Table 3-1: Procedural Steps for Submitting Dispatch Data and Revisions Until Two Hours Prior to the Dispatch Hour

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2A.01	Submit dispatch data or revisions for any or all hours of the dispatch day or standing dispatch data for any future dispatch day.	Market participants submit energy and operating reserve offers and/or energy bids (dispatchable generation, dispatchable load facilities, HDR resources and/or boundary entities), self-schedules (self-scheduling generation facilities and transitional scheduling generators), energy forecasts (intermittent generators), installed capacity, net derates or outages (variable generation) and requests for segregation for any of their registered facilities for any or all hours of the dispatch day. Market participants may also submit standing dispatch data for future dispatch days (or revisions to existing standing dispatch data) by identifying a dispatch day type ('Mon.' through to 'Sun.' or 'All') in addition to the dispatch data. NOTE: Each offer to provide operating reserve must be accompanied by a corresponding energy offer or energy bid that covers the same megawatt (MW) range. Revisions to previously submitted dispatch data for any hour or hours may be made as required.	From 06:00 EST on the pre-dispatch day. Changes to dispatch data required by the IESO must be made within 2 hours of the direction from the IESO (refer to Steps 2A.22 and 2A.23, and the "Market Rules, Chapter 7"). NOTE: A registered market participant must submit revised dispatch data to the IESO as soon as practical for any facility if, for any dispatch hour in the current pre-dispatch schedule, the quantity of any service scheduled for that registered facility differs from the quantity expected to be delivered or withdrawn by more than the greater of 2% or 10MW or (5 MW or more for HDR resources).	Real-Time Energy market initial energy and operating reserve offers and bids, self-scheduling generation facility and transitional scheduling generator schedules, intermittent generator and non-dispatchable load forecasts, and requests for segregation.	Market Participant Interface 18	Dispatch data and revisions to dispatch data for real-time energy and operating reserve Markets submitted to the IESO.
		(Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for an overview of the Market Participant Interface and the Web Browser input screens relating to the dispatch				

¹⁸ For more information on means to submit dispatch data to the *IESO*, refer to *Participant Technical Reference Manual* and the Technical Interfaces page on the *IESO* public website.

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Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
		data submission process).				
2A.02	Receive, timestamp, and validate structure of dispatch data or revisions.	The IESO receives, timestamps, and performs a structural validity check on dispatch data to confirm that the data format and structure is correct. If revisions are received within two hours of the dispatch hour, the process described in Section 3.2 is applied. (Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for further details on the validation process.)	When received, after Step 2A.01	Time-stamped dispatch data that have been checked for structural validity.	Market Participant Interface	Dispatch data received, time- stamped, and checked for structural validity.
2A.03	Send structural invalidity message.	The IESO sends market participant a message indicating that the dispatch data is structurally invalid (if applicable).	After Step 2A.02, if data is invalid.	Structural invalidity message.	Market Participant Interface	Structural invalidity message sent.
2A.04	Receive structural invalidity message.	The market participant receives a structural invalidity message (if applicable).	After Step 2A.03.	None	Market Participant Interface	Invalid structure message received.
2A.05	Correct submission and resubmit dispatch data or revision (refer to Step 2A.01). The market participant corrects the dispatch data and resubmits (if applicable).		After Step 2A.04.	Corrected dispatch data.	Market Participant Interface	Corrected dispatch data submitted.
2A.06	Acknowledge receipt of dispatch data.	The IESO confirms receipt of the submitted dispatch data if structurally valid.	Within 5 minutes, after Step 2A.02 if data is structurally valid.	Confirmation	Market Participant Interface	Confirmation sent
2A.07	Receive acknowledgement.	The market participant receives from the IESO confirmation of dispatch data receipt by the IESO.	After Step 2A.06.	None	Market Participant Interface	Confirmation received.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2A.08	Contact IESO.	Market participant immediately contacts the IESO if confirmation is not received.	Five minutes after submitting dispatch data or revision.	Notification of non- receipt of acknowledgement message.	Telephone or fax	Notification of non-receipt provided.
2A.09	Resolve problem.	The IESO and market participant resolve the status of submitted dispatch data or revision.	After Step 2A.08 (if applicable).	Dispatch data or revision status resolved.	Telephone or fax	Resolution of dispatch data or revision submission status.
2A.10	Determine applicable timeframe of dispatch data.	The IESO determines if the dispatch data is for the current dispatch day being processed, or a future dispatch day. (in case of standing dispatch data)	After Step 2A.06.	None	None	Nature of the dispatch data determined.
2A.11	Register as standing data.	The IESO registers standing dispatch data and does not consider such data for the dispatch day currently being processed.	After Step 2A.10 if dispatch data is determined to be standing.	None	None	Standing data registered.
2A.12	Register/validate dispatch data. The IESO registers data not previously registered as standing and validates current dispatch data. (Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for further details on the validation process.)		After Step 2A.10 if data is current.	None	None	Validity of dispatch data or revisions determined Valid data registered.
2A.13	Send rejection message.	If the <i>dispatch data</i> is invalid, the <i>IESO</i> notifies the <i>market participant</i> via a rejection message.	After Step 2A.12 if data is invalid.	Rejection message.	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message sent.
2A.14	Receive rejection message.	The market participant receives rejection of invalid dispatch data (if applicable).	After Step 2A.13.	None	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message received.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2A.15	Correct and resubmit (refer to Step 2A.01).	The market participant corrects and resubmits the invalid dispatch data (via Step 2A.01).	After Step 2A.14.	Corrected dispatch data.	Market Participant Interface	Corrected dispatch data submitted.
2A.16	Update dispatch data set.	The IESO updates dispatch data set with current valid offers, bids, schedules, and forecasts in preparation for running the predispatch process.	Beginning at 06:00 EST on the pre dispatch day, and thereafter as valid data is received until the dispatch hour.	None	None	Dispatch data set updated.
2A.17	Determine pre- dispatch schedules and confirm intertie schedules and requests for segregation with other control area operators. The IESO runs the pre-dispatch process and determines the pre-dispatch schedules based on offers, bids, schedules and forecasts for energy and operating reserve. It also confirms intertie schedules and requests for segregation with other control area operators.		Initially, after 15:00 EST (initial dispatch data available) and before 16:00 EST on the predispatch day. Subsequently on an hourly basis if warranted by material changes to dispatch data.	Pre-dispatch schedules and feasibility of intertie schedules and requests for segregation.	Telephone (for confirming the intertie schedules and requests for segregation)	Pre-dispatch schedules determined and feasibility of intertie schedules and requests for segregation determined.
2A.18	Confirm intertie schedule and requests for segregation. Other control area operators confirm with the IESO intertie schedules and requests for segregation.		After Step 2A.17.	Confirmed or infeasible intertie schedules and requests for segregation.	Telephone	Intertie schedules and requests for segregation confirmed or determined infeasible by the IESO and other control area operators.
2A.19	Publish System Status Report (SSR).	The <i>IESO publishes</i> the System Status Report (SSR), which will notify <i>market participants</i> of any advisories, warnings, and problems.	After Step 2A.17. At scheduled times or whenever there is a material change to the information provided in the previous SSR.	System Status Report (SSR).	Market Participant Interface	System Status Report (SSR) published.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2A.20	Reject or require submission of dispatch data and/or resubmission of revision to dispatch data (if required).	The IESO may reject dispatch data previously accepted or require specific market participants to submit or resubmit a revision to the quantity element of dispatch data, or both, based on the results of the pre-dispatch process. Such rejections, submissions or changes are based on the need to maintain the reliability of the IESO-controlled grid.	After Step 2A.17 if required.	Dispatch data rejection, change, or submission requirement.	Market Participant Interface	Rejection of previously accepted data or requirement to submit, and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data sent to specific market participants.
2A.21	Receive rejection or requirement to submit dispatch data and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data (if required, refer to Step 2A.01).	Specific market participants receive a rejection of previously accepted data or a requirement to submit or resubmit a revision to the quantity element of dispatch data, or both, due to a reliability issue on the IESO controlled grid.	After Step 2A.20 if required. Changes to dispatch data or new dispatch data, if required by the IESO, must be made within 2 hours of receiving such notification.	Dispatch data rejection, change, or submission requirement.	Market Participant Interface	Market participant receives rejection of previously accepted data or requirement to submit and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2A.22	Notify market participants of predispatch schedules and decision on their requests for segregation.	The IESO notifies each individual market participant of pre-dispatch schedules and decision on their request for segregation. All market participants are notified of aggregate data.	After Step 2A.17. After determination of initial pre-dispatch schedules and confirmation of intertie schedules, and as applicable following subsequent runs of the pre-dispatch process based on material changes. The IESO will respond to a request for segregation within one hour of receipt of such request.	Notification of pre- dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules, and aggregate data. Accepted and denied requests for segregation.	Market Participant Interface	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules and decisions on requests for segregation sent to market participants for their individual facilities. Aggregate data sent to all market participants.
2A.23	Receive pre- dispatch schedules and decision on requests for segregation.	Market participants receive notification of energy and operating reserve pre-dispatch schedules, including market prices and quantities for their own individual facilities. All market participants receive notice of aggregate data. Market participants receive notification of approval/denial of their requests for segregation. (See Appendix E, "Pre-dispatch schedule Production and Publication".) (Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for Web Browser screen examples.) Appendix B provides information on where to find examples of: • pre-dispatch energy results;	After Step 2A.22. After determination of initial pre-dispatch schedules and confirmation of intertie schedules, and as applicable following subsequent runs of the pre-dispatch process based on material changes.	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules, and aggregate data. Accepted and denied requests for segregation.	Market Participant Interface	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules and decisions on requests for segregation received by market participants for their individual facilities. Aggregate data received by all market participants.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
		• pre-dispatch operating reserve results;				
		public results;				
		the totals report;				
		market clearing prices;				
		security constraints; and				
		regional constraints.				

3.2 Submitting Revisions to Dispatch Data Within Two Hours of the Dispatch Hour

Submission of *dispatch data* and revisions to *dispatch data* may be made without restriction until two hours prior to the *dispatch hour* for which the data applies (following the process described in Section 3.1). Revisions to *dispatch data* may be made within two hours of the *dispatch hour* with restrictions, and the following process must be applied. Steps shown in the following table are illustrated in Section 2.2, Figure 2-2.

Table 3-2: Procedural Steps for Submitting Revisions to Dispatch Data within Two Hours of the Dispatch Hour

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
28.01	Submit revisions to dispatch data.	Market participants submit revisions to dispatch data for any of their registered facilities. (Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for an overview of the Market Participant Interface and the Web Browser input screens relating to the dispatch data submission process.)	Within two hours of the actual dispatch hour but at least 10 minutes prior to the dispatch hour for registered facilities other than boundary entities. Within two hours of the actual dispatch hour but at least 60 minutes prior to the dispatch hour for boundary entities. Changes to dispatch data required by the IESO must be made within 2 hours of the time of receipt of the direction requiring the change (refer to Steps 2B.24 and 2B.25 and the "Market Rules, Chapter 7, Section 3.3.11"). NOTE: A registered market participant must submit revised dispatch data to the IESO as soon as practical for any registered facility if, for any dispatch hour in the current predispatch schedule, the quantity of any Physical service scheduled for that registered facility differs from the quantity expected to	Revisions to dispatch data.	Market Participant Interface ¹⁹	Revisions to dispatch data for real-time energy and operating reserve markets submitted to the IESO.

¹⁹ For more information on means to submit dispatch data to the *IESO*, refer to *Participant Technical Reference Manual* and the Technical Interfaces page on the *IESO* public website.

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Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
			be delivered or withdrawn by more the greater of 2% or 10 MW (or 5 MW or more for HDR resources).			
2B.02	Receive, timestamp, and validate structure of dispatch data revisions.	The IESO receives, timestamps, and performs a structural validity check on dispatch data revisions. (Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for further details on the validation process.)	When received, after Step 2B.01.	None	Market Participant Interface	Dispatch data received, time-stamped, and checked for structural validity.
2B.03	Send structural invalidity message.	The IESO sends market participant a message indicating that the dispatch data revision is structurally invalid (if applicable).	After Step 2B.02 if data is invalid.	Structural invalidity message.	Market Participant Interface	Structural invalidity message sent.
2B.04	Receive structural invalidity message.	The market participant receives a structural invalidity message (if applicable).	After Step 2B.03	None	Market Participant Interface	Structural invalidity message received.
2B.05	Correct submission and resubmit dispatch data revision (refer to Step 2B.01).	The market participant corrects the dispatch data revision and resubmits (if applicable).	After Step 2B.04	Corrected dispatch data revision.	Market Participant Interface	Corrected <i>dispatch data</i> revision submitted.
2B.06	(Within 5 minutes) Acknowledge receipt of dispatch data revision.	The IESO confirms receipt of the submitted dispatch data revision if structurally valid.	After Step 2B.02 if data is structurally valid.	Confirmation	Market Participant Interface	Confirmation sent.
2B.07	Receive acknowledgement.	The market participant receives confirmation of dispatch data revision receipt by the IESO.	After Step 2B.06	None	Market Participant Interface	Confirmation received.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2B.08	Contact IESO.	Market participant immediately contacts the IESO if a confirmation is not received.	Five minutes after submitting revision.	Notification of non-receipt of confirmation.	Telephone or fax	Notification of non- receipt provided.
2B.09	Resolve problem.	The IESO and market participant resolve the status of submitted dispatch data revision.	After Step 2B.08 (if applicable).	Dispatch data revision status resolved.	Telephone or fax	Resolution of <i>dispatch</i> data revision status.
2B.10	Register/validate dispatch data revision.	The IESO registers and validates the dispatch data revision.	After Step 2B.06.	None	None	Validity of <i>dispatch data</i> revision determined.
2B.11	Send rejection message.	If the dispatch data revision is invalid, the IESO notifies the market participant via a rejection message.	After Step 2B.10 if invalid.	Rejection message.	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message sent to market participant.
2B.12	Receive rejection message.	The market participant receives rejection of invalid dispatch data revision (if applicable).	After Step 2B.11.	None	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message received.
2B.13	Correct and resubmit (refer to Step 2B.01).	The market participant corrects and resubmits the invalid dispatch data revision (via Step 2B.01).	After Step 2B.12.	Corrected dispatch data revision.	Market Participant Interface	Corrected <i>dispatch data</i> revision submitted.
2B.17	Determine if change passes <i>IESO</i> Short Notice Change Criteria.	The IESO determines if the change passes the IESO Short Notice Change Criteria for the 2 hour window.	After Step 2B.14 if the reasons for difference are not covered by the <i>market rules</i> .	None	None	Acceptability of change determined.
		(Refer to Appendix C for the <i>IESO</i> Short Notice Change Criteria.)				

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2B.18	Send rejection for failure to meet <i>Dispatch data</i> Revision Acceptance Criteria.	The IESO sends a rejection message to the market participant if the dispatch data revision does not pass the Dispatch data Revision Acceptance Criteria.	After Step 2B.17 if change does not pass the <i>IESO</i> Short Notice Change Criteria (Appendix C).	Rejection message	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message sent to market participant.
2B.19	Receive rejection for failure to meet Dispatch data Revision Acceptance Criteria.	The market participant receives a rejection message from the IESO if the dispatch data revision does not pass the Dispatch data Revision Acceptance Criteria.	After Step 2B.18	None	Market Participant Interface	Rejection message received.
2B.20	Update dispatch data set.	The IESO updates dispatch data set with current valid offers, bids, schedules and forecasts in preparation for running the predispatch process.	As received until the dispatch hour.	None	None	Dispatch data updated.
2B.21	Determine pre- dispatch schedules and confirm intertie schedules and requests for segregation with other control area operators.	The IESO runs the pre-dispatch process and determines the pre-dispatch schedules based on offers, bids, schedules and forecasts for energy and operating reserve. It also confirms intertie schedules and requests for segregation with other control area operators.	On an hourly basis if warranted by changes to dispatch data.	Pre-dispatch schedules and feasibility of intertie schedules and requests for segregation.	Telephone (for confirming the intertie schedules and requests for segregation)	Pre-dispatch schedules determined and feasibility of intertie schedules and requests for segregation determined.
2B.22	Confirm <i>intertie</i> schedule and requests for segregation.	Other control area operators confirm with the IESO intertie schedules and requests for segregation.	After Step 2B.21.	Confirmed or infeasible intertie schedules and requests for segregation.	Telephone	Intertie schedules and requests for segregation confirmed or determined infeasible by the IESO and other control area operators.

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2B.23	Publish System Status Report (SSR)	The IESO publishes the System Status Report (SSR), which will notify market participants of any advisories, warnings and problems.	After Step 2B.21 if the schedule is infeasible.	System Status Report (SSR)	Market Participant Interface	System Status Report (SSR) <i>published</i> .
2B.24	Reject or require submission of dispatch data and/or resubmission of revision to dispatch data (if required).	The IESO may reject dispatch data previously accepted or require specific market participants to submit or resubmit a revision to the quantity element of dispatch data, or both, based on the results of the pre-dispatch process. Such rejections, submissions or changes are based on maintaining the reliability of the IESO-controlled grid.	Following Step 2B.21 if required.	Dispatch data rejection, change, or submission requirement.	Market Participant Interface	Rejection of previously accepted data or requirement to submit and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data sent to specific market participants.
2B.25	Receive rejection or requirement to submit dispatch data and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data (if required, refer to Step 2B.01).	Specific market participants receive a rejection of previously accepted data or a requirement to submit or resubmit a revision to the quantity element of dispatch data, or both, due to a reliability issue on the IESO controlled grid.	Following Step 2B.24. Changes to dispatch data, or new dispatch data if required by the IESO must be made within 2 hours of receiving such notification.	Dispatch data rejection, change, or submission requirement.	Market Participant Interface	Market participant receives rejection of previously accepted data or requirement to submit and/or resubmit a revision to dispatch data.

3. Procedural Steps

Ref	Task Name	Task Detail	When	Resulting Information	Method	Completion Events
2B.26	Notify market participants of predispatch schedules and decision on their requests for segregation.	The IESO notifies each individual market participant of predispatch schedules and decision on their requests for segregation. All market participants are notified of aggregate data.	After Step 2B.21, as required after determination of <i>pre-dispatch schedules</i> and confirmation of <i>intertie</i> schedules based on material changes. The <i>IESO</i> will respond to a <i>request for segregation</i> within one hour of receipt of such request.	Notification of pre- dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules, aggregate data and decision on requests for segregation.	Market Participant Interface	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules sent to MP's for their individual facilities. Notification of decision on requests for segregation sent to market participants. Aggregate data sent to all MP's.
2B.27	Receive notification of pre-dispatch schedules and decision on requests for segregation.	Market participants receive notification from the IESO of energy and operating reserve pre-dispatch schedules including market clearing prices and cleared quantities for their own individual facilities. All market participants are notified of aggregate data and decision on their requests for segregation. (Refer to Appendix E – Predispatch Information Release and Publication.) (Detailed references as for Step 2A.25.)	After Step 2B.26, as required after determination of <i>pre-dispatch schedules</i> and confirmation of <i>intertie</i> schedules based on material changes.	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules, aggregate data and decision on requests for segregation.	Market Participant Interface	Pre-dispatch energy and operating reserve schedules received by market participants for their individual facilities. Notification of decision on requests for segregation received by market participants. All market participants have received aggregate data.

Appendix A: Forms

There are no forms used in this procedure.

Appendix B: Content of Dispatch Data

This appendix provides references to the *IESO* documentation that describes the standards that *market participants* have to follow when submitting *dispatch data* to the *IESO*-administered real-time *energy* and *operating reserve* markets.

B.1 Bid/Offer Data Requirements

Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for web-based *Market Participant* Interface screens. Examples of the following template files can be found in the "Market Participant Submissions" section of the Technical Interfaces page on the *IESO* public website (www.ieso.ca). Bid/offer data requirements include:

- energy offers & bids (including imports, exports, and requests for the segregated mode of operation);
- standing energy offers & bids;
- OR offers (including imports);
- standing operating reserve offers & bids;
- energy market schedules (for self-scheduling generation facilities, transitional scheduling generators, and intermittent generators);
- total installed capacity net outages and derates (for variable generation) and
- bids to reduce energy withdrawals.

B.2 Schedules and Forecasts

Refer to the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide" for web-based *Market Participant* Interface screens. Examples of various schedules, forecasts and assessment data files can be found on the Technical Interfaces page on the *IESO* public website (www.ieso.ca).

Appendix C: Short Notice Change Criteria

C.1 Introduction

A short notice submission (submission - includes *bids* or *offers*) is defined as any real-time *dispatch data* submission which occurs within 2 hours, of the start of a *dispatch hour* identified in the submission.

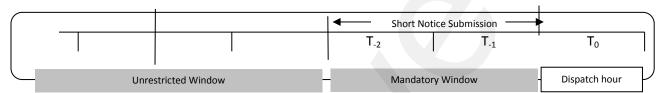


Figure C-1: Short Notice Submission Window

All new and revised dispatch data submitted within 2 hours in advance of the *dispatch hour* must be manually approved by the *IESO*. Criteria for manual acceptance of new and revised *dispatch data* for this window is summarized in Appendix C.3.

The market rules provide some guidance regarding IESO manual approval for short notice dispatch data submissions. The IESO will approve such changes and authorize the submission of new or revised dispatch data if:

- the revision is considered a replacement energy offer;
- the revision, in the case of a dispatchable load, relates to:
 - changing its load status, in whole or in part, either to or from dispatchable, by bidding at or changing from MMCP; or
 - o a request to restore its operating reserve offers after a forced outage; or
 - the revision reflects changes in the operational status of the generation facility or the dispatchable load facility to prevent violation of any applicable law, endangering the safety of any person, or damage to property or the environment.
- The IESO will also approve the submission of new or revised dispatch data in the mandatory window if the revision relates solely to the quantity element of the dispatch data, and the change results from one or more of the following:
 - o direction from the IESO to submit dispatch data for reliability reasons;
 - changes in the operational status of the generation facility or the dispatchable load facility to prevent violation of any applicable law, endangering the safety of any person, or damage to property or the environment;
 - the market participant recognizes that the quantity of any physical service scheduled in the current pre-dispatch schedule for the facility differs from the quantity the market participant reasonably expects to be delivered or withdrawn by more than the greater of 2% or 10 MW;

- is associated with an HDR resource;
- o the IESO denies a request for segregation;
- the IESO revokes its approval to operate a registered facility in a segregated mode of operation;
- the IESO terminates the operation of a registered facility in a segregated mode of operation;
- a System Advisory for under-generation has been issued, and the new or revised dispatch data increases offers or decreases bids of energy;
- a System Advisory for over-generation (i.e., a Minimum Generation Alert or Event)²⁰ has been issued, and the new or revised *dispatch data* decreases offers or increases bids of energy; or
- o a System Advisory for an *operating reserve* shortfall has been issued, and the new or revised *dispatch data* increases *offers* of *operating reserve*.

C.2 Submission Criteria

C.2.1 Intentionally Left Blank

C.2.2 Mandatory Window Submission

The mandatory window is the period less than 2 hours before the start of the *dispatch hour* and closing at least 10 minutes prior to the start of the *dispatch hour*.

There is no automatic acceptance of *dispatch data* submissions in the mandatory window. *IESO* approval to accept the change into the market is contingent upon manually reviewing the actual submission.

Submissions in this window must include an associated reason for change. Those submissions that do not include a reason for change will not pass validation and hence will not be eligible for manual review²¹. *IESO* approval for the *market participant* to submit the new or revised *dispatch data* (i.e. validation of the submission) does not imply approval for inclusion in the real-time *energy* or *operating reserve markets*. The *IESO* may initiate a direct conversation with the *market participant* to clarify the reason(s) provided. The intention is not to accept submission revisions made for economic reasons within this window.

Except for a *dispatchable load* changing its load status, either in whole or in part, to or from dispatchable, manual approval of submission price changes will not be allowed within the mandatory window. The *IESO* will reject these submissions unless the *IESO* has directed the *market participant* to make an additional (i.e. new, not revised) submission or as permitted in *response* to a System Advisory for under-generation, over-generation or an *operating reserve* shortfall. The reason should be specified in the submission. A *dispatchable load* that needs to change its load status, either in whole or in part, to or from dispatchable within the mandatory

²⁰ Refer to "IMP_PRO_0033: Market Manual 7 System Operations: Part 7.2 Near Term Assessments and Reports", 'section 1.3.3 SAAs and SSRs' for information about Minimum Generation states.

²¹ See the Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide for detailed descriptions of the standard reasons for change that are available.

window can do so by changing the price point of the largest *bid* quantity to *MMCP* (from its original *bid* price), or vice versa. In addition, a *dispatchable load* that needs to change its load status, in whole, may identify its consumption as non-dispatchable by removing all *bids* for the hours in which it wishes to be considered non-dispatchable. When *dispatch data* changes are required during the mandatory window to effect a change to or from *dispatchable* status, the *dispatchable load* is required to contact the *IESO* to indicate the reason for its load status change.

The *IESO* will automatically *dispatch* the load to 0 MW in the first interval (Interval 1) of the first hour that does not have *dispatch data*. The *dispatchable load* is required to ignore the 0 MW *dispatch instruction* to confirm its intention to becoming non-dispatchable. The *IESO* will consider the load as non-dispatchable until new *bids* are submitted, resulting in a new *dispatch instruction*. If the *dispatchable load* cannot assume this process without significant changes to its current tools or processes, it may continue to identify its whole consumption as non-dispatchable by bidding its consumption at the *maximum market clearing price* (*MMCP*) until its tools and processes are updated.

Acceptance of mandatory window submissions into the market will occur only when a *facility* is experiencing an operational situation which precludes it from physically or legally being able to satisfy its current *pre-dispatch schedule* (equipment malfunction, worker or public safety situation, legal requirement, property damage, environmental *regulations*). In addition, the *IESO* will not sanction or support the violation of any law or statute by *market participants* through its market dispatch and *dispatch instructions*, and will approve any submission that clearly indicates such a violation will occur if changes are not approved.

In the case of *generation facilities* participating in the Real-Time Generation Cost Guarantee (RT-GCG) program, the *IESO* will not authorise increases to *offer prices* in the *price-quantity pairs* corresponding to the *generation facility's minimum loading point* for the *minimum generation block run time* after the time of the *publication* of the *pre-dispatch schedule* determined three hours prior to the *dispatch hour*.

C.2.3 Short Notice Submission - Boundary Entities

Changes to *price* and *quantity* for *registered boundary entities* are subject to same submission restrictions as *dispatch data* received from non-*boundary entities* (refer to criteria listed in section C.2.2 **Mandatory Window Submissions**). Quantity changes to *dispatch data* resulting from changes in an external *control area* will, however, be accepted until 60 minutes prior to the *dispatch hour*. For example, an interchange schedule may have been scheduled for a lesser quantity in the external *control area*. (Refer to Market Manual 4.3 **Real-Time Scheduling of the Physical Markets** Section 1.7.2 - "**Boundary Entities**").

Additionally, a change to the e-Tag identification number (ID) in the submitted dispatch data, when submitted electronically, is treated as a new interchange schedule by the market systems and is subject to the same submission restrictions as other dispatch data including:

• by 2 hours prior to the *dispatch* hour, *market participants* must submit new or revised *dispatch data* to reflect the correct e-Tag IDs; failure to do so will be treated as a breach of the *market rules*; and

• from 2 hours until 30 minutes prior to the *dispatch hour, market participants* must verbally communicate 22 e-Tag ID changes to the *IESO*, who will implement the necessary adjustments in the *IESO* market systems on their behalf.

C.2.4 Short Notice Submission - Reliability

The *IESO* will allow the *offers* to be submitted for a brief period only for those stations where a hydraulic unit is required to run to maintain system *reliability* and which may result in spill to be caused at other affected stations on the same river system.

 A modified criterion is established under which the IESO will consider approving changes to offers and bids within the mandatory window.

The *IESO* will open the bidding window for a minimum of one hour or until the reliability concern is resolved to allow bids/offers to be modified within the short notice submission window when the *IESO* has or is about to initiate EEA2²³ (energy emergency alert 2) procedures.

Note: The intent of opening the bidding window in the above situation is strictly to assist in alleviating/mitigating *reliability* or *security* concerns of the *IESO-controlled grid* (e.g., encourage *market participants* to submit additional *offers* or *bids* that will assist in alleviating an *adequacy* deficiency) and, as such, the bidding window will only be open to accept the following:

- all new offers; and
- those modified existing offers where price remains the same or is lower (a price increase on an existing offer is not allowed).

Note: Although listed as a material change for the SSR reporting in Market Manual Part 7.2: Near Term Assessments and Reports: Publication of Daily SSR Reports for Changes in *Intertie* Scheduling Limit, the bidding window is to <u>remain closed</u> for: (i) an estimated change (increase or decrease) of an operating *security limit* ≥ 25% in any hour; or (ii) at any time during *dispatch day* for a single change in an *intertie* scheduling limit ≥ 25% from the values reflected in last *published* "Pre-dispatch Unconstrained Regional Constraints "Report.

All other changes submitted by *market participants* in the mandatory window, if opened, will only be approved by the *IESO* in accordance with Section 3.3.6 of Chapter 7 of the *market rules*, where the revision relates solely to generating and the revision is required in order to reflect a proposed change in the operating status of the *registered facility* designed solely "to prevent the *registered facility* from operating in a manner that would violate any *applicable law*, endanger the safety of any person or damage property or the environment."

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²² A short notices change to the *e-Tag* ID, if verbally communicated, is only intended for the infrequent situation where there is a mismatch between *dispatch data* and the submitted *e-Tag*.

²³ EEA2 - *NERC* Emergency Energy Alert 2: Implement emergency procedures up to but not including interrupting firm load.

C.3 Summary of Allowable Dispatch Data Changes

Table C-1: Summary of Allowable Dispatch Data Changes

December Bid /Offer Change	Changes Allowed			
Reason for Bid/Offer Change	2 hours+	2 hours+ 2-0 Hours		
Market-based changes	Unrestricted changes	None	Chapter 7	
	to dispatch data		Section 3.3.3, 3.3.10	
Forced outages, generation unit or dispatchable load	except where reliability issue identified in pre- dispatch schedule	Offers do not need to be revised as long as IOMS	Chapter 7	
limitations: > the greater of 2% or 10 MW		outage slip is entered to reflect actual capability as long as derating does not last more than 2 hours.	Section 3.3.8	
		Bids need to be revised to:		
		 reflect what the dispatchable load reasonably expects to withdraw; 		
		 indicate if their status changes to or from being dispatchable²⁴, and 		
		 identify when operating reserve capability is restored following the outage. 		
HDR resources		Reflect what the HDR resource reasonably expects		
		to withdraw.		
Personnel/Public Safety		Quantity and price changes to reflect actual	Chapter 7	
Property Damage		capability	Section 3.3.6	
Legal requirement				
Environmental Regulation				

²⁴ A *dispatchable load* indicates a status change of part of its load by bidding at *MMCP*. A status change of its whole load is indicated by either not bidding for its consumption for that hour (refer to Appendix C.2.2 for additional information), or by bidding its whole consumption at *MMCP*.

Reason for Bid/Offer Change	Changes Allowed			
Reason for blu/Offer Change	2 hours+	2-0 Hours	Market Rule Reference	
Offers/bids created or revised in response to a System Advisory issued by the IESO for under-generation		Increased quantities in existing energy offers (generators, wholesale sellers)	Chapter 7 Section 12.2	
		Decreased quantities in existing load bids (dispatchable loads)		
Offers/bids created or revised in response to a System Advisory issued by the IESO for over-generation		New offers from generators. Decreased quantities in existing energy offers (generators, wholesale sellers) Increased quantities in existing load bids (dispatchable loads) New bids from dispatchable loads	Chapter 7 Section 12.2	
Offers created or revised in response to a System Advisory issued by the IESO for an operating reserve shortfall		Increased quantities in existing operating reserve offers New operating reserve offers	Chapter 7 Section 12.2	
When IESO has directed a market participant to bid/offer for reliability reasons identified in predispatch schedule (includes High-Risk Operating Conditions).		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers	Chapter 7 Section 3.3.13	
When IESO has directed a market participant to bid/offer under terms of a Reliability Must Run Contract.		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers	Chapter 5 Section 4.8	
Where IESO refuses a request for Segregated Mode of Operation		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers	Appendix 7.7 Section 1.2	
Where IESO refuses request by generator for de-synchronization from the IESO-controlled grid		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers	Chapter 7 Section 11.2.3	
Interchange schedule – Quantity Changes		Quantity reductions allowed up to 60 minutes prior to the dispatch hour, due to external control area schedules		

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Reason for Bid/Offer Change	Changes Allowed			
Reason for bluy offer change	2 hours+	2-0 Hours	Market Rule Reference	
Interchange schedule – e-Tag ID changes		e-Tag identification changes allowed up to 60 minutes prior to the <i>dispatch hour</i>		
Where <i>IESO</i> directs the Ancillary Services Provider to change the <i>regulation</i> requirements with less than 5 hours notice		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers		
Where the Ancillary Services Provider must change the regulation requirements due to a forced outage or a de-rating to its equipment.		Increased quantities in existing offers New offers		
Where the market participant submits a replacement energy offer due to a forced outage		Revised dispatch data for a related generation facility	Chapter 7 Section 3.3	

Appendix D: Contingency Plan

D.1 Triggering Events

This Appendix contains information on the *IESO*'s contingency plan for operating the real-time *energy* and *operating reser*ve markets in the event that the Market Information Management System accessed through the *Market Participant* Interface is unavailable. This plan also applies to cases where the *market participant* is not capable of communicating with the *IESO*, due to failure of hardware, software or communications.

Any of the following events may require the IESO to implement this contingency plan:

- failure in any of the components of the participant network or market participant's participant workstation including:
 - hardware;
 - o software; and
 - o communications components;
- failure in any of the IESO Market Systems including:
 - o hardware;
 - software; and
 - communications.

D.2 Overriding Concerns/Principles for Contingency

Market participants are responsible for risk assessment and contingency preparation for contingencies on their side. This includes providing alternative communications pathways, Business Recovery Procedures (BRP) centres, etc. However, rather than undergoing this expense, market participants may choose simply to use standing bids/offers, default bids/offers, or zero bids/offers (which attract MCP).

The *IESO* will do its best to accept *bids/offers* through alternative pathways. However, if a widespread failure occurs, its ability to receive *dispatch data* may be restricted purely by the volume of information. In such instances, e-mailed files may be the only possible means of continuing operation.

A continuum of failures is possible; continued operation is possible under a wide range of conditions. However, failure of the Market Systems for periods greater than two hours is a valid reason for market suspension. (See "Market Manual 4, Part 4.5: Market Suspension and Resumption" for more details on this process.)

D.3 Data Inputs

During a *contingency event*, data inputs may have to be restricted according to the extent of the failure (hardware/software/communications), where the failure is located (*market participant* or *IESO*), and the length of failure. Depending on these factors, *bids/offers* may have to be communicated using an alternative medium. In contingency situations, the *IESO* may use its administrative capabilities within the tools to submit/withdraw/edit *bids* and *offers* on behalf and on the instruction of the *market participants*. The following alternatives are available:

- e-mail file; or
- phone.

If phone is used, it is impracticable to handle a large number of *price-quantity pairs*. Therefore, only simplified bids/offers, which include at least 2 and up to a maximum of 5 *price-quantity pairs* for each hour, are allowed.

The ability of the *IESO* to intervene on behalf and on the instruction of the *market participants* will depend on the extent and severity of the contingency. It may take up to an hour for the *IESO* to process bids and offers received by e-mail or phone. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that market participants submit these bids and offers well in advance, at least one hour prior to the dispatch hour to which they apply.

D.3.1 E-mail File

In the event of a failure affecting the Participant Network, but which leaves the Market Systems operational, *market participants* will e-mail a bidding file that uses Comma Separated Values (CSV) format to the *IESO*. *Market participants* are required to notify the *IESO* by phone prior to sending a CSV-format bidding file via e-mail to the *IESO*.

To submit *bids/offers* during a contingency, *market participants* will use a specific *IESO* e-mail address that was communicated to them at the time when they registered their facilities for participation in the *IESO-administered markets*.

The *IESO* administrative capabilities and procedures are published in the "Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide".

The format requirements for the bidding files are published in the "Participant Technical Reference Manual" (PTRM) Part 6, section 5.1.2 "Bidding Applications – Template Description and Samples". For contingency reasons, market participants will be encouraged to have the dispatch data in CSV format readily available.

This medium of communication would allow at least 2 and up to 20 *price-quantity pairs* to be submitted for each pre-dispatch, which is equal to the maximum number of *price-quantity pairs* allowed by the *market rules*.

In the event of widespread problems affecting the Participant Network, the volume of e-mails would likely become unmanageable. The IESO would be unable to handle e-mails from all MPs, and would therefore suspend real-time markets.

Note: The *IESO* directs the attention of *market participants* to the non-secure nature of Internet email. All risks for the confidentiality of commercial information sent to the *IESO* via e-mail are assumed by the *market participant*.

D.4 Actions

When a *contingency event* occurs, the *IESO* needs to make an evaluation of its probable extent and duration. The extent varies according to whether the event affects the *IESO* or *market* participant(s), and the number and criticality of the components that have been affected. The duration may be short-term (i.e. up to two hours in length), medium-term (i.e. two to four in length) or long-term (i.e. four hours plus in length).

Depending on the evaluation, the *IESO* may decide on a number of palliative measures while the awaiting restoration of service.

For a contingency event affecting Market System tools, the IESO will:

- inform all market participants to use current dispatch instructions;
- continue using current offers and bids available from pre-dispatch at hours 0-2;
- instruct market participants to re-submit offers and bids again at hour 2 (the IESO will accept same under short notice criteria if **Market System** tools return to service);
- suspend the *market*²⁵ and instruct *market participants* to remain at the last *dispatch* instruction at hour 2, if *Market System* tools have not returned;
- not accept economic revisions to dispatch data in any short notice bids/offers (T-2); and
- allow revisions to bids/offers in order to fix a constraint problem.

For a *contingency event* affecting communications with a *market participant* (Participant Network), the *IESO* will:

- instruct the market participant to submit bids/offers by e-mailed file; and
- suspend the *IESO-administered markets*, if the volume of e-mails exceeds the parameters of an orderly market operation.

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²⁵ Administrative pricing may apply. Ref to Market Manual 4.3: Real Time Scheduling, Section 1.9 - Administrative Pricing.

Appendix E: Pre-dispatch Schedule Production and Publication

E.1 Overview

Pre-dispatch is one of a series of activities that the *IESO* undertakes to assess the *reliability* of the *IESO-controlled grid*. The pre-dispatch scheduling process occurs each hour for the remaining hours of today and for all hours of tomorrow at a certain point mid-afternoon on any trade date. It is preceded by a number of *IESO* processes that also assess *reliability,* including the 18-Month Outlook and the Day Ahead Commitment Process. Pre-dispatch is followed by the IESO's real-time scheduling process.

Reliability assessments are performed using the output of the pre-dispatch scheduling algorithms. However, security and adequacy for any trade date will have been assessed many times by various longer-term IESO processes (with increasing granularity) in advance of the first pre-dispatch run for any day. Consequently, pre-dispatch assessments focus upon the impact of new and/or changed information relative to the previous assessments.

In the *pre-dispatch* process, the *IESO* uses a number of inputs including an hourly Ontario demand forecast and market participant supply offers (e.g. generation and imports) and demand *bids* (e.g. dispatchable load, demand response and exports) to calculate an optimized energy and operating reserve dispatch. Like the Daily SAA Report, *pre-dispatch* looks at adequacy in each hour. However, pre-dispatch uses *market participant offers* and *bids* as well as the effects of parallel path flows on tie-line capacity that are not available for other reports²⁶.

Specifically, pre-dispatch uses:

- A 60-minute time-step instead of the five-minute time-step used in real-time dispatch; and
- The average demand forecast for each hour prepared by the IESO, with the exception of IESO-defined ramp hours and during any hour in which there is a reliability concern. During these hours, the IESO will use the highest demand interval forecasted for each hour prepared by the IESO.

Ramp hours are defined as follows:

- November 1st to January 31st: HE 06 HE 09 and HE 17- HE 18
- February 1st to October 31st: HE 06 HE 09

Any actions taken contrary to the above criteria, including the use of peak forecasts in an hour not defined as an IESO ramp hour will be communicated via the SSR.

²⁶ The Weekly SAA Report, Daily SAA Report and SSR assessments use items such as *generation capacity*, tieline capacity and *outages* (including their impact on tie-line capacity) to assess *adequacy* of resources to meet forecast Ontario *demand*.

Real-time dispatch uses a load predictor to prepare automatically²⁷ prepare an Ontario demand forecast for the next five minutes based on previous Ontario demand values and expected load profiles.

The output of the *pre-dispatch schedule* dispatches interchange for the next hour. (The pre-dispatch schedules for Ontario resources are used only to provide information to market participants – these schedules are not implemented. The output of the real-time schedule dispatches Ontario resources for the next five minutes – it does not schedule external resources.)

Market mechanism will be used to solve problems as much as possible, including constraint violations. Consequently, most *IESO* and *market participan*t pre-dispatch input changes will be incorporated during the next hourly pre-dispatch run rather than manually initiating the pre-dispatch sequence in the interim period between these runs. It is expected that manual initiation of the *pre-dispatch* sequence by the *IESO* will occur infrequently.

The *IESO* will publish the initial *pre-dispatch schedule* and associated projections of market schedules and of market prices by 16:00 EST of each *pre-dispatch* day, and will publish any revised pre-dispatch schedules and projections of *market schedules* and of *market prices* as soon as practical after they are determined.

The overall timing of the SSR, Pre-dispatch and Dispatch processes are summarized in Figure E-1, overleaf.

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²⁷ At the discretion of the *IESO*, we may manually adjust the Ontario *demand* forecast to account for limitations of our automated load predictor to accurately forecast expected load profiles.

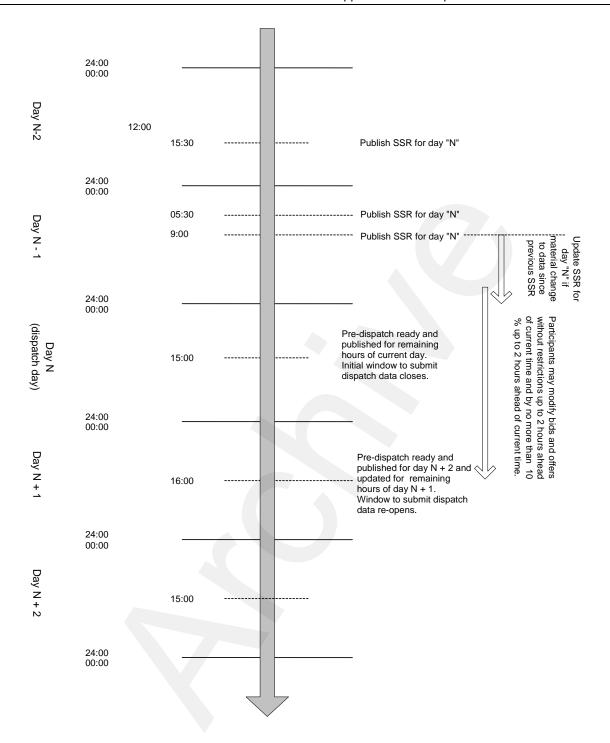


Figure E-1: SSR, Pre-dispatch and Dispatch Process Coordination Timing Chart

E.2 Time-line Definition for Pre-dispatch

An example of a pre-dispatch time-line is presented in Figure E-2.

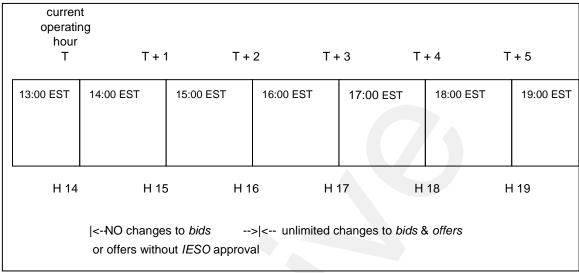


Figure E-2: Sample time-line for pre-dispatch

In this example, the current operating hour H14 (or more generally, T) is defined to be the hour ending at 14:00 EST. Thus, if the current time is 13:10 EST, then:

(T) = (H14) = (the hour ending 14:00 EST).

Hour (T+N) is interpreted as the period N hours beyond the current operating hour. Accordingly:

(T + 4) = (H 18) = (the hour ending 18:00 EST).

Some notes regarding these hours:

T (H14):

A *pre-dispatch* run is initiated at about 13:05 EST. *Pre-dispatch schedules* are calculated for the remaining hours of the current day (including the current hour) based on the *offers* and *bids* that have been submitted to the *IESO* by 12:50 EST.

T+1 (H15):

Interchange schedules for this hour by the H14 pre-dispatch run are implemented in the next hour.

T+2 (H16):

H14 pre-dispatch run output will provide the first very accurate view of expected scheduling of resources of this hour, since *offers/bids* for this hour cannot change after 13:00 EST without *IESO* approval.

T + 3 (H17) and hours beyond:

H14 pre-dispatch run schedules for these hours may still change significantly since unlimited changes to *bids/offers* are still allowed for these hours.

It is necessary to perform pre-dispatch at least hourly to schedule interchange for the next hour. For the hours H1-H15, the pre-dispatch run includes all remaining hours of the current day (including the current hour). For hour H16 and beyond, the pre-dispatch run includes all remaining hours of the current day (including the current hour) and all of the hours of the next day.

The *IESO* will use the results of the previous pre-dispatch run in cases where the hourly pre-dispatch has not provided a solution – for example, corrupt inputs have led to an incorrect or unrealistic dispatch.

There are two 'modes' to the pre-dispatch calculation. In the 'first mode', run at hour H16, the *pre-dispatch schedules* for the entire 24-hour period of the next *dispatch day* are calculated for the first time. At the same time, the *pre-dispatch schedules* for the remaining hours of the current *dispatch day* are re-calculated. In the 'second mode', run each hour from hour H17 of the current day until hour H16 of the next day, the pre-dispatch run is re-calculated for the same period, excluding hours that have passed.

When the *pre-dispatch schedule* is re-calculated for any hour, there could be *dispatch data* changes from *market participants* revising *bids* and *offers* in *response* to the previous publications of the *pre-dispatch schedule*. There could also be changes to data reflecting system events that occur in real-time but that have an impact on hours beyond the current hour. Examples of such events are:

- forced outages of equipment that will not return to service until into the next day or beyond;
- changes in weather that require a change in the demand forecast; and
- changes to limits driven by forced outages or early returns to service of equipment.

During the time preceding the 'first mode' run of the pre-dispatch in hour H16, the focus of the *IESO* will be on:

- the assembly and integrity of the data for the 'first mode' run for the next dispatch day;
 and
- any changes or modifications to pre-dispatch input data for the remaining hours of the current dispatch day.

For all other hours, IESO will focus on data changes for the 'second mode' runs.

E.3 Assessment Pre-Dispatch Security & Adequacy and Resolution of Problems identified

Following each *pre-dispatch* run, the *IESO* assesses the *security* and *adequacy* of the results through a review that addresses the following:

- assessment of the power system configuration;
- assessment of the Operating Security Limits (OSL's);
- assessment of area reserve control actions;
- assessment of Transmission Loading Relief (TLR) / Lake Erie Emergency Re-dispatch (LEER);

- assessment of interchange schedules;
- assessment of ancillary services;
- assessment of voltage; and
- assessment of regulation.

There are two considerations that impact the assessment of pre-dispatch security and adequacy:

- The pre-dispatch output is not the first assessment of security and adequacy for a trade date. Assessments will have been made a number of times for a dispatch hour or day before the first pre-dispatch runs are prepared. Consequently, the assessments for predispatch benefit from the information gathered in previous assessments including the Day Ahead Commitment Process and the Security and Adequacy Assessments of the Weekly SAA Report, Daily SAA Report, and the System Status Report.
- 2. Since bids and offers can be changed without limit up to 2 hours prior to the dispatch hour, pre-dispatch schedules will be more stable as the dispatch hour approaches; pre-dispatch schedules for 3+ hours out may be totally different from the final schedule for these hours.

Once these assessments are complete the, *IESO* evaluates best-integrated solution based on the results of these assessments. Where *security* and *adequacy* concerns are identified, the *IESO* will undertake remedial action that may include (but is not limited to) the following:

- sending out System Advisories in the SSR requesting offers/bids to relieve local area inadequacies (MW, MVAR); this should occur 12 hours before the dispatch hour to provide cold thermal units time to start if necessary;
- sending out directives requesting offers/bids to relieve local area inadequacies (MW or MVAR); directives would be targeted specifically to relevant generators/loads in the areas expected to experience local area inadequacies, and they would command market participants (to the full extent of the market rules) to submit offers/bids (this would occur at the discretion of the IESO, but probably within 12 hours of the dispatch hour); or
- modifying one of more of the following pre-dispatch inputs prior to the next pre-dispatch run:
 - changing selected regulation; based on the pre-dispatch security and adequacy
 assessment, the IESO will review available regulation resources, select regulation
 contracts that provide regulation in the correct location, and de-activate regulation
 contracts, as necessary;
 - o changing the selected Net Interchange Scheduling Limit (NISL) value; based on the pre-dispatch *security* and *adequacy* assessment, the *IESO* will increase the NISL value if this action is likely to provide assistance. After system *security* and *adequacy* are restored, the NISL value will be set back to its default value;
 - preparing to initiate TLR and/or LEER; based on the pre-dispatch security and adequacy assessment, the IESO will invoke TLR warnings or LEER procedures to reduce the intertie circuit loading;

- o considering the cancellation or deferral of *outages* that have not yet started or the recall of *outages* already in progress²⁸;
- considering the selection of alternative OSL's where the *outage* assumptions are altered and implementing correct OSL's where an incorrect limit had been selected for the *outage* pattern; and/or
- o considering the revocation of approval of segregated generation and termination of operation of segregated generation.

E.4 Publication & Notification of Results

In releasing any information relating to the results of the pre-dispatch process, the IESO will:

- ensure that all results are available;
- ensure that the confidentiality of any confidential data²⁹ is not violated in publishing the results or issuing the notifications to the scheduled *market participants*;
- confirm that the required notifications are being issued to the scheduled market participants; and
- confirm that the results are getting out to the *market participants* and to the public domain locations.

E.4.1 Data Released to Individual Market Participants

The IESO shall release the following information for each registered facility only to the registered market participant for that registered facility:

- The day-ahead commitment process and pre-dispatch schedule for that registered facility;
- the projected market schedule for that registered facility;
- the forecast, produced by the *forecasting entity*, for the *energy* expected to be provided by that *registered facility*, which is a *variable generation facility*, in each hour over the next 48 hours;
- the expected use of that registered facility under reliability must-run contracts and contracted ancillary service contracts; and
- the decisions on requests for segregated mode of operation

E.4.2 Data Released to All Market Participants

The IESO shall release to all market participants the following information for each dispatch hour:

- total system *load* and total system losses;
- area operating reserve requirements;

- removing individual names, prices, and similar information; and
- aggregating information in order to avoid identification.

²⁸ Cancellation, deferral or recall of *outages* is detailed in the *Systems Operation Market Manual*. However, the *IESO* will be guided by when *outages* were notified to the *IESO* and aim to allow as many *outages* to proceed as possible.

²⁹ Confidentiality is usually ensured by:

- projected hourly energy shortfalls;
- aggregate reliability must-run resources being directed to submit offers or bids;
- any area operating reserve shortfalls;
- a list of the *network* constraints and *security* constraints that affect the *pre-dispatch* schedule;
- the most current System Status Report;
- the projected uniform *market prices* of *energy* and *operating reserve* in the *IESO control* area; and
- the projected *market prices* of *energy* and *operating reserves* in each *intertie zone* outside the *IESO control area*.

When releasing the day-ahead commitment process and *pre-dispatch schedule*, the *IESO* shall include, for information purposes only:

- the projected *energy* prices at each set of *transmission* nodes identified by the *IESO* for this purpose; and
- the projected prices for each class of *operating reserve* in each reserve area identified by the IESO for this purpose,

for the *dispatch hour* immediately following the hour in which such *pre-dispatch schedule* is determined and released.

- End of Section -

Appendix F: Boundary Entity Resources

F.1 Boundary Entity Resource Representation for Exports and Imports

There are two export tax treatments that need to be considered when selecting *boundary entity* resources. *Interchange schedules* between Canadian provinces must pay GST and *interchange schedules* to the US are exempt from GST. Specific resources have been established at each relevant location for each type of *interchange schedule*. For the Minnesota and Manitoba *interties*, these are denoted by a "CAN" or "US" reference in the *boundary entity* resource name.

For exports from Ontario wheeling through Michigan or New York and into another province (and therefore not GST exempt), the requirement is to use the "WC.PRAIRIERANGES.SINK" or "EC.MARITIMES.SINK" respectively.

For Imports into Ontario there is no need to different between Canada and US sources as the tax treatments is identical.

The boundary entity resources established by the IESO take the form of [X].[Y].n, where:

X = Boundary resource representation;

Y = 'SOURCE' or 'SINK'; and

N = 1, 2, 3 etc.

Example: MB.WHITESHELL.CAN.SOURCE.01 is the first of 15 boundary entity resources that in this example can be used to import into Ontario energy and/or operating reserve across the Manitoba interconnection from any control area within Canada.

F.2 Table of Boundary Entity Resources

The following revised table details the final simplified *boundary entity* resource names for each *intertie zone* and the number of *boundary entity* resources that are available at each of these locations. In all cases, the number of resources refers to the number of source resources and sink resources created at each location. (For instance, there are 50 MI.LUDINGTON.SOURCE resources and 50 MI.LUDINGTON.SINK resources available to each *market participant*.)

Table F-1: Boundary Entity Resources

Intertie	MSP ³⁰ Name	Boundary Entity resource Name	# of BER Resources	Description
Manitoba 115 kV	MBSK	MB.SEVENSISTERS.SINK	2	Export via IESO/Manitoba 115kV intertie

³⁰ MSP - Market scheduling point or "tie point".

Intertie	MSP ³⁰ Name	Boundary Entity resource Name	# of BER Resources	Description
		MB.SEVENSISTERS.SOURCE	2	Import via IESO/Manitoba 115kV intertie
	MBSI	MB.WHITESHELL.CAN.SINK	15	Export to Canada via IESO/Manitoba 230kV intertie
Manitoba 230 kV		MB.WHITESHELL.CAN.SOURCE	15	Import via IESO/Manitoba 230kV intertie
		MB.WHITESHELL.US.SINK	5	Export to US via IESO/Manitoba 230kV intertie
	MISI	MI.LUDINGTON.SINK	50	Export to US (except PJM) via IESO/Michigan intertie
		MI.LUDINGTON.SOURCE	50	Import via IESO/Michigan intertie from the US (except PJM)
Michigan		WC.PRAIRERANGES.SINK	5	Export to Canada via IESO/Michigan intertie
		MD.CALVERTCLIFF.SINK	40	Export to PJM via IESO/Michigan intertie
		MD.CALVERTCLIFF.SOURCE	40	Import via IESO/Michigan intertie from PJM
	MNSI	MN.INTFALLS.US.SINK	10	Export to US via IESO/Minnesota intertie
Minnesota		MN.INTFALLS.US.SOURCE	10	Import via IESO/Minnesota intertie
		MN.INTFALLS.CAN.SINK	5	Export to Canada via IESO/Minnesota intertie
	NYSI	NY.ROSETON.SINK	50	Export to US (except PJM) via IESO/NYISO intertie
New York		NY.ROSETON.SOURCE	50	Import via IESO/NYISO intertie from the US (except PJM)
		EC.MARITIMES.SINK	2	Export to Canada via IESO/NYISO intertie
		MD.CALVERTCLIFF.SINK	40	Export to PJM via IESO/NYISO intertie
		MD.CALVERTCLIFF.SOURCE	40	Import via IESO/NYISO intertie from PJM
Quebec B5D/B31L ³¹	PQBE	PQ.BEAUHARNOIS.SOURCE	20	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie B5D/B31L
Quebec X2Y	PQXY	PQ.BRYSON.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie X2Y

³¹ Due to scheduling restrictions imposed by the *IESO, market participants* scheduling imports on the Beauharnois interface are required to use only the *boundary entity* resources PQ.BEAUHARNOIS.SOURCE.01-10.

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Intertie	MSP ³⁰ Name	Boundary Entity resource Name	# of BER Resources	Description
		PQ.BRYSON.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie X2Y
Quebec H4Z	PQHZ	PQ.KIPAWA.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie H4Z
Quebec 1142		PQ.KIPAWA.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie H4Z
Quebec D5A	PQDA	PQ.MACLAREN.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie D5A
Quebec 53/1		PQ.MACLAREN.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie D5A
Quebec H9A	PQHA	PQ.MASSON.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie H9A
Quebec 11371		PQ.MASSON.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie H9A
Quebec P33C	PQPC	PQ.PAUGAN.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie P33C
Quebec F33C		PQ.PAUGAN.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie P33C
Quebec Q4C	PQQC	PQ.QUYON.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie Q4C
Quebec D4Z	PQDZ	PQ.RAPIDDESISLE.SINK	5	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie D4Z
Quesce 5 12		PQ.RAPIDDESISLE.SOURCE	5	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie D4Z
Quebec A41T/A42T	PQAT	PQ.OUTAOUAIS.SINK	20	Export via IESO/Quebec intertie A41T/A42T
		PQ.OUTAOUAIS.SOURCE	20	Import via IESO/Quebec intertie A41T/A42T
		PQ.OUTAOUAIS.US.SINK	20	Export to US via IESO/Quebec intertie A41T/A42T

- End of Section -

Appendix G: Ontario Specific e-Tag Requirements

G.1 Specific requirements for e-Tag

The following requirements are associated with the Physical Path section of the e-Tag. The conventions listed below will ensure correct treatment of the transaction by the IDC model for curtailment purposes. Failure to follow these requirements may result in transaction curtailments by the TLR process when the transaction does not impact the flow gate in question, due to incorrect modeling within IDC.

CA Column

- Control Area (CA) has to contain "ONT" when the generation supplying the transaction is physically located in Ontario.
- Control Area (CA) has to contain "ONT" when the load being supplied by the transaction is physically located in Ontario.

TP Column

- All transactions associated with the IESO must show the IESO as Transmission Provider (TP), using "ONT" as identifier.
 - This includes all transactions with HQT and wheel through transactions (where the *IESO* is not identified as the source or sink CA).

POR and POD Column

Point of Receipt (POR) and Point of Delivery (POD) names must represent the interface that
the transactions are associated with. For exports, a POD must be selected from the drop
down list and for imports, a POR must be selected. Table G-1 lists the proper PORs and
PODs.

Note: POD/POR information is available on the OATI webRegistry (login required).

Table G-1: Interface PORs and PODs

Inter	face	Imports (POR)	Exports (POD)
Manitoba	MBSI	ONT.IMPORT.WHITSHELL.PS	ONT.EXPORT.WHITSHELL.PS
Michigan	MISI	ONT.IMPORT.MECS.PS	ONT.EXPORT.MECS.PS
Minnesota	MNSI	ONT.IMPORT.INTFALLS.PS	ONT.EXPORT.INTFALLS.PS
New York	NYSI	ONT.IMPORT.NYIS.PS	ONT.EXPORT.NYIS.PS
Outaouais	PQAT	ONT.IMPORT.AT	ONT.EXPORT.AT
Beauharnois	PQBE	ONT.IMPORT.LAW	ONT.EXPORT.LAW

Interface	Imports (POR)	Exports (POD)
D5A PQDA	ONT.IMPORT.D5A	ONT.EXPORT.D5A
D4Z PQDZ	ONT.IMPORT.D4Z	ONT.EXPORT.D4Z
Н9А РОНА	ONT.IMPORT.H9A	ONT.EXPORT.H9A
H4Z PQHZ	ONT.IMPORT.H4Z	ONT.EXPORT.H4Z
P33C PQPC	ONT.IMPORT.P33C	N/A
Q4C PQQC	N/A	ONT.EXPORT.Q4C
X2Y PQXY	ONT.IMPORT.X2Y	ONT.EXPORT.X2Y

Examples:

With the introduction of phase shifters on all circuits across the Ontario - Michigan *intertie*, *market* participants that are submitting offers and bids for interchange schedules across the Ontario - Michigan intertie are required to use the following POD and POR names:

- ONT.IMPORT.MECS.PS as POR name for interchange schedules into IESO from MECS, AND
- ONT.EXPORT.MECS.PS as POD name for interchange schedules out of the IESO towards MECS.

For those interties where segregated mode of operation is available, the Point of Delivery (POD) and Point of Receipt (POR) portion of the physical path in the e-Tag must be as follows:

- ONT.EXPORT.Q4C as the POD name for interchange schedules out of the IESO towards HQT at Chats Falls,
- ONT.EXPORT.LAW.as the POD name for interchange schedules out of the IESO towards HQT at Beauharnois, AND
- ONT.IMPORT.LAW as the POR name for interchange schedules into IESO from HQT at Beauharnois.
 - (1) For a wheel tag from HQ/PQAT through ONT to Michigan, both ONT.IMPORT.AT and ONT.EXPORT.MECS.PS would appear on the path.

SE Column

 This column should identify ONT as the scheduling entity (SE) on those rows where an Ontario POR/POD is identified.

G.2 Examples of *e-Tag* Format Convention for Wheeling through Interchange Transactions

Example 1

Dispatch data for an import and an export that contains dispatch data with the following e-Tag IDs would indicate a linked wheeling through interchange schedule:

- WI_GGGG_ONTMM1234567_LLLL; and
- WX_GGGG_ONTMM1234567_LLLL.

Example 2

A linked wheel through *interchange schedule* involving the Hydro Quebec TransEnergie (HQT) *control area*, the *e-Tag* must identify HQT as being the SOURCE, the SINK or intermediate *control area*; otherwise, the *IESO* will deny the *e-Tag*.

For example, a linked wheel through interchange schedule from Michigan to New York through Quebec must be tagged MECS-ONT-HQT 32

Where:

- MECS is the source control area in Michigan; and
- HQT is the Quebec sink control area.

An additional *e-Tag* will be required to complete the linked wheel through transaction from Michigan to New York.

The correct identification of these transactions in the *e-Tag* tool must show the *IESO* as both the Generating Control Area and the Transmission Provider.

All transactions involving Hydro Quebec TransEnergie must also identify HQT as a Transmission Provider in order for the *NERC* IDC tool to treat them appropriately (as radial or DC transmission).

- End of Section -

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 $^{^{32}}$ The *IESO* (ONT) will be identified as an intermediary *control area* in accordance with *market rules* Chapter 7, Section 3.5.

Appendix H: Capacity Based Demand Response Resources

H.1 Table of Capacity Based Demand Response Resources

The following table details the *Capacity Based Demand Response* resource names, and the designated settlement area(s) aggregated to that resource.

Table H-1: Aggregated DR3 Resources

CBDR resource		
DR3_TORONTO_EARLY	All	Early Window 12:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. E.P.T. throughout the year
DR3_OTTAWA_LATE	Ottawa	
DR3_TORONTO_LATE	East, Essa, Toronto	Late Window 1:
DR3_SOUTHWEST_LATE	Georgian Bay, South Central, South West, Bruce	4:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. E.P.T. (October 1 to May 31)
DR3_WEST_LATE	Long Point, West	Late Window 2:
DR3_NIAGRA_LATE	Niagara	12:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. E.P.T. (June
DR3_NORTHEAST_LATE	North East, North West	1 to September 30)
DR3_NE_LOAD1_LATE	North East (Applicable to a single dispatchable load)	
DR3_NW_LOAD2_LATE	North West (Applicable to a single dispatchable load)	

H.2 Non-Performance Events

Demand response direct participants are eligible to take the number of Single Day Planned Non-Performance Events indicated in the Demand Response Account M&V plan³³ per calendar year. Demand response aggregators are eligible to take one Single Day Planned Non-Performance Event per calendar year. The demand response market participant, whether an Aggregator or a Direct Participant, may take one Extended Period Planned Non-Performance Event per Demand Response Account per calendar year, if approved in the M&V plan. Any change to the number of Planned Non-Performance Events must be approved through the M&V process.

Participants must email an irrevocable notification to CBDR@ieso.ca for each Planned Non-Performance Events must be applied to an entire Demand Response Account, even though that account may be composed of one or more *demand response contributors*, some of whom would otherwise have been able to provide DR curtailment.

Notification of a Single Day Planned Non-Performance Event must be provided no later than 10:00. EST on the *business day* prior to the day of the Single Day Planned Non-Performance Event. Notification of an Extended Day Planned Non-Performance Event must be provided no later than 00:00:01 EST on the fifth *business day* prior to the first day of the Extended Period Planned Non-Performance Event.

If an Extended Period Planned Non-Performance Event is used by the *demand response market* participant, and has ended earlier than expected, the *demand response market* participant shall deliver a written notice to the *IESO* confirming when the Planned Non-Performance Event has ended. The *demand response market participant* cannot transfer any remaining days from that Planned Non-Performance Event towards any future performance exemptions in the current calendar year.

- End of Section -

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³³ Refer to Market Manual 5.5: Physical Markets Settlement Statements for more information on the Planned Non-Performance Event approval through the M&V Plan.

References

Document ID	Document Title
MDP_RUL_0002	Market Rules for the Ontario Electricity Market
MDP_PRO_0014	Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance & Exit, Part 1.1: Participant Authorization, Maintenance & Exit
MDP_PRO_0016	Market Manual 1: Market Entry, Maintenance & Exit, Part 1.2: Facility Registration, Maintenance & De-registration
MDP_PRO_0024	Market Manual 2: Market Administration, Part 2.8: 10-Year Outlook and Related Information Requirements
IMP_PRO_0024	Market Manual 2: Market Administration, Part 2.11: 18-Month Outlook and Related Information Requirements
IMP_PRO_0034	Market Manual 4: Market Operations, Part 4.3: Real-Time Scheduling of the Physical Markets
MDP_PRO_0030	Market Manual 4: Market Operations, Part 4.5: Market Suspension and Resumption
IMP_MAN_0012	Market Manual 7: System Operations Part 7.0: System Operations Overview
IMP_PRO_0033	Market Manual 7: System Operations, Part 7.2: Near Term Assessment and Reports
IMP_PRO_0035	Market Manual 7: System Operations, Part 7.3: Outage Management
IESO_MAN_0041	Market Manual 9: Day-Ahead Commitment Process
IMO_GDE_0003	Energy Market Graphical User Interface User's Guide
N/A	NERC Operating Manual
IMO_MAN_0024	Market Manual 6: Participant Technical Reference Manual

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